

# Kurwongbah State School

Year Level and Band Plans







# Prep

### Year Level and Band Plans



The year and/or band plans captures:

- an overview of the curriculum for each learning area and/or subject in each year and/or band;
- an overview of the range and balance of summative assessment correlates to the students' assessment folio in each learning area and/or subject;
- common assessment to support the whole school approach to moderation





## Australian Curriculum: English — Prep: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

Receptive modes (listening, reading and viewing)

By the end of the Foundation year, students use predicting and questioning strategies to make meaning from texts. They recall one or two events from texts with familiar topics. They understand that there are different types of texts and that these can have similar characteristics. They identify connections between texts and their personal experience.

They read short, decodable and predictable texts with familiar vocabulary and supportive images, drawing on their developing knowledge of concepts of print, sounds and letters and decoding and self-monitoring strategies. They recognise the letters of the English alphabet, in upper and lower case and know and use the most common sounds represented by most letters. They read high-frequency words and blend sounds orally to read consonant-vowel-consonant words. They use appropriate interaction skills to listen and respond to others in a familiar environment. They listen for rhyme, letter patterns and sounds in words.

Productive modes (speaking, writing and creating)

Students understand that their texts can reflect their own experiences. They identify and describe likes and dislikes about familiar texts, objects, characters and events.

In informal group and whole class settings, students communicate clearly. They retell events and experiences with peers and known adults. They identify and use rhyme, and orally blend and segment sounds in words. When writing, students use familiar words and phrases and images to convey ideas. Their writing shows evidence of letter and sound knowledge, beginning writing behaviours and experimentation with capital letters and full stops. They correctly form known upper- and lower-case letters.

CURRICULUM	SEMES	STER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Unit 1 Unit 2		Unit 3	Unit 4	
Unit name	Enjoying our new world (8 weeks)	Enjoying and retelling stories (8 weeks)	Interacting with others (8 weeks)	Responding to text (8 weeks)	
Unit description	In this unit, students listen to and read texts to explore predictable text structures and common visual patterns in a range of literary and non-literary texts, including fiction and non-fiction books and everyday texts. They engage in multiple opportunities to learn about language, literature and literacy within the five contexts of learning - Focused teaching and learning, Play, Real-life situations, Investigations and Routines and transitions.	In this unit students will listen to and engage with a range of literary and non-literary texts with a focus on exploring how language is used to entertain through retelling events. They engage in multiple opportunities to learn about language, literature and literacy within the five contexts of learning - focused teaching and learning, play, real-life situations, investigations, and routines and transitions.	In this unit students listen to, view and interpret a range of multimodal texts, including poetry and rhymes, to develop an understanding of sound and letter knowledge and a range of language features. They engage in multiple opportunities to learn about language, literature and literacy within the five contexts of learning: Focused teaching and learning, Play, Real-life situations, Investigations and routines and Transitions.	In this unit, students will have multiple opportunities to read, examine and respond to literature and explore text structure and organisation. Students will create a short imaginative multimodal text that includes illustrations.	

ASSESSMENT			SEMES	STER 1			SEMESTER 2		
		Term 1	Term 2	Ter	m 3		Term 4		
			Formative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 1	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 3
Range a		Technique	Composing text	Composing text	Composing text	Composing text	Responding to text	Composing text	Responding to text
balance of summative assessment conventions		Type of text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	Imaginative or Informative text
		Mode	Oral	Written & Oral	Written & Oral	Written & Oral	Oral Interview – Reading Record	Written	Oral Interview – Guided Reading Checklist
		Conditions	Talk about a favourite story  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually.  Prior notice of the assessment.  Access to resources (e.g. imaginative texts, pictures and objects that support speaking).  Rehearsed in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing.  Presented in class to audience of peers.	Retell a story  Open conditions:  • undertaken individually  • prior notice of the assessment  • access to resources (narrative texts, word walls) allowed  • drafted in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing  • presented in class to audience of peers	Create and recite a rhyme  Open conditions:  • Undertaken individually  • Drafted in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing  • Presented in class to audience of peers	Responding to a rhyming story  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually Prior notice of the assessment Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher conferencing Length: 300–400 words	Reading comprehension: Looking for Bowser  Supervised conditions:  Undertaken individually with the teacher	Writing and creating a response to a story  Open Conditions  Undertaken individually Access to resources (e.g. word wall, dictionary) allowed Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing	Guided Reading Checklist Supervised conditions:  Undertaken individually Completed during guided reading activities Initiated by class teacher
	ts of the ement s								
aomev	Use predicting	and questioning							
	Recall one or t	wo events from texts with							
(F)	of texts and the	at there are different types at these can have similar							
s viewing)	Identify connect their personal	ctions between texts and							
Receptive modes ning, reading and v	texts with fami supportive ima developing kno print, sounds a and self-monite Recognise the alphabet, in up know and use	codable and predictable liar vocabulary and ges, drawing on their wledge of concepts of not letters and decoding oring strategies. letters of the English per and lower case and the most common sounds							
(listeni	Read high-free sounds orally to consonant wor	uency words and blend o read consonant-vowel-							
		e interaction skills to listen o others in a familiar							
	Listen for rhym sounds in word	e, letter patterns and ds.							
	Understand the their own expe	at their texts can reflect riences.							
; eating)		scribe likes and dislikes exts, objects, characters							
ខ្លួ		up and whole class nts communicate clearly.							
e mod ig and	Retell events a and known add	and experiences with peers ults.							
ductive		e rhyme, and orally blend ounds in words.							
		students use familiar ases and images to							
Pro (speaking,	and sound kno	nows evidence of letter wledge, beginning writing d experimentation with and full stops							
	Correctly form case letters.	known upper- and lower-							

Shaded cells indicate opportunities that summative assessments provide for students to demonstrate evidence against all aspects of the achievement standard



## Australian Curriculum: Mathematics — Prep: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of the Foundation year, students make connections between number names, numerals and quantities up to 10. They compare objects using mass, length and capacity. Students connect events and the days of the week. They explain the order and duration of events. They use appropriate language to describe location.

Students count to and from 20 and order small collections. They group objects based on common characteristics and sort shapes and objects. Students answer simple questions to collect information and make simple inferences.

CURRICULUM	SEMES	STER 1	SEMESTER 2	
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4
Unit name	Unit 1 (8 weeks)	Unit 2 (8 weeks)	Unit 3 (8 weeks)	Unit 4 (8 weeks)
Unit description	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:  Patterns and algebra — identify how objects are similar or different, sort objects based on similar features, identify a rule for a 'sort', identify questions, identify patterns in the environment, copy and describe simple patterns, identify patterns within counting sequences  Using units of measurement — sequence stages within an activity, compare duration of events using time language, directly compare the size of objects, describe the objects  Number and place value — recall counting in ones, identify numbers in the environment, represent quantities, compare numbers, recall counting sequences, represent quantities, visualise arrangements to five, match numerals to quantities, count forwards and backwards from different starting points, compare quantities using 'more', 'less', 'same', identify numbers before, after and next in a sequence, order quantities and numerals  Location and direction — use positional language to describe location, identify positional opposites, representing locations with models and images.	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:  • Number and place value — count to identify how many, recall forwards and backwards counting sequences, compare quantities, connect number names, numerals and quantities, represent quantities, partition quantities, subitise collections to five  • Patterns and algebra — describe repeating patterns, continue repeating patterns, describe repeating patterns using number  • Using units of measurement — compare the length of objects using direct comparison, compare the height of objects, describe the thickness and length of objects, compare the length of objects using indirect comparison, compare and order durations, order daily events  • Shape — describe lines, describe familiar two-dimensional shapes, compare and sort objects based on shape and function, construct using familiar three-dimensional objects, explore two-dimensional shape  • Location and transformation — identify positions, describe movement, give and follow movement directions, explore locations  • Data representation and interpretation — use questions to collect information	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:  • Number and place value — compare quantities, equalise quantities, combine small collections, represent addition situations, identify parts and the whole, partition quantities flexibly, share collections, identify equal parts of a whole  • Patterns and algebra — identify, copy, continue and describe growing patterns, describe equal quantities  • Using units of measurement — make direct and indirect comparisons of mass, explain comparisons of mass, explain comparisons of mass, sequence the days of the week, connect days of the week to familiar events  • Data representations and interpretation — identify questions, answer yes/no questions, use data displays to answer simple questions	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:  Number and place value — represent quantities, compare numbers, match number names, numerals and quantities, identify parts within a whole, combine collections, make equal groups, describe the joining process  Using units of measurement — directly and indirectly compare the duration of events, directly and indirectly compare the mass, length and capacity of objects  Location and transformation — describe position, describe direction

ASSESSMENT			\$	SEMESTER	1			SEMESTER 2					
		Term 1 Term 2			Term 3			Term 4					
		Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 4 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 4 (Unit 4)
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Description	Bigger smaller Students identify, count, order, represent and compare amounts	Grouping familiar objects Students group familiar objects based on common characteristics.	Sorting shapes Students sort a variety of two- dimensional shapes.	Investigating language to describe location Students will give and follow directions using the language of location.	Shake Shake Open Students count or subitise to identify how many, compare quantities, connect number names, represent and partition quantities.	Answering questions Students answer simple questions to collect information and make simple inferences.	Explaining duration and event sequences Students connect events an days of the week and explain the order and duration	Comparing objects using mass Students compare objects using mass to complete a hefting activity.	Paper Bag Sums Students partition small collections and carry out simple addition operations. of events.	Maths Mat Students count in sequence to and from 20.	Number Representation Cards Students show their capacity to connect numbers, number names and representations of quantities	Comparing objects using length and capacity Students compare objects using length and capacity to build a house to fit teddy
	Mode	Game	Interview	Interview	Interview	Game	Interview	Interview	Inquiry	Game	Game	Game/ Observation	Inquiry
	Technique	Checklist	GTMJ	GTMJ	Checklist	Checklist	GTMJ	GTMJ	Checklist	Checklist	Checklist	Checklist	Checklist
Aspects of the achie standard	evement												
make connections number names, n quantities up to 10	umerals and												
compare objects of length and capaci													
connect events ar	nd the days of												
explain the order events	and duration of												
use appropriate la describe location													
count to and from	n 20												
order small collec	tions												
group objects bas characteristics an and objects													
answer simple qu collect information													
make simple infe	rences												





## Australian Curriculum: Science - Prep: Year Level Plan

### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of the Foundation year, students describe the properties and behaviour of familiar objects. They suggest how the environment affects them and other living things.

Students share and reflect on observations, and ask and respond to questions about familiar objects and events.

CURRICULUM	SEME	STER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 4	Unit 3	
Unit name Our living world		Our material world	Move it, move it	Weather watch	
Unit description	In this unit, students will use their senses to observe the needs of living things, both animals and plants. They begin to understand that observing is an important part of science and that scientists discuss and record their observations.	In this unit, students will examine familiar objects using their senses and understand that objects are made of materials that have observable properties. Through exploration, investigation and discussion, students will learn how to describe the properties of the materials from which objects are made and how to pose scientific questions.	In this unit, students engage in activities from the five contexts of learning: Play, Real-life situations, Investigations, Routines and transitions, and Focused learning and teaching. Students will use their senses to observe and explore the properties and movement of objects.	In this unit, students use their senses to explore and observe the weather in their local environment and learn that we can record our observations using symbols. Students observe that weather can change and identify the features that reflect a change in the weather.	

ASSESSMENT		SEME	STER 1	SEMESTER 2		
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 2	Summative assessment task 3	Summative assessment task 4	
	Description	Exploring our living world  Students represent, share and reflect on observations about the needs of living things and how an environment can affect them. Students ask and respond to science questions.	Testing materials to make a puppet for outside play  Students describe the observable properties of materials from which an object is made. Students ask and respond to questions and share and reflect on observations.	Creating a toy that moves  Students describe the properties and behaviour of familiar objects. Students share and reflect on observations and ask questions about familiar objects.	Examining the weather  Students suggest how the weather affects themselves and other living things. Students share observations about the weather.	
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Mode	Collection of Work	Assignment/Project	Experimental investigation	Supervised assessment	
	Conditions	Open Conditions Teacher may choose a plant or an animal. Students create a model, draw or paint a picture of the living environment for their plant or animal. Teachers then interview the student and ask the following leading questions.	Open Conditions  Undertaken individually  Undertaken in class time  To be completed in several sessions  Students test materials before they decide which will be best for their puppet construction  This unit will tie in with Design and Technologies Unit 3 – It's Showtime	Open Conditions  Access to classroom resources and previous learning  Independent task Feedback (verbal conferencing with the teacher questioning – How is that going? Why didn't that work? How could you improve this?)  Ongoing Word wall Using visuals	Supervised Conditions  Undertaken individually  Undertaken in class time  To be completed in three sessions to allow time for interviewing students	
Aspects of the achiever	ment standard					
describe the properties and behaviou	r of familiar objects					
suggest how the environmentaffects them and other living things						
share and reflect on observations						
ask and respond to questions about events	familiar objects and					





### Australian Curriculum: Humanities and Social Sciences - Prep: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Foundation Year, students identify important events in their own lives and recognise why some places are special to people. They describe the features of familiar places and recognise that places can be represented on maps and models. They identify how they, their families and friends know about their past and commemorate events that are important to them.

Students respond to questions about their own past and places they belong to. They sequence familiar events in order. They observe the familiar features of places and represent these features and their location on pictorial maps and models. They reflect on their learning to suggest ways they can care for a familiar place. Students relate stories about their past and share and compare observations about familiar places.

CURRICULUM	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 2
Unit name	My family history	My special places
Unit description	Inquiry questions:	Inquiry questions:
	What is my history and how do I know? In this unit, students:	<ul> <li>What are places like and what makes them special?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>explore the nature and structure of families</li> </ul>	In this unit, students:
	<ul> <li>identify their own personal history, particularly their own family backgrounds and relationships</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>draw on studies at the personal scale, including places where they live or other places that are familiar to them</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>examine diversity within their family and others</li> <li>investigate familiar ways family and friends</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>understand that a 'place' has features and a boundary that can be represented on maps or globes</li> </ul>
	commemorate past events that are important to them	<ul> <li>recognise that what makes a 'place' special depends on how people view the place or use the place</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>recognise how stories of families and the past can be communicated through sources that represent past events</li> <li>present stories about personal and family</li> </ul>	observe and represent the location and features of places using pictorial maps and models
	events in the past that are commemorated.	<ul> <li>examine sources to identify ways that people care for special places</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>describe special places and the reasons they are special to people</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>reflect on learning to suggest ways they could contribute to the caring of a special place.</li> </ul>

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ASSESSMENT		SEMESTER 1 Summative assessment task 1	SEMESTER 2 Summative assessment task 2
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Mode	Oral collection of work	Model and map of classroom
assessment conventions	Conditions	Part A: I remember important events Students will:  • sequence familiar personal events in time order • identify important family events that are remembered and celebrated • draw and tell about an important family event.  Part B: Objects and people tell me about my past Students will: • identify objects and the important family events they represent • share ideas on ways to learn about important family events in the past.	Part A: My classroom is a familiar place Students will:  • identify the features of a familiar place (their classroom)  • represent the features of a familiar place and the location of features in a model and pictorial map  • describe the features of a familiar place.  Part B: My classroom is a special place Students will:  • recognise why a familiar place (their classroom) is special to them and to other people  • identify other special places to which they belong  • reflect on learning to suggest ways to care for a familiar place, and why it is important to care for special places.
Aspects of the achievement standard			
Identify important events in their own lives and reco	ognise why some places		
Describe the features of familiar places and recogn represented on maps and models.	ise that places can be		
Identify how they, their families and friends know ab commemorate events that are important to them.	oout their past and		
Respond to questions about their own past and pla	aces they belong to.		
Sequence familiar events in order.			
Observe the familiar features of places and represent these features and their location on pictorial maps and models.			
Reflect on their learning to suggest ways they can d	care for a familiar place.		
Relate stories about their past and share and comp familiar places.	pare observations about		





### Australian Curriculum: Health - Prep: Year Level Plan

### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Foundation Year, students recognise how they are growing and changing. They identify and describe the different emotions people experience. They identify actions that help them be healthy, safe and physically active. They identify different settings where they can be active and demonstrate how to move and play safely. They describe how their body responds to movement.

Students use personal and social skills when working with others in a range of activities. They demonstrate, with guidance, practices and protective behaviours to keep themselves safe and healthy in different activities. They perform fundamental movement skills and solve movement challenges.

Indicates Physical Education

CURRICULUM	PREP		
	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	
	Unit 1	Unit 2&4 Merged	
Unit name	I Can Do It	I am growing and changing and I am safe	
Unit description	Students identify different emotions people experience in different situations. Students explore information about what makes them unique and their strengths and achievements. They participate in play.	Students explore how their bodies are growing and developing, and identify the actions that will keep them healthy such as diet, hygiene and physical activity. Students identify actions and protective behaviours that keep them safe and healthy in situations where they may encounter medicines, poisons, water and fires.	

ASSESSMENT		PREP			
		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2		
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 3		
Range and balance of summative	Description	I can do it  Students identify different settings where they can play safely and identify and describe the different emotions people experience.	I am growing and changing and I am safe Students recognise how they are growing and changing, and identify actions that help them stay healthy, physically active and safe.		
assessment conventions	Mode	Collection of Work	Collection of work		
	Conditions	Open Conditions Undertaken as individual interviews Photocopy and re use real stimulus pictures to ask questions Use the GTMJ immediately as you interview Alternatively you may record student responses on see saw	Open Conditions  • Undertaken individually  • Undertaken in class time under test conditions  • To be completed in four sessions		
Aspects of the achievement st	tandard				
recognise how they are growing and changing					
identify and describe the different emotions peop	ole experience				
identify actions that help them be healthy, safe a	and physically active				
identify different settings where they can be activand play safely	ve and demonstrate how to move				
describe how their body responds to movement					
use personal and social skills when working with	others in a range of activities				
demonstrate, with guidance, practices and prote safe and healthy in different activities	ctive behaviours to keep themselves				
perform fundamental movement skills and solve	movement challenges				

Shaded cells indicate opportunities that summative assessments provide for students to demonstrate evidence against all aspects of the achievement standard

Indicates Physical Educatio





# Australian Curriculum: Design and Technologies Years Prep-2 Band Plan

CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard					
	By the end of Year 2, students describe the purpose of familiar products, services and environments and how they meet the needs of users and affect others and environments. They identify the features and uses of technologies for each of the prescribed technologies contexts.  With guidance, students create designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts. They describe given needs or opportunities. Students create and evaluate their ideas and designed solutions based on personal preferences. They communicate design ideas for their designed products, services and environments using modelling and simple drawings. Following sequenced steps, students demonstrate safe use of tools and equipment when producing designed solutions.					
	Prep Year One Year					
	Semester Two	Semester One	Semester One			
	Unit 3	Unit 2	Unit 1			
Unit name	It's Showtime!	Grow Grow	Spin It!			
Unit description	In this unit, students will explore the characteristics and properties of materials and components that are used to produce designed solutions. They will design and make a puppet with moving parts to use in a puppet show.  Students will apply these processes and production skills:	In this unit, students will explore how plants and animals are grown for food, clothing and shelter, and how food is selected and prepared for healthy eating. They will examine how farms meet peoples' needs. They will design solutions for problems on a farm to produce food and follow steps to make a healthy snack. Suggestions for alternative projects are also described.	In this unit, students will explore the characteristics and properties of materials and components that are used to produce designed solutions. They will design and make a spinning toy.  Students will apply processes and production skills, in:			
	<ul> <li>investigating materials, technologies for shaping and joining, and how designs meet people's needs</li> <li>generating and refining design ideas</li> <li>producing a puppet that meets the design brief</li> <li>evaluating their design and production processes</li> <li>collaborating and managing by working with others; following sequenced steps and sequencing the steps for the project.</li> </ul>	Students will apply the following processes and production skills:  • investigating environments and analysing how they meet a purpose  • generating and refining design ideas, communicated by simple drawings  • producing a simple drawing of a designed solution that responds to a client's need  • evaluating their design and production processes  • collaborating and managing by working with others and by sequencing production steps.	investigating materials, technologies for shaping and joining, and how designs meet people's needs generating and developing design ideas producing a spinning toy that meets the design brief  evaluating their design and production processes  collaborating and managing by working with others; following sequenced steps and sequencing the steps for the project.			

ASSESSMENT		Prep	Year 1	Year 2
		Summative Assessment Task One	Summative Assessment Task One	Summative Assessment Task One
	Description	Design a puppet Students will design a character puppet with moving parts to use in a puppet show.	Design solutions to help a farmer  Make a food from garden produce  To describe needs, technologies and designed solutions for a farm and sequence steps to prepare a healthy food.  Part A: Investigating food and fibre  Part B: Designing solutions  Part C: Producing and preparing food for healthy eating	Create a spinning toy  Design and make a spinning toy for a small child that is fun and easy to use.
Range and balance of summative	Mode	Portfolio	Portfolio	Portfolio
assessment conventions	Conditions	The assessment may be presented as a printed document or a slideshow. The slideshow may be used to guide students through completion of the written assessment.  Assist students with reading and writing of tasks where necessary. The format of student responses is at teachers' discretion — drawn, written or scribed by the teacher or aide.  Note that students will make two puppets during this unit. First, they make a simple paper-plate puppet to demonstrate their ability to follow sequenced steps. They will then create a puppet of their own design.  Prepare for the assessment by collecting the materials, tools and equipment needed to complete Part B: Create a puppet.	The assessment may be presented as a printed document or a slideshow. Both formats are provided. The slideshow may also be used to guide students through completion of the assessment.  Assist students with reading and writing of tasks where necessary. The format of student responses is at the teacher's discretion — drawn, written or scribed by the teacher or aide.  Prepare for the assessment by collecting the ingredients, tools and equipment needed to complete Part C: Producing and preparing food for healthy eating.	Students may work in groups provided their project folios are completed independently.      The focus of the project is on students applying all the Design and Technologies processes and production skills for Prep to Year 2 to each develop a unique design solution.      The choice of materials, tools and techniques will depend on teacher decisions and what is available in the school.
Aspects of the achievement stand	lard			
describe the purpose of familiar products, ser and how they meet the needs of users and at environments identify the features and uses of technologies prescribed technologies contexts	fect others and			
create designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts				
describe given needs or opportunities				
create and evaluate their ideas and designed solutions based on personal preferences communicate design ideas for their designed products, services and environments using modelling and simple drawings				
follow sequenced steps	· •			
demonstrate safe use of tools and equipment designed solutions	when producing			



# Australian Curriculum: Digital Technologies Years Prep-2 Band Plan

CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard					
	By the end of Year 2, students identify how common digital systems (hardware and software) are used to meet specific purposes. They use digital systems to represent simple patterns in data in different ways.  Students design solutions to simple problems using a sequence of steps and decisions. They collect familiar data and display them to convey meaning. They create and organise ideas and information using information systems, and share information in safe online environments.					
	Prep Year One Year Two					
	Semester One	Semester Two	Semester Two			
	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 1			
Unit name	Computers – Handy helpers	Computers – Handy helpers	Computers – Handy helpers			
Unit description	In this unit students will learn and apply Digital Technologies knowledge and skills through guided play and tasks integrated into other subject areas. They will:	In this unit students will learn and apply Digital Technologies knowledge and skills through guided play and tasks integrated into other subject areas. They will:	In this unit students will learn and apply Digital Technologies knowledge and skills through guided play and tasks integrated into other subject areas. They will:			
	recognise and explore how digital and information systems are used for particular purposes in daily life	recognise and explore how digital and information systems are used for particular purposes in daily life	recognise and explore how digital and information systems are used for particular purposes in daily life			
	collect, explore and sort familiar data and use digital systems to present the data creatively to convey meaning	collect, explore and sort familiar data and use digital systems to present the data creatively to convey meaning	collect, explore and sort familiar data and use digital systems to present the data creatively to convey meaning			
	describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) to solve simple problems in non-digital and digital contexts	describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) to solve simple problems in non-digital and digital contexts	describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) to solve simple problems in non-digital and digital contexts			
	<ul> <li>develop foundational skills in systems and computational thinking, applying strategies such as exploring patterns, developing logical steps, and hiding unnecessary information when solving simple problems</li> </ul>	develop foundational skills in systems and computational thinking, applying strategies such as exploring patterns, developing logical steps, and hiding unnecessary information when solving simple problems	develop foundational skills in systems and computational thinking, applying strategies such as exploring patterns, developing logical steps, and hiding unnecessary information when solving simple problems			
	work independently and with others to create and organise ideas and information, and share these with known people in safe online environments.	work independently and with others to create and organise ideas and information, and share these with known people in safe online environments.	work independently and with others to create and organise ideas and information, and share these with known people in safe online environments.			

ASSESSMENT		Prep	Year 1	Year 2
			Summative Assessment Task One	Summative Assessment Task One
	Description	Part A: Everyday digital systems Students identify common digital systems and their purpose.	Part B: Data discoveries  Students collect, sort and organise data to make meaning. The have opportunities to represent data in different ways.	Part B: Sharing data using information systems  Students create a multimedia class profile in an online space.  Part C: Program this  Students explore and work with algorithms to write a sequence of instructions to navigate virtual robots.
	Mode	Portfolio	Portfolio	Portfolio
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	Part A is to be completed by students on the assessment task Collection of work. Alternatively, teachers may choose to interview students using the stimulus picture and record verbal responses on the assessment task.  Discuss the image in Part A and revise digital systems at home and school and their purposes.  Refer to real-world examples of digital systems collected and displayed in the classroom.  Question 4 requires students to be shown an example of software and explain its purpose. Choose software that is familiar to students and has a clear function, such as: drawing software  sound recording software.	Part B can be progressively completed by students throughout the unit. Use the questions provided in the assessment task Collection of work to guide students in completing this part.  Verbal directions for each task may be provided to students. Alternatively, the questions can be printed and distributed to students.  Observational records of students collecting data and using digital technologies to collect, sort, organise and display data, may be compiled using assessment task Collection of work: Observation record (Part B: Data discoveries).	Part C is to be completed by students on the assessment task Collection of work. Assistance may be provided to students where necessary, including reading questions and scribing responses.
Aspects of the achievement stand	lard			
identify how common digital systems (hardwa	re and software) are			
use digital systems to represent simple patterns in data in different ways				
design solutions to simple problems using a s decisions	design solutions to simple problems using a sequence of steps and decisions			
collect familiar data and display them to conv	-			
create and organise ideas and information us	ing information systems			
share information in safe online environments	3			



### Australian Curriculum: Drama — Years P to 2 Band Plan

#### **2019 CURRICULUM Achievement Standard** By the end of Year 2, students describe what happens in drama they make, perform and view. They identify some elements in drama and describe where and why there is drama. Students make and present drama using the elements of role, situation and focus in dramatic play and improvisation. **PREP** YEAR 1 YEAR 2 **SEMESTER 1 SEMESTER 1 SEMESTER 1** Unit 4 Unit 5 Unit 2 **Unit name** Drama stories from the past Stories come to life Poetry alive In this unit, students make and respond to **Unit description** In this unit, students make and respond In this unit, students make and respond drama by exploring photographs and/or to drama by using picture books as a to drama by exploring ways that ideas in stories of family and friends as stimulus. stimulus as they bring them to life with poetry can be a stimulus for dramatic voice, movement, soundscapes and Students will: action. improvisations for performance. • explore role and dramatic action in dramatic play, improvisation and process Students will: drama about stories of family and friends explore role and dramatic action in • use voice, facial expression, movement dramatic play and improvisation and space to imagine and establish role and situation · use voice, facial expression, movement, space and focus to imagine · present drama that communicates ideas and establish role and situation about stories of family and friends to an audience present drama that communicates ideas based on a picture book • respond to own and others' drama and consider where and why people make · respond to own and others' drama and drama, including drama of Aboriginal consider where and why people make peoples and Torres Strait Islander people drama, including drama of Aboriginal

peoples and Torres Strait Islander

people

ASSESSMENT		PREP	YEAR 1	YEAR 2
		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 1
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Description	Students respond to, devise and perform drama based on the theme of memories.	Students devise, perform and respond to drama using a picture book as stimulus.	Students devise, perform and respond to drama focusing on situations and ideas expressed in a poem.
Banna and balance of	Mode	Collection of Work	Collection of Work	Collection of Work – Shadow Puppets
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions  Conditions		<ul> <li>Stimulus material provided by the teacher</li> <li>Undertaken in groups</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>There are no recommended times or length in Years P–2</li> <li>Undertaken in groups</li> <li>Stimulus material provided by the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>There are no recommended times or length in Years P–2 Band.</li> <li>Undertaken in groups</li> <li>Stimulus material provided by the teacher</li> </ul>
Aspects of the achievement	ent standard			
Describe what happens in drama perform and view.	a they make,			
Identify some elements in drama where and why there is drama.	and describe			
Makes drama using the elements of role, situation and focus in dramatic play and improvisation.				
Presents drama using the elements of role, situation and focus in dramatic play and improvisation.				



## Australian Curriculum: Visual Arts — Years P to 2 Band Plan

### 2019 CURRICULUM Achievement Standard

		artworks they make and view and where an	,
	Students make artworks in different form and processes.	s to express their ideas, observations and i	magination, using different techniques
	PREP	YEAR 1	YEAR 2
	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 2
	Unit 1	Unit 4	Unit 2
Unit name	New Stories	Stormy Clouds	Up, Down and All Around
Unit description	In this unit, students create new stories in artworks by collaging characters, objects and landscapes from different artworks.	In this unit, students explore how visual language can be used to communicate and relate to mood and feelings.  Students will:  • explore the depiction of weather in artworks by a range of artists, including Aboriginal, Torres Strait Islander and Asian artists, and use this to develop their own artworks  • experiment with visual conventions (painting approaches, spatial devices) to manipulate colour and effects to communicate meaning  • display artworks and share ideas about choices made for visual language, techniques and processes in their artworks  • describe and interpret mood and atmosphere created by weather in artworks.	In this unit, students explore methods of abstraction and imaginative processes to communicate experiences, observations and personal connection to places.  Students will:  • explore the visual language of expressive landscape depiction in artworks by a range of artists, including Aboriginal peoples, Torres Strait Islander peoples and Asian artists and use this to develop their own artworks  • experiment with visual conventions (printmaking, mixed media, collage, and drawing) to create expressive observational artworks about places  • display artworks and share ideas about emotive visual language choices they made in their artworks  • describe and interpret artists' personal connection to place.

ASSESSMENT	ASSESSMENT		YEAR 1	YEAR 2
			SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Description	Students explore ideas about representing stories and experiences through collage and mixed media.	Students make and respond to artworks that show weather and feelings.	Students explore sense of place through imaginative experimentation with a range of materials and processes.
	Mode	Collection of Work	Collection of Work	Collection of Work
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	Undertaken individually     Stimulus material provided prior to assessment	<ul> <li>Undertaken individually</li> <li>There are no recommended times or lengths in Years P–2 Band.</li> <li>Pictures may be projected onto a screen.</li> <li>Note: Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples are warned that this resource may contain images, voices and names of persons who may now be deceased.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Undertaken individually and in groups</li> <li>Held under supervised conditions</li> <li>To be completed in a number of supervised sessions</li> <li>Stimulus material provided prior to assessment</li> <li>Responding tasks can be written or scribed</li> <li>There are no recommended times or lengths in Years P–2 Band.</li> </ul>
Aspects of the achievement	standard			
Describe artworks they make and	view.			
Describe where and why artworks are made and presented.				
Make artworks in different forms to their ideas, observations and imag different techniques and processe	gination using			



# Year 1

### Year Level and Band Plans



The year and/or band plans captures:

- an overview of the curriculum for each learning area and/or subject in each year and/or band;
- an overview of the range and balance of summative assessment correlates to the students' assessment folio in each learning area and/or subject;
- common assessment to support the whole school approach to moderation





## Australian Curriculum: English — Year 1: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

Receptive modes (listening, reading and viewing)

By the end of Year 1, students understand the different purposes of texts. They make connections to personal experience when explaining characters and main events in short texts. They identify that texts serve different purposes and that this affects how they are organised. They describe characters, settings and events in different types of literature.

Students read aloud, with developing fluency. They read short texts with some unfamiliar vocabulary, simple and compound sentences and supportive images. When reading, they use knowledge of the relationship between sounds and letters, high-frequency words, sentence boundary punctuation and directionality to make meaning. They recall key ideas and recognise literal and implied meaning in texts. They listen to others when taking part in conversations, using appropriate language features and interaction skills.

Productive modes (speaking, writing and creating)

Students understand how characters in texts are developed and give reasons for personal preferences. They create texts that show understanding of the connection between writing, speech and images.

They create short texts for a small range of purposes. They interact in pair, group and class discussions, taking turns when responding. They make short presentations on familiar topics. When writing, students provide details about ideas or events, and details about the participants in those events. They accurately spell high-frequency words and words with regular spelling patterns. They use capital letters and full stops and form all upper- and lower-case letters correctly.

CURRICULUM		SEMESTER 1			SEMESTER 2			
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6		
Unit name	Exploring how a story works (8 weeks)	Exploring characters in stories (5 weeks)	Engaging with poetry (4 weeks)	Examining the language of communication — questioning (4 weeks)	Retelling cultural stories (4 weeks)	Creating digital procedural texts (8 weeks)		
Unit description	In this unit, students listen to, read and view a range of written picture books, including stories from Aboriginal cultures and Torres Strait Islander cultures. They retell events of a familiar story using text structure and repetition. Students respond to imaginative stories making connections between personal experiences and the text.	In this unit, students listen to, read, view and interpret spoken, written and multimodal literary texts to identify some features of characters in these texts and to create character descriptions.	In this unit, students listen to, read and view a variety of poems to explore sound patterns and features of plot, character and setting. Students recite a poem to the class.	In this unit, students listen to, read, view and interpret texts with animal characters to explore how they reflect human qualities. Students create an animal character to be included in a literary text, and discuss their choices in an interview.	In this unit, students listen to, read, view and interpret picture books and stories from different cultures. They write, present and read a retelling of their favourite story to an audience of peers.	In this unit, students listen to, read, view and interpret traditional and digital multimodal texts, to explore the language features and text structures of procedural texts in imaginative and informative contexts. They create a digital multimodal procedure from a literary context. Students explore a series of picture books with persuasive features and create a digital multimodal innovation of an imaginative text that includes persuasion.		

ASSESSMENT					SEMESTER 1				SEME	STER 2	
			Term 1 Term 2					Tern	n 3	Teri	n 4
			Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 4 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 5)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 6)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 6)
Range a		Technique	Responding to text	Composing text	Responding to text	Responding to text	Composing text	Composing text	Composing text	Composing text	Responding to text
balance summa assessi	tive	Type of text	Imaginative text	Informative text (character description)	Imaginative text	Imaginative text (Poetry)	Imaginative text (Poetry)	Informative text	Imaginative text (retelling)	Imaginative text (Narrative)	Imaginative text (Narrative)
conven		Mode	Oral	Written	Oral Interview	Oral	Oral	Oral	Poster/multimodal presentation – written & oral	Poster/ multimodal presentation – written & oral	Oral Short answer questions
		Conditions	Comprehend and respond to imaginative texts (picture books)  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually with teacher support Prior notice of the assessment Stimulus material provided with assessment Access to resources supported by teacher	Character description  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually with teacher support  Prior notice of the assessment  Stimulus material provided with assessment  Access to resources allowed  Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing	Reading comprehension: Pam and Lilly Supervised conditions: Completed in one uninterrupted supervised session	Comprehending poetry  Supervised conditions:  • Undertaken individually  • Unseen poem and questions  • Completed under exam conditions  • Completed as a See Saw activity	Poem recitation  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually  Prior notice of the assessment  Drafted in lesson time with access to teacher feedback  Presented in class to audience of peers	Create and present a character in an interview Open conditions:  Undertaken in pairs Prior notice of the assessment Stimulus material provided with assessment Access to resources allowed Drafted in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing Presented in class to audience of peers	Retelling of a cultural story  Open conditions:  • Undertaken individually  • Access to resources allowed (story text, word wall, handwriting chart)  • Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing  • Presented in class to audience of peers	Multimodal procedure  Open conditions:  • Undertaken individually  • Access to resources (computer software) allowed  • Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing  • Submitted as a PowerPoint	Reading comprehension: Captain Stanislaus Supervised conditions:  Undertaken individually  Stimulus material provided with assessment  Completed under test conditions
	ts of the	e standard									
	Understand t	the different purposes of									
<b>6</b>	Make conne experience w	ections to personal when explaining nd main events in short									
nodes and viewing)	texts.  Identify that	texts serve different d that this affects how									
modes gand vi		anised. aracters, settings and ferent types of literature.									
ptive n ading	developing fl unfamiliar vo	exts aloud, with luency, including some ocabulary, simple and entences and supportive									
Rece (listening, re	Use knowled between sou frequency wo boundary pu	dge of the relationship inds and letters, high- ords, sentence nctuation and to make meaning.									
(list	literal and im Listen to oth conversation	leas and recognise plied meaning in texts. lers when taking part in les, using appropriate attures and interaction									
(Buj											
les creating)	understandin	ng of the connection ing, speech and images									
mode and c	of purposes. Interact in pa	texts for a small range air, group and class									
e G	discussions, responding. Make short p	taking turns when presentations on familiar									
	events, and	ils about ideas or details about the									
Prod (speaking,	Accurately sp words and w	in those events. pell high-frequency ords with regular									
be		etters and full stops.									
s)	Form all upp letters correct	er- and lower-case ctly.									



### Australian Curriculum: Mathematics — Year 1: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 1, students describe number sequences resulting from skip counting by 2s, 5s and 10s. They identify representations of one half. They recognise Australian coins according to their value. Students explain time durations. They describe two-dimensional shapes and three-dimensional objects. Students describe data displays.

Students count to and from 100 and locate numbers on a number line. They carry out simple additions and subtractions using counting strategies. They partition numbers using place value. They continue simple patterns involving numbers and objects. Students order objects based on lengths and capacities using informal units. They tell time to the half-hour. They use the language of direction to move from place to place. Students classify outcomes of simple familiar events. They collect data by asking questions, draw simple data displays and make simple inferences.

CURRICULUM	SEMES	STER 1	SEMESTER 2			
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4		
Unit name	Unit 1 (8 weeks)	Unit 2 (8 weeks)	Unit 3 (8 weeks)	Unit 4 (8 weeks)		
Unit description	Unit 1 (8 weeks)  Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:  • Number and place value - count numbers, represent the ones counting sequence to and from 100 from any starting point, represent and record the twos counting sequence, represent and order 'teen' numbers, show standard partitioning of teen numbers, flexibly partition teen numbers, describe teen numbers referring to the ten and ones, describe growing patterns, represent two-digit numbers, represent and record simple addition and subtraction problems, investigate parts and whole of quantities, investigate subtraction, represent and solve simple addition and subtraction problems, explore commutativity.  • Using units of measurement - sequence days of the week and months of the year, investigate the features and function of calendars, record significant events, compare time durations, investigate length, compare lengths using direct comparisons, make indirect comparisons of length, measure lengths using uniform informal units.  • Data representation and interpretation - ask a suitable question for gathering data, gather, record and represent data.  • Chance - describe the outcomes of familiar events.	Unit 2 (8 weeks)  Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:  Patterns and algebra - investigate and describe repeating and growing patterns, connect counting sequences to growing patterns, represent the tens number sequence, represent and record counting sequences, describing number patterns.  Number and place value - represent and record counting sequences, partition two-digit numbers, represent and record the tens number sequence, investigate quantities and equality, represent two-digit numbers, standard partitioning of two-digit numbers, model double facts, identify and describe addition and subtraction situations, apply addition strategies, solve subtraction problems, connect addition and subtraction, represent, record and solve simple addition problems.  Using units of measurement - describe the duration of an hour, explore and tell time to the hour.  Location and transformation - explore and describe location, investigate and describe position, direction and movement, interpret directions.  Shape - investigate the features three-dimensional objects and two-dimensional shapes, and describe two-dimensional shapes and three-dimensional objects.	Unit 3 (8 weeks)  Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:  Number and place value - recall, represent and, count collections, position and locate numbers on linear representations, represent and record two-digit numbers, identify digit values, flexibly partition two-digit numbers, partition numbers into more than two parts, represent, explore doubling and halving, record and solve simple addition and subtraction problems Patterns and algebra - recall the ones, twos and tens counting sequences, identify number patterns, represent the fives number sequence Fractions and decimals - identify one half Money and financial mathematics - recognise, describe, and order Australian coins according to their value Using units of measurement - compare and measure lengths using uniform informal units, order objects based on capacity, describe duration in time, tell time to the half hour Shape - identify and describe familiar two-dimensional shapes, describe geometric features of three-dimensional objects.	Unit 4 (8 weeks)  Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:  • Fractions and decimals - identify a half • Number and place value - count collections beyond 100, skip count in ones, twos, fives and tens, identify missing elements, describe patterns created by skip counting, model numbers with a range of materials, use standard and non-standard partitioning of 2-digit numbers, position and locate two-digit numbers on a number line, partition a number into more than two parts, explain how the order of join parts does not affect the total, identify compatible numbers to 10, develop and refine mental strategies for addition and subtraction problems, identify related addition and subtraction facts, subtract a multiple of ten from a two-digit number, identify unknown parts in addition and subtraction, solve addition and subtraction problems  • Patterns and algebra - investigate growing patterns, represent addition and subtraction number patterns  • Using units of measurement - compare and sequence familiar events in time  • Data representation and interpretation - ask suitable questions to collect data, organise and represent data		
		<ul> <li>Fractions and decimals - investigate wholes and halves, partition to make equal parts.</li> <li>Money and financial mathematics - explore features of Australian coins.</li> </ul>	Location and transformation - give and follow directions, investigate position, direction and movement	Chance - classify events based on chance.		

ASSESSME	NT			SEMESTER 1			SEMESTER 2				
			Term 1		Ter	m 2		Term 3		Terr	n 4
		Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 4)
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Description	My favourite 'teen' number Students recognise, model, write and order numbers to 20, locate numbers on a number line and partition numbers using place value.	Classifying outcomes Students classify outcomes of simple familiar events.	Measuring with informal units - length Students measure and order objects based on length, using informal units.	Using the language of direction Students give and follow directions to familiar locations.	Describing two- dimensional shapes and three- dimensional objects Students describe two-dimensional shapes and three- dimensional objects.	A Handful of Beads Students describe number sequences resulting from skip counting by twos, fives and tens, count to and from 100 and locate numbers on a number line. Students recognise Australian coins according to their value.	Measuring informal units – capacity Students measure and order objects based on capacity, using informal units.	Explaining durations and telling time Students explain time durations and tell time to the half hour.	Adding, subtracting and identifying one half  Students identify representations of one-half and solve problems involving addition and subtraction.	Making inferences from collected data Students collect data by asking questions, draw and describe data displays and make simple inferences.
	Mode	Written	Interview	Practical	Observation	Interview	Interview	Practical	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions
Aspects of achievement standard											
describe number resulting from s 5s and 10s	er sequences skip counting by 2s,										
identify represent	ntations of one										
recognise Austr according to the											
explain time dur	rations										
describe two-dir and three- dime	mensional shapes Insional objects										
describe data d	isplays										
count to and fro	m 100										
locate numbers	on a number line										
carry out simple subtractions usi strategies											
partition numbe value	rs using place										
continue simple numbers and o	patterns involving bjects										
order objects ba and capacities units	ased on lengths using informal										
tell time to the h	nalf-hour										
use the languag move from place	ge of direction to e to place										
classify outcome familiar events	es of simple										
collect data by a draw simple dat make simple inf	asking questions, ta displays and ferences										



### Australian Curriculum: Science - Year 1: Year Level Plan

### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 1, students describe objects and events that they encounter in their everyday lives, and the effects of interacting with materials and objects. They describe changes in their local environment and how different places meet the needs of living things.

Students respond to questions, make predictions, and participate in guided investigations of everyday phenomena. They follow instructions to record and sort their observations and share them with others.

CURRICULUM	SEMES	STER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	
Unit name	Living adventure	Material madness	Changes around me	Exploring light and sound	
Unit description	In this unit, students make links between external features of living things and the environments in which they live. They consider how the needs of living things are met in a variety of habitats.	In this unit, students explore how everyday materials can be physically changed in a variety of ways according to their properties. They describe the actions used to physically change materials to make objects for different purposes, understanding that science involves asking questions about and describing changes to objects that are used in their everyday lives.	In this unit, students will describe the observable features of a variety of landscapes and skies. They will consider changes in the sky and landscape, and the impact of these changes on themselves and other living things.	In this unit, students explore sources of light and sound. They manipulate materials to observe how light and sound are produced, and how changes can be made to light and sound effects.	

ASSESSMENT		SEMESTE	₹1	SEMES	STER 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 2	Summative assessment task 3	Summative assessment task 4
		Describing a habitat	Rocking the Boat	Exploring sky and land	Exploring light and sound
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Description	In this unit, students make links between external features of living things and the environments in which they live. They consider how the needs of living things are met in a variety of habitats.	Students describe the effects of physically changing a material to make a boat that floats. Students make a prediction, participate in a guided investigation and record and share observations.	Students describe objects and events that they encounter in their everyday lives. To describe changes in the local environment. To respond to questions and sort and share observations.	In this unit, students explore sources of light and sound. They manipulate materials to observe how light and sound are produced, and how changes can be made to light and sound effects. They examine how light and sound are useful in everyday life. They respond to and ask questions. They make predictions and share observations, comparing their observations with predictions and with each other. They sort observations, represent and communicate their understandings in a variety of ways.
	Mode	Short answer questions	Supervised assessment	Multimodal presentation	Experimental investigation
Condition		Open Conditions Two teaching episodes have been allocated to completing the task. Scribing/recording of students' responses is encouraged where writing skills do not enable full expression of science understanding. Self-directed play activities should be provided to allow time for individual conferencing about observations. This is not an assessment of a student's artistic ability.	Open Conditions  Undertaken individually  Undertaken in class time  Undertaken in an area where water spills can be cleaned up  To be completed in two sessions	Open Conditions  • Undertaken individually  • Undertaken in class time  • To be completed in three sessions	Open Conditions To be completed in two sessions to allow for interviews with students of varying literacy levels Student responses can be scribed accurately if required and assessed to determine their science understanding.
Aspects of the achie standard	evement				
describe objects and events that their everyday lives	t they encounter in				
describe the effects of interacting and objects	ng with materials				
describe changes in their local e	environment				
how different places meet the ne	eeds of living things				
respond to questions and make					
participate in guided investigation phenomena	ons of everyday				
follow instructions to record and observations	sort their				
Share observations with others					



### Australian Curriculum: Humanities and Social Sciences – Year 1: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 1, students identify and describe important dates and changes in their own lives. They explain how some aspects of daily life have changed over recent time while others have remained the same. They identify and describe the features of places and their location at a local scale and identify changes to the features of places. They recognise that people describe the features of places can be cared for.

Students respond to questions about the recent past and familiar and unfamiliar places by collecting and interpreting information and data from observations and from sources provided. They sequence personal and family events in order and represent the location of different places and their features on labelled maps. They reflect on their learning to suggest ways they can care for places. They share stories about the past, and present observations and findings using everyday terms to denote the passing of time and to describe direction and location.

CURRICULUM	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Summative Assessment Task 1	Summative Assessment Task 2		
Unit name	My changing life	My changing world		
Unit description	In this unit students will explore the following inquiry question:	In this unit. students:		
•	How has my family and daily life changed over time?	draw on studies at the personal and local scale, including familiar places, e.g. the school, local park and local shops		
	<ul> <li>Learning opportunities support students to:</li> </ul>	recognise that the features of places can be natural, managed or constructed		
	<ul> <li>explore family structures and the roles of family members over time</li> </ul>	identify and describe the natural, constructed and managed features of places		
	<ul> <li>recognise events that happened in the past may be memorable or have personal significance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>examine the ways different groups of people, including Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples, describe the weather and seasons of places</li> </ul>		
	identify and describe important dates and changes in their own lives	represent local places using pictorial maps and describe local places using the		
	compare aspects of their daily lives to aspects of daily life for people in their family in the past to identify similarities and differences     respond to questions about the recent past	Ianguage of direction and location     respond to questions to find out about the features of places, the activities that occur in places and the care of places		
	sequence and describe events of personal significance using terms to describe the passing of time	collect and record geographical data and information, such as observations to investigate a local place		
	<ul> <li>examine sources, such as images, objects and family stories, that have personal significance</li> </ul>	reflect on learning to respond to questions about how places and their features can be cared for		
	share stories about the past			

ASSESSMENT		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
		Summative Assessment Task 1	Summative Assessment Task 2
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Mode	Supervised assessment  My changing life Students identify, describe and sequence personal and family events and describe continuities and changes in aspects of daily life over time.  Part A: My life in the past Students will:  • sequence changes in their lives over time in a storyboard  • share a story about personal changes using terms denoting time  Part B: A year in my family Students will:  • identify describe and sequence important family events on a twelve-month calendar.  Part C: Daily life over time Students will:	Research  My changing world Students conduct an inquiry to investigate places and their features at a local scale.  Part A: Features of places Students will:  respond to questions about unfamiliar places identify and describe the features of places and their location at a local scale identify changes to the features of sources interpret information and data from sources provided recognise that people describe the features of places differently  Part B: Investigating a local place Students will:  collect and interpret information and data from observations represent the location of different places and their features on labelled maps recognise that people use and care for places differently
Aspects of the achievement standard		examine provided sources to identify and compare aspects of life that have changed and stayed the same over time     explain ways that selected aspects of daily life have changed and stayed the same over time.	reflect on learning to identify how to care for and improve a local place
•			
Identify and describe important dates and changes in their own lives  Explain how some aspects of daily life have changed over recent time while others have remained the same.			
Identify and describe the features of places and the scale and identify changes to the features of places			
Recognise that people describe the features of pla describe how places can be cared for.	aces differently and		
Responds to questions about the recent past			
Respond to questions about unfamiliar places by of information and data from observations and from s			
Interpret information from sources provided.			
Sequence personal and family events in order			
Represent the location of different places and thei maps	r features on labelled		
Reflect on their learning to suggest ways they can	care for places.		
Present observations and findings using everyday location.	to describe direction and		
Share stories about the past using everyday terms time	s to denote the passing of		





## Australian Curriculum: Health – Year 1 to 2: Year Level Band Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 2, students describe changes that occur as they grow older. They recognise how strengths and achievements contribute to identifies. They identify how emotional responses impact on others' feelings. They examine messages related to health decisions and describe how to keep themselves and others healthy, safe and physically active. They identify areas where they can be active and how the body reacts to different physical activities.

Students demonstrate positive ways to interact with others. They select and apply strategies to keep themselves healthy and safe and are able to ask for help with tasks or problems. They demonstrate fundamental movement skills in a

Indicates Physical Education

CURRICULUM	YE	AR 1	YE	YEAR 2		
	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Unit 3	Unit 2	Unit 1	Unit 3		
Unit name	We all belong	Good choices, healthy me	My classroom is healthy, safe and fun	Stay Safe		
Unit description	In this unit, students recognise similarities and differences in individuals and groups, and recognise how strengths and achievements contribute to identity. Students identify and practise emotional responses that reflect their own and others' feelings. They examine and demonstrate ways to include others in activities, and practise strategies to help them and others feel that they belong.	In this unit, students will examine health messages related to the health benefits of physical activity, nutritious dietary intake and maintaining good personal hygiene habits to help them stay healthy. Students will describe how to keep themselves and others healthy in different situations.	In this unit, students investigate the concept of what health is and the foods and activities that make them healthy. They explore opportunities in the classroom environment where healthy and safe practices can be implemented. Students identify the actions that they can apply to keep themselves and others healthy and safe in their classroom.	In this unit In this unit, students explore safe and unsafe situations so that they understand their responsibility in staying safe. They examine the safety clues that can be used in situations and identify the emotions they feel in response to safe and unsafe situations. Students consider different aspects of sun safety and how they can promote their health, safety and wellbeing.		

ASSESSMENT		YEA	AR 1	YEAR 2		
		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	
Range and balance of	Description	We All Belong  Students recognise how strengths and achievements contribute to identity and identify how emotional responses impact on others' feelings.	Good choices, healthy me  Students examine messages related to health decisions and describe how to keep themselves and others healthy and physically active.	My classroom is healthy, safe and fun Students describe how to keep themselves and others healthy and safe within a classroom setting and select a health or safety strategy for an outside setting.	Stay Safe  Students describe changes as they grow older. Students identify emotional responses impact on others' feelings and select and apply strategies to keep themselves safe and ask for help with tasks or problems.	
summative assessment	Mode	Collection of Work	Short answer questions	Assignment/Project	Collection of Work	
conventions	Conditions	Open Conditions undertaken individually read the text passage about Alice and Ivy to the students listen to/read individual students' responses to each question	Open Conditions undertaken individually completed in four sessions record/observe individual student's responses in each activity read the story and the assessment questions to the students	Open Conditions  undertaken individually  read through the instructions with students  engage in a class discussion to set a context		
Aspects of the achievement						
describe changes that oc older	cur as they grow					
recognise how strengths contribute to identities	and achievements					
identify how emotional reothers' feelings	sponses impact on					
examine messages relate and describe how to keep others healthy, safe and p	themselves and					
identify areas where they how the body reacts to dif activities						
demonstrate positive way others	ys to interact with					
select and apply strategie healthy and safe and are with tasks or problems	es to keep themselves able to ask for help					
demonstrate fundamenta variety of movement seq situations and test alterna movement challenges	uences and					
perform movementseque the elements ofmovemen						

Shaded cells indicate opportunities that summative assessments provide for students to demonstrate evidence against all aspects of the achievement standard

Indicates Physical Education



# Australian Curriculum: Design and Technologies Years Prep-2 Band Plan

CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard						
	By the end of Year 2, students describe the purp and affect others and environments. They identif With guidance, students create designed solution opportunities. Students create and evaluate their ideas for their designed products, services and e demonstrate safe use of tools and equipment wh	y the features and uses of technologies for each ns for each of the prescribed technologies conte r ideas and designed solutions based on person environments using modelling and simple drawin	n of the prescribed technologies contexts.  xts. They describe given needs or all preferences. They communicate design				
	Prep	Year One	Year Two				
	Semester Two	Semester One	Semester One				
	Unit 3	Unit 2	Unit 1				
Unit name	It's Showtime!	Grow Grow	Spin It!				
Unit description	In this unit, students will explore the characteristics and properties of materials and components that are used to produce designed solutions. They will design and make a puppet with moving parts to use in a puppet show.  Students will apply these processes and production skills:	In this unit, students will explore how plants and animals are grown for food, clothing and shelter, and how food is selected and prepared for healthy eating. They will examine how farms meet peoples' needs. They will design solutions for problems on a farm to produce food and follow steps to make a healthy snack. Suggestions for alternative projects are also described.	In this unit, students will explore the characteristics and properties of materials and components that are used to produce designed solutions. They will design and make a spinning toy.  Students will apply processes and production skills, in:				
	<ul> <li>investigating materials, technologies for shaping and joining, and how designs meet people's needs</li> <li>generating and refining design ideas</li> <li>producing a puppet that meets the design brief</li> <li>evaluating their design and production processes</li> <li>collaborating and managing by working with others; following sequenced steps and sequencing the steps for the project.</li> </ul>	Students will apply the following processes and production skills:  • investigating environments and analysing how they meet a purpose  • generating and refining design ideas, communicated by simple drawings  • producing a simple drawing of a designed solution that responds to a client's need  • evaluating their design and production processes  • collaborating and managing by working with others and by sequencing production steps.	investigating materials, technologies for shaping and joining, and how designs meet people's needs     generating and developing design ideas     producing a spinning toy that meets the design brief     evaluating their design and production processes     collaborating and managing by working with others; following sequenced steps and sequencing the steps for the project.				

ASSESSMENT		Prep Year 1		Year 2	
			Summative Assessment Task One	Summative Assessment Task One	
	Description	Design a puppet  Students will design a character puppet with moving parts to use in a puppet show.	Design solutions to help a farmer  Make a food from garden produce  To describe needs, technologies and designed solutions for a farm and sequence steps to prepare a healthy food.  Part A: Investigating food and fibre  Part B: Designing solutions  Part C: Producing and preparing food for healthy eating	Create a spinning toy  Design and make a spinning toy for a small child that is fun and easy to use.	
Range and balance of summative	Mode	Portfolio	Portfolio	Portfolio	
assessment conventions	Conditions	The assessment may be presented as a printed document or a slideshow. The slideshow may be used to guide students through completion of the written assessment.  Assist students with reading and writing of tasks where necessary. The format of student responses is at teachers' discretion — drawn, written or scribed by the teacher or aide.  Note that students will make two puppets during this unit. First, they make a simple paper-plate puppet to demonstrate their ability to follow sequenced steps. They will then create a puppet of their own design.  Prepare for the assessment by collecting the materials, tools and equipment needed to complete Part B: Create a puppet.	The assessment may be presented as a printed document or a slideshow. Both formats are provided. The slideshow may also be used to guide students through completion of the assessment.  Assist students with reading and writing of tasks where necessary. The format of student responses is at the teacher's discretion — drawn, written or scribed by the teacher or aide.  Prepare for the assessment by collecting the ingredients, tools and equipment needed to complete Part C: Producing and preparing food for healthy eating.	Students may work in groups provided their project folios are completed independently.  The focus of the project is on students applying all the Design and Technologies processes and production skills for Prep to Year 2 to each develop a unique design solution.  The choice of materials, tools and techniques will depend on teacher decisions and what is available in the school.	
Aspects of the achievement stand	lard				
describe the purpose of familiar products, set and how they meet the needs of users and at environments identify the features and uses of technologies prescribed technologies contexts	ffect others and				
create designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts					
describe given needs or opportunities					
personal preferences communicate design ideas for their designed	communicate design ideas for their designed products, services and environments using modelling and simple drawings				
demonstrate safe use of tools and equipment designed solutions	when producing				



# Australian Curriculum: Digital Technologies Years Prep-2 Band Plan

CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard				
	By the end of Year 2, students identify how common digital systems (hardware and software) are used to meet specific purposes. They use digital systems to represent simple patterns in data in different ways.  Students design solutions to simple problems using a sequence of steps and decisions. They collect familiar data and display them to convey meaning. They create and organise ideas and information using information systems, and share information in safe online environments.				
	Prep	Year One	Year Two		
	Semester One	Semester Two	Semester Two		
	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 1		
Unit name	Computers – Handy helpers	Computers – Handy helpers	Computers – Handy helpers		
Unit description	In this unit students will learn and apply Digital Technologies knowledge and skills through guided play and tasks integrated into other subject areas. They will:	In this unit students will learn and apply Digital Technologies knowledge and skills through guided play and tasks integrated into other subject areas. They will:	In this unit students will learn and apply Digital Technologies knowledge and skills through guided play and tasks integrated into other subject areas. They will:		
	recognise and explore how digital and information systems are used for particular purposes in daily life	recognise and explore how digital and information systems are used for particular purposes in daily life	recognise and explore how digital and information systems are used for particular purposes in daily life		
	<ul> <li>collect, explore and sort familiar data and use digital systems to present the data creatively to convey meaning</li> </ul>	collect, explore and sort familiar data and use digital systems to present the data creatively to convey meaning     describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) to solve simple problems in	collect, explore and sort familiar data and use digital systems to present the data creatively to convey meaning		
	describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) to solve simple problems in non-digital and digital contexts		describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) to solve simple		
	develop foundational skills in systems and computational thinking, applying strategies such as exploring patterns, developing logical steps, and hiding unnecessary information when solving simple problems	non-digital and digital contexts  • develop foundational skills in systems and computational thinking, applying strategies such as exploring patterns, developing logical steps, and hiding unnecessary information when solving simple problems	problems in non-digital and digital contexts  develop foundational skills in systems and computational thinking, applying strategies such as exploring patterns, developing logical steps, and hiding unnecessary information when solving simple problems		
	work independently and with others to create and organise ideas and information, and share these with known people in safe online environments.	work independently and with others to create and organise ideas and information, and share these with known people in safe online environments.	work independently and with others to create and organise ideas and information, and share these with known people in safe online environments.		

Description  Part A: Everyday digital systems Students identify common digital systems and their purpose.  Part B: Data discoveries Students collect, sort and organise data to make meaning. The have opportunities to represent data in different ways.  Part B: Data discoveries Students collect, sort and organise data to make meaning. The have opportunities to represent data in different ways.  Part B: Sharing data using in systems Students create a multimedia of in an online space.  Part C: Program this Students explore and work with	nformation
Students identify common digital systems and their purpose.  Students collect, sort and organise data to make meaning. The have opportunities to represent data in different ways.  Students collect, sort and organise data to make meaning. The have opportunities to represent data in different ways.  Students collect, sort and organise data to make meaning. The have opportunities to represent data in different ways.  Students create a multimedia or in an online space.  Part C: Program this  Students explore and work with	
to write a sequence of instruction navigate virtual robots.	
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions  Part A is to be completed by students on the assessment task Collection of work. Alternatively, teachers may choose to interview students using the stimulus picture and record verbal responses on the assessment task.  Discuss the image in Part A and revise digital systems at home and school and their purposes.  Refer to real-world examples of digital systems collected and displayed in the classroom.  Question 4 requires students to be shown an example of software and explain its purpose. Choose software that is familiar to students. Alternatively, the questions provided to students where neces reading questions and scribing responses to the assessment task.  Part C is to be completed by students throughout the unit. Use the question of work to guide students in completing this part.  Part B can be progressively completed by students throughout the unit. Use the questions provided in the assessment task Collection of work to guide students in completing this part.  Verbal directions for each task may be provided to students. Alternatively, the questions provided to students and using digital technologies to collect, sort, organise and display data, may be completed by students and using digital technologies to collect, sort, organise and display data, may be completed using assessment task Collection of work: Observation record (Part B: Data discoveries).	Assistance may ssary, including
Aspects of the achievement standard	
identify how common digital systems (hardware and software) are used to meet specific purposes	
use digital systems to represent simple patterns in data in different ways	
design solutions to simple problems using a sequence of steps and decisions	
collect familiar data and display them to convey meaning	
create and organise ideas and information using information systems  share information in safe online environments	



### Australian Curriculum: Drama — Years P to 2 Band Plan

#### **2019 CURRICULUM Achievement Standard** By the end of Year 2, students describe what happens in drama they make, perform and view. They identify some elements in drama and describe where and why there is drama. Students make and present drama using the elements of role, situation and focus in dramatic play and improvisation. **PREP** YEAR 1 YEAR 2 **SEMESTER 1 SEMESTER 1 SEMESTER 1** Unit 4 Unit 5 Unit 2 **Unit name** Drama stories from the past Stories come to life Poetry alive In this unit, students make and respond to **Unit description** In this unit, students make and respond In this unit, students make and respond drama by exploring photographs and/or to drama by using picture books as a to drama by exploring ways that ideas in stories of family and friends as stimulus. stimulus as they bring them to life with poetry can be a stimulus for dramatic voice, movement, soundscapes and Students will: action. improvisations for performance. • explore role and dramatic action in dramatic play, improvisation and process Students will: drama about stories of family and friends explore role and dramatic action in • use voice, facial expression, movement dramatic play and improvisation and space to imagine and establish role and · use voice, facial expression, movement, space and focus to imagine · present drama that communicates ideas and establish role and situation about stories of family and friends to an audience present drama that communicates ideas based on a picture book • respond to own and others' drama and consider where and why people make · respond to own and others' drama and drama, including drama of Aboriginal consider where and why people make peoples and Torres Strait Islander people drama, including drama of Aboriginal

peoples and Torres Strait Islander

people

ASSESSMENT	ASSESSMENT		YEAR 1	YEAR 2
		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 1
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Description	Students respond to, devise and perform drama based on the theme of memories.	Students devise, perform and respond to drama using a picture book as stimulus.	Students devise, perform and respond to drama focusing on situations and ideas expressed in a poem.
Banga and balance of	Mode	Collection of Work	Collection of Work	Collection of Work – Shadow Puppets
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions		Stimulus material provided by the teacher	There are no recommended times or length in Years P–2	• There are no recommended times or length in Years P–2 Band.
	Conditions	Undertaken in groups	Undertaken in groups	Undertaken in groups
			Stimulus material provided by the teacher	<ul> <li>Stimulus material provided by the teacher</li> </ul>
Aspects of the achieveme	Aspects of the achievement standard			
Describe what happens in drama perform and view.	they make,			
Identify some elements in drama where and why there is drama.	and describe			
Makes drama using the elements of role, situation and focus in dramatic play and improvisation.				
Presents drama using the elemer situation and focus in dramatic plaimprovisation.				



## Australian Curriculum: Visual Arts — Years P to 2 Band Plan

### 2019 CURRICULUM

### **Achievement Standard**

	By the end of Year 2, students describe a	artworks they make and view and where an	d why artworks are made and presented.				
	Students make artworks in different forms and processes.	Students make artworks in different forms to express their ideas, observations and imagination, using different techniques and processes.					
	PREP	YEAR 1	YEAR 2				
	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 2				
	Unit 1	Unit 4	Unit 2				
Unit name	New Stories	Stormy Clouds	Up, Down and All Around				
Unit description	In this unit, students create new stories in artworks by collaging characters, objects and landscapes from different artworks.	In this unit, students explore how visual language can be used to communicate and relate to mood and feelings.  Students will:  • explore the depiction of weather in artworks by a range of artists, including Aboriginal, Torres Strait Islander and Asian artists, and use this to develop their own artworks  • experiment with visual conventions (painting approaches, spatial devices) to manipulate colour and effects to communicate meaning  • display artworks and share ideas about choices made for visual language, techniques and processes in their artworks  • describe and interpret mood and atmosphere created by weather in artworks.	In this unit, students explore methods of abstraction and imaginative processes to communicate experiences, observations and personal connection to places.  Students will:  • explore the visual language of expressive landscape depiction in artworks by a range of artists, including Aboriginal peoples, Torres Strait Islander peoples and Asian artists and use this to develop their own artworks  • experiment with visual conventions (printmaking, mixed media, collage, and drawing) to create expressive observational artworks about places  • display artworks and share ideas about emotive visual language choices they made in their artworks  • describe and interpret artists' personal connection to place.				

ASSESSMENT		PREP	YEAR 1	YEAR 2
			SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Description	Students explore ideas about representing stories and experiences through collage and mixed media.	Students make and respond to artworks that show weather and feelings.	Students explore sense of place through imaginative experimentation with a range of materials and processes.
	Mode	Collection of Work	Collection of Work	Collection of Work
	Conditions	Undertaken individually     Stimulus material provided prior to assessment	<ul> <li>Undertaken individually</li> <li>There are no recommended times or lengths in Years P–2 Band.</li> <li>Pictures may be projected onto a screen.</li> <li>Note: Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples are warned that this resource may contain images, voices and names of persons who may now be deceased.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Undertaken individually and in groups</li> <li>Held under supervised conditions</li> <li>To be completed in a number of supervised sessions</li> <li>Stimulus material provided prior to assessment</li> <li>Responding tasks can be written or scribed</li> <li>There are no recommended times or lengths in Years P–2 Band.</li> </ul>
Aspects of the achievement	standard			
Describe artworks they make and	view.			
Describe where and why artworks are made and presented.				
Make artworks in different forms t their ideas, observations and ima- different techniques and processe	gination using			



# Year 2

### Year Level and Band Plans



The year and/or band plans captures:

- an overview of the curriculum for each learning area and/or subject in each year and/or band;
- an overview of the range and balance of summative assessment correlates to the students' assessment folio in each learning area and/or subject;
- common assessment to support the whole school approach to moderation





## Australian Curriculum: English — Year 2: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

Receptive modes (listening, reading and viewing)

By the end of Year 2, students understand how similar texts share characteristics by identifying text structures and language features used to describe characters and events, or to communicate factual information.

They read texts that contain varied sentence structures, some unfamiliar vocabulary, a significant number of high-frequency sight words and images that provide extra information. They monitor meaning and self-correct using knowledge of phonics, syntax, punctuation, semantics and context. They use knowledge of a wide variety of letter-sound relationships to read words of one or more syllables with fluency. They identify literal and implied meaning, main ideas and supporting detail. Students make connections between texts by comparing content. They listen for particular purposes. They listen for and manipulate sound combinations and rhythmic sound patterns.

Productive modes (speaking, writing and creating)

When discussing their ideas and experiences, students use everyday language features and topic-specific vocabulary. They explain their preferences for aspects of texts using other texts as comparisons. They create texts that show how images support the meaning of the text.

Students create texts, drawing on their own experiences, their imagination and information they have learnt. They use a variety of strategies to engage in group and class discussions and make presentations. They accurately spell words with regular spelling patterns and spell words with less common long vowel patterns. They use punctuation accurately, and write words and sentences legibly using unjoined upper- and lower-case letters.

CURRICULUM		SEMESTER 1				
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6
Unit name	Reading, Writing and Performing Poetry (5 weeks)	Stories of families and friends (4 weeks)	Exploring characters (8 weeks)	Exploring procedural text (4 weeks)	Exploring informative texts (4 weeks)	Exploring plot and characterisation in stories (8 weeks)
Unit description	Students read and listen to a range of poems to create a poetry innovation. Students present their poem or rhyme to a familiar audience and explain their preference for aspects of poems.	Students explore texts to analyse how stories convey a message about issues that relate to families and friends. Students will write an imaginative new narrative about family relationships and/or friendships for a familiar animal character	Students read, view and listen to a variety of literary texts to explore how characters are represented in print and images. Students identify character qualities in texts.	Students listen to, read and view a range of literary imaginative texts that contain certain structural elements and language features that reflect an informative text. Students create, rehearse and present a procedure in front of their peers.	Students read, view and listen to a range of texts to comprehend and compare the text structures and language features of imaginative and informative texts. Students create an informative text with a supporting image.	Students explore a variety of stories in picture books and from other cultures to explore how stories use plot and characterisation to entertain and engage an audience. Students create a written imaginative event to be added to a familiar narrative, with appropriate images that match the text.

ASSES	SMENT			SEME	STER 1			SEME	STER 2	
			Teri	m 1	Tei	rm 2	Те	rm 3	Те	rm 4
			Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 5)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 6)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 6)
Range a balance		Technique	Composing text	Composing text	Responding to text	Composing text	Composing text	Composing text	Responding to text	Composing text
summat	ive	Type of text	Imaginative text (Poetry)	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	Informative text	Imaginative text	Informative text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text
assessn convent		Mode	Written & Oral	Written	Oral Interview – Reading Record	Written	Written & Oral	Written	Oral Interview – Reading Record	Poster/ multimodal presentation – written
		Conditions	Innovation of a poem  Open conditions:  • Undertaken individually  • Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing  • Presented in class to an audience of peers	Imaginative narrative  Open conditions:  • Undertaken individually  • Prior notice of the assessment  • Access to familiar stories with animal characters and a dictionary allowed  • Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing  • Length: 100 – 200 words	Reading comprehension: A Letter from Mr Wolf Supervised conditions:  Undertaken individually Unseen assessment Completed in one uninterrupted supervised session	Expressing a preference for a character  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually  Prior notice of the assessment  Access to chosen stories  Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing	Multimodal procedure  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually  Access to resources allowed (word wall, dictionary, text).  Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing	Writing an informative text  Open conditions:  • Completed in class time  • Undertaken individually  • Access to resources allowed (word wall, dictionary, text).  • Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing	Reading comprehension: A Big Brother's Job  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually Stimulus material provided with assessment Completed under test conditions	Create a digital multimodal text  Open conditions:  Undertaken individual  Stimulus material provided with assessment  Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing  Submitted as a multimodal text
	ts of the									
achiev	ement s	tandard how similar texts share								
Receptive modes (listening, reading and viewing)	structures a used to dee events, or t information Read texts sentence si unfamiliar v number of I words and extra inform Monitor me using know syntax, pur context.  Use knowle letter-sound words of or fluency.	that contain varied tructures, some locabulary, a significant nigh-frequency sight images that provide								
	by compari Listen for p	ng content. articular purposes and								
	manipulate and rhythm	s sound combinations ic sound patterns.								
(Bu	experience everyday la topic-specil Explain the	ussing their ideas and s, students use inguage features and ic vocabulary. ir preferences for texts using other texts sons.								
s reati	Create text	s that show how images meaning of the text.								
Productive modes (speaking, writing and creating)	experience information Use a varie engage in questions presentation Accurately spelling pat with less conjusterns. Use puncture write words	ns. spell words with regular terns and spell words mmon long vowel ation accurately s and sentences legibly								
		ned upper- and lower-								

### Australian Curriculum: Mathematics — Year 2: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 2, students recognise increasing and decreasing number sequences involving 2s, 3s and 5s. They represent multiplication and division by grouping into sets. They associate collections of Australian coins with their value. Students identify the missing element in a number sequence. Students recognise the features of three-dimensional objects. They interpret simple maps of familiar locations. They explain the effects of one-step transformations. Students make sense of collected information.

Students count to and from 1000. They perform simple addition and subtraction calculations using a range of strategies. They divide collections and shapes into halves, quarters and eighths. Students order shapes and objects using informal units. They tell time to the quarter-hour and use calendar to identify the date and the months included in seasons. They draw two-dimensional shapes. They describe outcomes for everyday events. Students collect, organise and represent data to make simple inferences.

CURRICULUM	SEME	STER 1	SEME	STER 2
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4
Unit name	Unit 1 (8 weeks)	Unit 2 (8 weeks)	Unit 3 (8 weeks)	Unit 4 (8 weeks)
Unit description	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:
	Using units of measurement - order days of the week and months of the year, use calendars to record and plan significant events, connect seasons to the months of the year, compare lengths using direct comparison, compare lengths using indirect comparison, compare lengths using indirect comparison, measure and compare lengths using non-standard units      Number and place value - count collections in groups of ten, represent two-digit numbers, read and write two-digit numbers, connect two-digit number representations, partition two-digit numbers, use the twos, fives and tens counting sequence, investigate twos, fives and tens number sequences, representing addition and subtraction, use part-part-whole relationships to solve problems, connect part part-whole understanding to number facts, recall addition number facts, add strings of single-digit numbers, add 2-digit numbers, represent multiplication and division, solve simple multiplication and division problems      Data representation and interpretation - Collect simple data, record data in lists and tables, display data in a picture graph, describe outcomes of data investigations.      Chance - Identify everyday events that involve chance, describe chance outcomes, describe events as likely, unlikely, certain, impossible.	Shape - recognise and name familiar 2D shapes, describe the features of 2D shapes, draw 2D shapes and describe the features of familiar 3D objects.  Number and place value - represent two-digit numbers, partition two-digit numbers into place value parts, represent addition situations, describe part-part-whole relationships, add and subtract single- and two-digit numbers, solve addition and subtraction problems, represent multiplication, represent division, solve simple grouping and sharing problems.  Patterns and algebra - identify the 3s counting sequence, describe number patterns, identify missing elements in counting patterns, and solve simple number patterns.  Fractions and decimals - represent halves, quarters and eighths of shapes and collections, describe the connection between halves, quarters and eighths, and solve simple number problems involving halves, quarters and eighths.  Using units of measurement - identify the number of days in each month, relate months to seasons, tell time to the quarter hour; compare and order area of shapes and surfaces, cover surfaces to represent area, measure area with informal units.  Location and transformation - interpret simple maps of familiar locations, describe 'bird's-eye view', use appropriate language to describe locations, use simple maps to identify locations of interest.  Money and financial mathematics - describe the features of Australian coins, count coin collections, identify equivalent combinations, identify \$5 and \$10 notes, count small collections of coins and notes.	Number and place value - count to and from 1000, represent three-digit numbers, compare and order three-digit numbers, partition three-digit numbers, read and write three-digit numbers, read and write three-digit numbers read and write three-digit numbers, real addition number facts, identify related addition and subtraction number facts, add and subtract with two-digit numbers, represent multiplication and division, use multiplication to solve problems, count large collections, Fractions - divide shapes and collections into halves, quarters and eighths, solve simple fraction problems.  Using units of measurement - compare and order objects, measure length, area and capacity using informal units, identify purposes for calendars, explore seasons and calendars  Location and transformation - describe the effect of single-step transformations, including turns, flips and slides, identify turns, flips and slides in real-world situations  Money and financial mathematics — count collections of coins and notes, make and compare money amounts, read and write money amounts	Data representation and interpretation — Use data to answer questions, represent data.     Chance - explore the language of chance, make predictions based on data displays.     Shape — draw two-dimensional shapes, draw two-dimensional shapes with straight sides and curved lines, describe two-dimensional shapes, describe three-dimensional objects.     Number and place value - recall addition and subtraction number facts, identify related addition and subtraction facts, add and subtract with single, 2-digit and 3-digit numbers, use place value to solve addition and subtraction problems, represent multiplication and division.     Using units of measurement - directly compare mass of objects, use informal units to measure mass, length, area and capacity of objects and shapes, compare and order objects and shapes based on a single attribute, tell time to the quarter hour.     Location and transformation - identify half and quarter turns, represent flips and slides, interpret simple maps     Fractions and decimals - identify halves, quarter and eights of shapes and collections

ASSESSME	ENT	SEMESTER 1				SEMESTER 2							
		Te	rm 1		Term 2			Terr	n 3			Term 4	
		Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 2) Additive	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 4 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 4) Transformations	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 4)
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Description	Adding and subtracting numbers Students perform addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies.	In the toyshop window Students collect, organise and represent data to make simple references.	Money and additive concepts Students associate collections of Australian notes and coins with their values. To solve simple addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies.	number patterns and time Students recognise and continue describe additive number patterns. They tell time to the quarter hour.	Investigating simple maps of familiar locations Students use simple strategies to reason and solve a location inquiry question.	Count, multiply and divide Students count to and from 1000, represent multiplication by grouping into sets and divide collections and shapes into halves, quarters and eighths.	Compare them! Order them! Students measure, compare and order several objects using uniform informal units.	Using a calendar to identify dates, months and seasons  Students use a calendar to identify dates and the months included in seasons.	Counting Collections Counting to and from 1000	Recognising 2D and 3D objects  Students draw two- dimensional shapes, recognise the features of three- dimensional objects.	Students explain the effects of one-step transformations.	Representing data and chance  Students describe outcomes for everyday events, collect, organise, represent and make sense of collected data and make simple inferences.
	Mode	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Interview	Seesaw inquiry	Short answer questions	Practical	Short answer questions	Seesaw application	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions
Aspects of achievements standard													
recognise increadecreasing numinvolving 2s, 3s	bersequences												
represent multip													
associate collec coins with their	tions of Australian value												
identify the miss number sequen	sing element in a ce												
recognise the fe dimensional obj													
interpretsimple locations	maps of familiar												
explain the effections													
make sense of information	collected												
count to and fro	om 1000												
perform simple subtraction calc range of strateg	ulations using a												
divide collection halves, quarters	ns and shapes into s and eighths												
order shapes ar informal units	nd objects using												
	quarter-hour and to identify the date included in												
draw two-dimer	nsional shapes												
describe outcon events	nes for everyday												
collect, organise to make simple	e and represent data inferences												





### Australian Curriculum: Science - Year 2: Year Level Plan

### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 2, students describe changes to objects, materials and living things. They identify that certain materials and resources have different uses and describe examples of where science is used in people's daily lives

Students pose and respond to questions about their experiences and predict outcomes of investigations. They use informal measurements to make and compare observations. They record and represent observations and communicate ideas in a variety of ways.

CURRICULUM	SEME	STER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 1	Unit 4	
Unit name	Toy factory	Good to grow	Mix, make and use	Save planet Earth	
Unit description	In this unit, students will understand how a push or pull affects how an object moves or changes shape. They understand that science involves asking questions about and describing changes in the way an object moves or can be moved and how this knowledge is used in their daily lives.	In this unit, students examine how living things, including plants and animals, change as they grow. They ask questions about, investigate and compare the changes that occur to different living things during their life stages.	In this unit, students investigate combinations of different materials and give reasons for the selection of particular materials according to their properties and purpose. Students understand that science involves asking questions about, and describing changes to, familiar objects and materials.	In this unit, students will investigate Earth's resources. They describe how Earth's resources are used and the importance of conserving resources for the future of all living things.	

ASSESSMENT		SEME	STER 1	SEME	STER 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 2	Summative assessment task 3	Summative assessment task 4
Range and balance of	Description	Designing a toy  Students design a toy that will move with a push or pull, and describe a change to the toy and how it affects the toy's movement. They pose an investigation question and make a prediction about the toy's movement. Students represent and communicate observations and ideas.	Exploring growth  Students describe and represent the changes to a living thing in its life stages. Students compare the life stages of two different living things.	Combining materials for a purpose  Students investigate the combination of materials used to make an object for a particular purpose. Students record and represent observations and communicate ideas.	Using Earth's resources  Students identify different uses of one of Earth's resources and describe ways to conserve it.  Students use informal measurements to make observations.
summative assessment conventions	Mode	Experimental investigation	Supervised assessment	Experimental investigation	Report
conventions	Conditions	Open Conditions  • Undertaken in class time  • To be completed in two sessions	Open Conditions  • Undertaken individually  • Undertaken in class time  • A digital voice recorder can be used for capturing students' explanations.  • Provide pictures of life stages for students to use, if necessary.	Open Conditions  • The assessment is undertaken in class time and completed over two lessons.	Open Conditions  Two parts to assessment — measure and prepare a talk  Present examples of a 'fair test':  Provide measuring materials  Prepare stimulus materials  Negotiate mode of delivery with students — talk, slideshow, poster etc.  Students present learning to a group  Provided reading and/or scribing support where necessary
Aspects of the achieve	ement standard				
students describe changes to object things	s, materials and living				
identify that certain materials and resuses	sources have different				
describe examples of where science is used in people's daily lives					
pose and respond to questions about predict outcomes of investigations	·				
use informal measurements to make observations	•				
record and represent observations a in a variety of ways	and communicate ideas				





### Australian Curriculum: Humanities and Social Sciences – Year 2: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 2, students describe a person, site and/or event of significance in the local community and explain why places are important to people. They identify how and why the lives of people have changed over time while others have remained the same. They recognise that the world is divided into geographic divisions and that places can be described at different scales. Students describe how people in different places are connected to each other and identify factors that influence these connections. They recognise that places have different meaning for different people and why the significant features of places should be preserved.

Students pose questions about the past and familiar and unfamiliar objects and places. They locate information from observations and from sources provided. They compare objects from the past and present and interpret information and data to identify a point of view and draw simple conclusions. They sequence familiar objects and events in order and sort and record data in tables, plans and on labelled maps. They reflect on their learning to suggest ways to care for places and sites of significance. Students develop narratives about the past and communicate findings in a range of texts using language to describe direction, location and the passing of time.

CURRICULUM	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	
	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 2	
Unit name	Present connections to places	My special places	
Unit description	In this unit students will explore the following inquiry question:	Inquiry questions:	
	How are people connected to their place and other places?	What are places like and what makes them special?	
	earning opportunities support students to:	In this unit, students:	
	draw on representations of the world as geographical divisions and the location of Australia	draw on studies at the personal scale, including places where they live or other places that are familiar to them	
	recognise that each place has a location on the surface of Earth, which can be expressed using direction and location of one place from another	understand that a 'place' has features and a boundary that can be represented on maps or globes	
	<ul> <li>identify examples of places that are defined at different levels or scales, such as, personal scale, local scale, regional scale, national scale or region-of-the-</li> </ul>	recognise that what makes a 'place' special depends on how people view the place or use the place	
	world scale     understand that people are connected to their place and other places in	observe and represent the location and features of places using pictorial maps and models	
	Australia, the countries of Asia and other places across the world, and that	examine sources to identify ways that people care for special places	
	these connections are influenced by purpose, distance and accessibility	describe special places and the reasons they are special to people	
	<ul> <li>represent connections between places by constructing maps and using symbols</li> </ul>	reflect on learning to suggest ways they could contribute to the caring of a special	
	examine geographical information and data to identify ways people, including Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples, are connected to places and factors that influence those connections	place	
	respond with ideas about why significant places should be preserved and how people can act to preserve them		

ASSESSMENT		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
		Summative Assessment Task 1	Summative Assessment Task 2
Range and balance of summative	Mode	Supervised Assessment	Research
assessment conventions	Conditions	Present connections to places Students explore the location and significant features of places and consider how people are connected to these and why they should be preserved.  Part A: Labelling a map Students will:  recognise the world is divided into geographic divisions  sort and record data on labelled maps  Part B: Describing places Students will:  describe how people in different places are connected to each other  identify factors that influence these connections  recognise that places can be described at different scales  interpret information and data to draw simple conclusions  sort and record data in tables  pose questions about familiar and unfamiliar places  Part C: Planning a town Students will:  describe a site of significance in the local community  explain why places are important to people  locate information from sources provided  recognise that places have different meaning for people  understand why the significant features of places should be preserved  sort and record data in tables and plans  interpret information and data to identify a point of view and draw simple conclusions  suggest ways to care for places and sites of significance  communicate findings in a range of texts using language to describe direction and location	Impacts of technology over time Students conduct an inquiry to answer the question: How and why have changes in road transport affected the lives of people over time?  Part A: My classroom is a familiar place Students will:  identify the features of a familiar place (their classroom)  represent the features of a familiar place and the location of features in a model and pictorial map  describe the features of a familiar place  Part B: My classroom is a special place Students will:  recognise why a familiar place (their classroom) is special to them and to other people  identify other special places to which they belong  reflect on learning to suggest ways to care for a familiar place, and why it is important to care for special places.
Aspects of the achievement standar	4		
Aspects of the achievement standard			
describe a person, site and/or event of significance in the	e local community and		
explain why places are important to people	wer time while others have		
identify how and why the lives of people have changed or remained the same	over time write others have		
recognise that the world is divided into geographic division	ons and that places can be		
described at different scales	one and that places out be		
describe how people in different places are connected to	each other and identify		
factors that influence these connections	,		
recognise that places have different meaning for differen	nt people and why the		
significant features of places should be preserved	<u> </u>		
pose questions about familiar and unfamiliar objects and	d places		
pose questions about the past			
locate information from observations and from sources p	provided		
compare objects from the past and present			
interpret information and data to identify a point of view a	and draw simple conclusions		
interpret information and draw simple conclusions			
sequence familiar objects and events in order			
sort and record data in tables, plans and on labelled map	os		
reflect on their learning to suggest ways to care for places and sites of significance			
develop narratives about the past using language to describe the passing of time			
communicate findings in a range of texts using language location	to describe direction and		



### Australian Curriculum: Health - Year 1 to 2: Year Level Band Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 2, students describe changes that occur as they grow older. They recognise how strengths and achievements contribute to identifies. They identify how emotional responses impact on others' feelings. They examine messages related to health decisions and describe how to keep themselves and others healthy, safe and physically active. They identify areas where they can be active and how the body reacts to different physical activities.

Students demonstrate positive ways to interact with others. They select and apply strategies to keep themselves healthy and safe and are able to ask for help with tasks or problems. They demonstrate fundamental movement skills in a

Indicates Physical Education

CURRICULUM	YE	AR 1	YEAR 2		
	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 1 SEMESTER 2		SEMESTER 2	
	Unit 3	Unit 2	Unit 1	Unit 3	
Unit name	We all belong	Good choices, healthy me	My classroom is healthy, safe and fun	Stay Safe	
Unit description	In this unit, students recognise similarities and differences in individuals and groups, and recognise how strengths and achievements contribute to identity. Students identify and practise emotional responses that reflect their own and others' feelings. They examine and demonstrate ways to include others in activities, and practise strategies to help them and others feel that they belong.	In this unit, students will examine health messages related to the health benefits of physical activity, nutritious dietary intake and maintaining good personal hygiene habits to help them stay healthy. Students will describe how to keep themselves and others healthy in different situations.	In this unit, students investigate the concept of what health is and the foods and activities that make them healthy. They explore opportunities in the classroom environment where healthy and safe practices can be implemented. Students identify the actions that they can apply to keep themselves and others healthy and safe in their classroom.	In this unit In this unit, students explore safe and unsafe situations so that they understand their responsibility in staying safe. They examine the safety clues that can be used in situations and identify the emotions they feel in response to safe and unsafe situations. Students consider different aspects of sun safety and how they can promote their health, safety and wellbeing.	

ASSESSMENT		YEA	AR 1	YEAR 2		
		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	
Range and balance of	Description	We All Belong Students recognise how strengths and achievements contribute to identity and identify how emotional responses impact on others' feelings.	Good choices, healthy me Students examine messages related to health decisions and describe how to keep themselves and others healthy and physically active.	My classroom is healthy, safe and fun Students describe how to keep themselves and others healthy and safe within a classroom setting and select a health or safety strategy for an outside setting.	Stay Safe  Students describe changes as they grow older. Students identify emotional responses impact on others' feelings and select and apply strategies to keep themselves safe and ask for help with tasks or problems.	
summative assessment	Mode	Collection of Work	Short answer questions	Assignment/Project	Collection of Work	
conventions	Conditions	Open Conditions  • undertaken individually  • read the text passage about Alice and Ivy to the students  • listen to/read individual students' responses to each question	Open Conditions undertaken individually completed in four sessions record/observe individual student's responses in each activity read the story and the assessment questions to the students	Open Conditions  undertaken individually  read through the instructions with students  engage in a class discussion to set a context		
Aspects of the achievement s						
describe changes that oc older	cur as they grow					
recognise how strengths contribute to identities	and achievements					
identify how emotional resothers' feelings	sponses impact on					
examine messages relate and describe how to keep others healthy, safe and p	themselves and					
identify areas where they how the body reacts to dif activities						
demonstrate positive way others	ys to interact with					
select and apply strategies to keep themselves healthy and safe and are able to ask for help with tasks or problems						
demonstrate fundamenta variety of movement seq situations and test alterna movement challenges	uences and					
perform movementseque the elements ofmovemen						

Shaded cells indicate opportunities that summative assessments provide for students to demonstrate evidence against all aspects of the achievement standard

Indicates Physical Education



# Australian Curriculum: Design and Technologies Years Prep-2 Band Plan

CURRICULUM	By the end of Year 2, students describe the purpose of familiar products, services and environments and how they meet the needs of users and affect others and environments. They identify the features and uses of technologies for each of the prescribed technologies contexts.  With guidance, students create designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts. They describe given needs or opportunities. Students create and evaluate their ideas and designed solutions based on personal preferences. They communicate design ideas for their designed products, services and environments using modelling and simple drawings. Following sequenced steps, students demonstrate safe use of tools and equipment when producing designed solutions.					
	Prep	Year One	Year Two			
	Semester Two	Semester One	Semester One			
	Unit 3	Unit 2	Unit 1			
Unit name	It's Showtime!	Grow Grow	Spin It!			
Unit description	In this unit, students will explore the characteristics and properties of materials and components that are used to produce designed solutions. They will design and make a puppet with moving parts to use in a puppet show.  Students will apply these processes and production skills:	In this unit, students will explore how plants and animals are grown for food, clothing and shelter, and how food is selected and prepared for healthy eating. They will examine how farms meet peoples' needs. They will design solutions for problems on a farm to produce food and follow steps to make a healthy snack. Suggestions for alternative projects are also described.	In this unit, students will explore the characteristics and properties of materials and components that are used to produce designed solutions. They will design and make a spinning toy.  Students will apply processes and production skills, in:			
	<ul> <li>investigating materials, technologies for shaping and joining, and how designs meet people's needs</li> <li>generating and refining design ideas</li> <li>producing a puppet that meets the design brief</li> <li>evaluating their design and production processes</li> <li>collaborating and managing by working with others; following sequenced steps and sequencing the steps for the project.</li> </ul>	are also described.  Students will apply the following processes and production skills:  • investigating environments and analysing how they meet a purpose  • generating and refining design ideas, communicated by simple drawings  • producing a simple drawing of a designed solution that responds to a client's need  • evaluating their design and production processes  • collaborating and managing by working with others and by sequencing production steps.	investigating materials, technologies for shaping and joining, and how designs meet people's needs     generating and developing design ideas     producing a spinning toy that meets the design brief     evaluating their design and production processes     collaborating and managing by working with others; following sequenced steps and sequencing the steps for the project.			

ASSESSMENT		Prep	Year 1	Year 2
		Summative Assessment Task One	Summative Assessment Task One	Summative Assessment Task One
	Description	Design a puppet Students will design a character puppet with moving parts to use in a puppet show.	Design solutions to help a farmer  Make a food from garden produce  To describe needs, technologies and designed solutions for a farm and sequence steps to prepare a healthy food.  Part A: Investigating food and fibre  Part B: Designing solutions  Part C: Producing and preparing food for healthy eating	Create a spinning toy  Design and make a spinning toy for a small child that is fun and easy to use.
Range and balance of summative	Mode	Portfolio	Portfolio	Portfolio
assessment conventions	Conditions	The assessment may be presented as a printed document or a slideshow. The slideshow may be used to guide students through completion of the written assessment.  Assist students with reading and writing of tasks where necessary. The format of student responses is at teachers' discretion — drawn, written or scribed by the teacher or aide.  Note that students will make two puppets during this unit. First, they make a simple paper-plate puppet to demonstrate their ability to follow sequenced steps. They will then create a puppet of their own design.  Prepare for the assessment by collecting the materials, tools and equipment needed to complete Part B: Create a puppet.	The assessment may be presented as a printed document or a slideshow. Both formats are provided. The slideshow may also be used to guide students through completion of the assessment.  Assist students with reading and writing of tasks where necessary. The format of student responses is at the teacher's discretion — drawn, written or scribed by the teacher or aide.  Prepare for the assessment by collecting the ingredients, tools and equipment needed to complete Part C: Producing and preparing food for healthy eating.	Students may work in groups provided their project folios are completed independently.  The focus of the project is on students applying all the Design and Technologies processes and production skills for Prep to Year 2 to each develop a unique design solution.  The choice of materials, tools and techniques will depend on teacher decisions and what is available in the school.
Aspects of the achievement stance	lard			
describe the purpose of familiar products, ser and how they meet the needs of users and at environments identify the features and uses of technologies prescribed technologies contexts	ffect others and			
create designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts				
describe given needs or opportunities  create and evaluate their ideas and designed solutions based on personal preferences  communicate design ideas for their designed products, services and environments using modelling and simple drawings  follow sequenced steps				
demonstrate safe use of tools and equipment designed solutions	when producing			



# Australian Curriculum: Digital Technologies Years Prep-2 Band Plan

CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard				
	By the end of Year 2, students identify how common digital systems (hardware and software) are used to meet specific purposes. They use digital systems to represent simple patterns in data in different ways.  Students design solutions to simple problems using a sequence of steps and decisions. They collect familiar data and display them to convey meaning. They create and organise ideas and information using information systems, and share information in safe online environments.				
	Prep Year One Year Two				
	Semester One	Semester Two	Semester Two		
	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 1		
Unit name	Computers – Handy helpers	Computers – Handy helpers	Computers – Handy helpers		
Unit description	In this unit students will learn and apply Digital Technologies knowledge and skills through guided play and tasks integrated into other subject areas. They will:  • recognise and explore how digital and information systems are used for particular purposes in daily life  • collect, explore and sort familiar data and use digital systems to present the data creatively to convey meaning  • describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) to solve simple problems in non-digital and digital contexts  • develop foundational skills in systems and computational thinking, applying strategies such as exploring patterns, developing logical steps, and hiding unnecessary information when solving simple problems  • work independently and with others to create and organise ideas and information, and share these with known people in safe online environments.	In this unit students will learn and apply Digital Technologies knowledge and skills through guided play and tasks integrated into other subject areas. They will:  • recognise and explore how digital and information systems are used for particular purposes in daily life  • collect, explore and sort familiar data and use digital systems to present the data creatively to convey meaning  • describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) to solve simple problems in non-digital and digital contexts  • develop foundational skills in systems and computational thinking, applying strategies such as exploring patterns, developing logical steps, and hiding unnecessary information when solving simple problems  • work independently and with others to create and organise ideas and information, and share these with known people in safe online environments.	In this unit students will learn and apply Digital Technologies knowledge and skills through guided play and tasks integrated into other subject areas. They will:  • recognise and explore how digital and information systems are used for particular purposes in daily life  • collect, explore and sort familiar data and use digital systems to present the data creatively to convey meaning  • describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) to solve simple problems in non-digital and digital contexts  • develop foundational skills in systems and computational thinking, applying strategies such as exploring patterns, developing logical steps, and hiding unnecessary information when solving simple problems  • work independently and with others to create and organise ideas and information, and share these with known people in safe online environments.		

ASSESSMENT		Prep	Year 1	Year 2
		Summative Assessment Task One	Summative Assessment Task One	Summative Assessment Task One
Description		Part A: Everyday digital systems Students identify common digital systems and their purpose.	Part B: Data discoveries  Students collect, sort and organise data to make meaning. The have opportunities to represent data in different ways.	Part B: Sharing data using information systems Students create a multimedia class profile in an online space. Part C: Program this Students explore and work with algorithms to write a sequence of instructions to navigate virtual robots.
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Mode	Portfolio  Part A is to be completed by students on the assessment task Collection of work. Alternatively, teachers may choose to interview students using the stimulus picture and record verbal responses on the assessment task.  Discuss the image in Part A and revise digital systems at home and school and their purposes.  Refer to real-world examples of digital systems collected and displayed in the classroom.  Question 4 requires students to be shown an example of software and explain its purpose. Choose software that is familiar to students and has a clear function, such as:  drawing software  sound recording software.	Portfolio  Part B can be progressively completed by students throughout the unit. Use the questions provided in the assessment task Collection of work to guide students in completing this part.  Verbal directions for each task may be provided to students. Alternatively, the questions can be printed and distributed to students.  Observational records of students collecting data and using digital technologies to collect, sort, organise and display data, may be compiled using assessment task Collection of work: Observation record (Part B: Data discoveries).	Portfolio  Part C is to be completed by students on the assessment task Collection of work. Assistance may be provided to students where necessary, including reading questions and scribing responses.
Aspects of the achievement stand	dard			
identify how common digital systems (hardways used to meet specific purposes	are and software) are			
use digital systems to represent simple patterns in data in different ways				
design solutions to simple problems using a sequence of steps and decisions				
collect familiar data and display them to conv	·			
create and organise ideas and information us				
share information in safe online environment				



## Australian Curriculum: Drama — Years P to 2 Band Plan

2019 CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard						
	By the end of Year 2, students describe with the strain and describe where and why the	vhat happens in drama they make, perform ere is drama.	and view. They identify some elements				
	Students make and present drama using the elements of role, situation and focus in dramatic play and improvisation.						
	PREP	YEAR 1	YEAR 2				
	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 1				
	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 2				
Unit name	Drama stories from the past	Stories come to life	Poetry alive				
Unit description	In this unit, students make and respond to drama by exploring photographs and/or stories of family and friends as stimulus.  Students will:  • explore role and dramatic action in dramatic play, improvisation and process drama about stories of family and friends  • use voice, facial expression, movement and space to imagine and establish role and situation  • present drama that communicates ideas about stories of family and friends to an audience  • respond to own and others' drama and consider where and why people make drama, including drama of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander people	In this unit, students make and respond to drama by using picture books as a stimulus as they bring them to life with voice, movement, soundscapes and improvisations for performance.  Students will:  • explore role and dramatic action in dramatic play and improvisation  • use voice, facial expression, movement, space and focus to imagine and establish role and situation  • present drama that communicates ideas based on a picture book  • respond to own and others' drama and consider where and why people make drama, including drama of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander	In this unit, students make and respond to drama by exploring ways that ideas in poetry can be a stimulus for dramatic action.				

people

ASSESSMENT		PREP	YEAR 1	YEAR 2
		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 1
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Description	Students respond to, devise and perform drama based on the theme of memories.	Students devise, perform and respond to drama using a picture book as stimulus.	Students devise, perform and respond to drama focusing on situations and ideas expressed in a poem.
Dange and belonce of	Mode	Collection of Work	Collection of Work	Collection of Work – Shadow Puppets
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	<ul> <li>Stimulus material provided by the teacher</li> <li>Undertaken in groups</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>There are no recommended times or length in Years P–2</li> <li>Undertaken in groups</li> <li>Stimulus material provided by the teacher</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>There are no recommended times or length in Years P–2 Band.</li> <li>Undertaken in groups</li> <li>Stimulus material provided by the teacher</li> </ul>
Aspects of the achieveme	nt standard			
Describe what happens in drama perform and view.	they make,			
Identify some elements in drama where and why there is drama.	and describe			
Makes drama using the elements situation and focus in dramatic plaimprovisation.				
Presents drama using the elemer situation and focus in dramatic plaimprovisation.				



## Australian Curriculum: Visual Arts — Years P to 2 Band Plan

### 2019 CURRICULUM Achievement Standard

		artworks they make and view and where an s to express their ideas, observations and i	
	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 2
Unit name	Unit 1 New Stories	Unit 4 Stormy Clouds	Unit 2 Up, Down and All Around
Unit description	In this unit, students create new stories in artworks by collaging characters, objects and landscapes from different artworks.	In this unit, students explore how visual language can be used to communicate and relate to mood and feelings.  Students will:  • explore the depiction of weather in artworks by a range of artists, including Aboriginal, Torres Strait Islander and Asian artists, and use this to develop their own artworks  • experiment with visual conventions (painting approaches, spatial devices) to manipulate colour and effects to communicate meaning  • display artworks and share ideas about choices made for visual language, techniques and processes in their artworks  • describe and interpret mood and atmosphere created by weather in artworks.	In this unit, students explore methods of abstraction and imaginative processes to communicate experiences, observations and personal connection to places.  Students will:  • explore the visual language of expressive landscape depiction in artworks by a range of artists, including Aboriginal peoples, Torres Strait Islander peoples and Asian artists and use this to develop their own artworks  • experiment with visual conventions (printmaking, mixed media, collage, and drawing) to create expressive observational artworks about places  • display artworks and share ideas about emotive visual language choices they made in their artworks  • describe and interpret artists' personal connection to place.

ASSESSMENT		PREP	YEAR 1	YEAR 2
		SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Description	Students explore ideas about representing stories and experiences through collage and mixed media.	Students make and respond to artworks that show weather and feelings.	Students explore sense of place through imaginative experimentation with a range of materials and processes.
	Mode	Collection of Work	Collection of Work	Collection of Work
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	Undertaken individually     Stimulus material provided prior to assessment	<ul> <li>Undertaken individually</li> <li>There are no recommended times or lengths in Years P–2 Band.</li> <li>Pictures may be projected onto a screen.</li> <li>Note: Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples are warned that this resource may contain images, voices and names of persons who may now be deceased.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Undertaken individually and in groups</li> <li>Held under supervised conditions</li> <li>To be completed in a number of supervised sessions</li> <li>Stimulus material provided prior to assessment</li> <li>Responding tasks can be written or scribed</li> <li>There are no recommended times or lengths in Years P–2 Band.</li> </ul>
Aspects of the achievement	standard			
Describe artworks they make and	I view.			
Describe where and why artworks are made and presented.				
Make artworks in different forms t their ideas, observations and imaged different techniques and processes	gination using			





# Year 3

### Year Level and Band Plans



The year and/or band plans captures:

- an overview of the curriculum for each learning area and/or subject in each year and/or band;
- an overview of the range and balance of summative assessment correlates to the students' assessment folio in each learning area and/or subject;
- common assessment to support the whole school approach to moderation





## Australian Curriculum: English — Year 3: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

Receptive modes (listening, reading and viewing)

By the end of Year 3, students understand how content can be organised using different text structures depending on the purpose of the text. They understand how language features, images and vocabulary choices are used for different effects.

They read texts that contain varied sentence structures, a range of punctuation conventions, and images that provide extra information. They use phonics and word knowledge to fluently read more complex words. They identify literal and implied meaning connecting ideas in different parts of a text. They select information, ideas and events in texts that relate to their own lives and to other texts. They listen to others' views and respond appropriately using interaction skills.

Productive modes (speaking, writing and creating)

Students understand how language features are used to link and sequence ideas. They understand how language can be used to express feelings and opinions on topics. Their texts include writing and images to express and develop, in some detail, experiences, events, information, ideas and characters.

Students create a range of texts for familiar and unfamiliar audiences. They contribute actively to class and group discussions, asking questions, providing useful feedback and making presentations. They demonstrate understanding of grammar and choose vocabulary and punctuation appropriate to the purpose and context of their writing. They use knowledge of letter-sound relationships including consonant and vowel clusters and high-frequency words to spell words accurately. They re-read and edit their writing, checking their work for appropriate vocabulary, structure and meaning. They write using joined letters that are accurately formed and consistent in size.

and meaning. They write using jo	pined letters that are	e accurately for	rmed and con	nsistent in size.	, <u>J</u>			,,							,,
CURRICULUM					SEMEST	ER 1					SE	EMESTER 2	2		
				Unit 1	Unit	2		Unit 3	Unit	4		Unit 5		U	nit 6
	Uni	it name		and creating e texts (4 weeks)	Investigating chara (4 weeks)	cters		ng character and settin (8 weeks)	g Examining stories f perspectives (4 week		Examini (4 weeks	ing imaginative texts s)		Reading, writi poetry (8 wee	ng and performing ks)
	Unit desc	cription	persuasive demonstra of persuasi ways persu features ar audience.	ead, view and analyse texts. Students te their understanding ive texts by examining uasive language e used to influence ar They use this o create their own texts.	a novel to explore to use of descriptive latter the construction of They complete a re	he authors' anguage in characters. sading log that s from the id an extract answer mprehension iteral and if the text. maginative	and ana literary t present the role make in characted draw co text and Student	s listen to, read, view alyse informative and texts. They create and a spoken procedure in of a character. They ferences about ers and settings and innections between the their own experiences as write a persuasive at links to the literary	same story. They c stories and create a retelling of a story f perspective.	f stories, with a ersions of the omprehend a spoken	interpret different compreh explore language features purpose	s listen to, read, view t imaginative texts from the cultures. They hend the texts and the text structure, le choices and visua is used to suit context and audience. They a multimodal imaginal	al tt, y ative	adapt Australi analyse texts context, purpo and how langi language dev adapted to crr Students write familiar audiei of a poem, us speaking skills rhyming text which the lang devices can b performance i	n to, read, view and an poems. They by exploring the see and audience uage features and ices can be aaten ew meaning. It is an adaptation ing appropriate s. Students read a and explore ways in guage features and e highlighted in through the use of one, volume and
ASSESSMENT					SEMESTER 1						SEI	MESTER 2			
	Term 1					Term	n 2		Term 3				Terr	n 4	
		Summa Assess Task (Unit	ment c 1	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (unit 2)	Summati Assessm Task 1 (Unit 3)	ent	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 4)	Summati Assessme Task 2 (Unit 5)	ent	Summative Assessment Task 3 (unit 5)	Asse Ta	nmative essment ask 1 <sub>Jnit 6)</sub>	Summative Assessmen Task 2 (unit 6)
Range and T	echnique	Composing	Text	Responding to text	Composing text	Composing tex	xt	Composing text	Composing text	Responding to	text (	Composing text	Compos	osing text	Responding to text

											gesture.	
ASSE	SSMEN	Т			SEMESTER 1				S	EMESTER 2		
				Term 1		Ter	m 2		Term 3		Ter	m 4
			Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 5)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (unit 5)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 6)	Summative Assessmer Task 2 (unit 6)
Range		Technique	Composing Text	Responding to text	Composing text	Composing text	Composing text	Composing text	Responding to text	Composing text	Composing text	Responding to text
balance summa assess	itive	Type of text	Persuasive text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	Persuasive text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	A range of texts during guided reading
conven		Mode	Written	Reading Comprehension	Written	Written	Written & Oral	Written & Oral	Reading Comprehension	Written	Written & Oral	Reading
		Conditions	Persuasive texts  Open conditions:  • Undertaken individually • Prior notice of the task • Stimulus material provided with task • Supervised class conditions • Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing	Reading comprehension: Matty Forever Supervised conditions:     undertaken     individually     stimulus materials     provided with     assessment     completed under test     conditions     completed in one     uninterrupted     supervised lesson     Length: one lesson	Imaginative narrative  Supervised conditions:  undertaken individually  stimulus materials provided with assessment  completed under test/exam conditions  completed in two uninterrupted supervised sessions  Length: 300 words	Persuasive letter  Supervised conditions:  • Undertaken individually  • Completed under exam conditions  • Completed in two supervised sessions  • Length: 150–200 words	Procedural presentation  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually Prior notice of the assessment Access to resources (e.g. dictionary) allowed Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing Presented in class to audience of peers	Retelling a narrative from a different perspective Open conditions:  Undertaken individually Access to resources (dictionary, thesaurus) Drafting with access to teacher feedback Presented in class to audience of peers Length: approximately 200–300 words (1–2 minutes)	Reading Comprehension: Kumiko and the Dragon  Supervised conditions:  • Undertaken individually • Completed under test/exam conditions • Completed over three supervised sessions	Create a multimodal text  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually Prior notice of the assessment Access to resources (e.g. dictionary, thesaurus) allowed Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing Length: 200 words and three images	Writing and presenting poetry  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually Prior notice of the assessment Stimulus material provided and analysed in previous lessons Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing	Guided Readin Checklist Supervised conditions: • Undertaken individually • Completed durin guided reading activities • Initiated by class teacher
	ts of th	e standard										
modes y and viewing)	Understand horganised us structures de purpose of th Understand heatures, ima choices are ueffects.  Read texts the sentence structure images that programmes are unimages that programmes are unificated as a purpose of the purpose of the unimages are unimages.	now content can be ing different text pending on the e text. The text pending on the e text pending on the e text. The text pending of the text pe										
Receptive ng, reading	to fluently rea words. Identify literal	and word knowledge ad more complex										
F (listenin	of a text.  Select inform events in text	ation, ideas and as that relate to their do to other texts.										
	respond appr interaction sk Understand h	ers' views and copriately using cills.  now language used to link and										
eating)	sequence ide Understand h used to expre opinions on t Texts include to express ar detail, experi	eas. now language can be ess feelings and										
modes and cr	and unfamilia Contribute ac group discus	stively to class and sions, asking oviding useful I making										
Productive (speaking, writing	Demonstrate grammar and and punctuat purpose and writing.  Use knowled relationships and vowel clu	understanding of I chooses vocabulary ion appropriate to the context of their ge of letter-sound including consonant usters and high-										
ds)	accurately.  Re-read and checking their vocabulary, simeaning.  Write using jo	edit their writing, r work for appropriate structure and bined letters that are rmed and consistent										



### Australian Curriculum: Mathematics — Year 3: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 3, students recognise the connection between addition and subtraction and solve problems using efficient strategies for multiplication. They model and represent unit fractions. They represent money values in various ways. Students identify symmetry in the environment. They match positions on maps with given information. Students recognise angles in real situations. They interpret and compare data displays.

Students count to and from 10 000. They classify numbers as either odd or even. They recall addition and multiplication facts for single-digit numbers. Students correctly count out change from financial transactions. They continue number patterns involving addition and subtraction. Students use metric units for length, mass and capacity. They tell time to the nearest minute. Students make models of three-dimensional objects. Students conduct chance experiments and list possible outcomes. They conduct simple data investigations for categorical variables.

CURRICULUM	SEMESTER 1	ER 1 SEMES			
	Term 1	Term 2		Term 3	Term 4
Unit name	Unit 1 (8 weeks)	Unit 2 (8 week	(S)	Unit 3 (8 weeks)	Unit 4 (8 weeks)
Unit description	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	Students have of:	e opportunities to develop understandings	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:
	Using units of measurement - tell time to 5-minute intervals, identify one metre as a standard metric unit, represent a metre, measure with metres     Number and place value - count to 1 000, investigate the 2s, 3s, 5s and 10s number sequences, identify odd and even numbers, represent 3-digit numbers, compare and order 3-digit numbers, partition numbers (standard and nonstandard place value partitioning), recall addition facts and related subtraction facts, represent and solve addition problems, add 2-digit, single-digit and 3-digit numbers, subtract 2-digit and 3-digit numbers, represent multiplication, solve simple problems involving multiplication, recall multiplication number facts      Data representation and interpretation - collect simple data, record data in lists and tables, display data in a column graph, interpret and describe outcomes of data investigations, identify questions of interest based on one categorical variable, gather data relevant to a question, organise and represent data, interpret data displays      Chance - conduct chance experiments, describe the outcomes of chance experiments, identify variations in the results of chance experiments.	three-dimer objects.  Number an three-digit n place value beyond 1 00 numbers, re subtract thr numbers eig subtraction multiples of Patterns ar familiar num additive num in number per Fractions a equal portio and eighths thirds of she  Location al on a simple gri Geometric environmen compare the situations.  Money and collections of equivalent of equivalent of simple gri	ad algebra - infer pattern rules from other patterns, identify and continue other patterns, identify missing elements atterns.  Ind decimals - describe fractions as one or shares, represent halves, quarters of shapes and collections, represent positions and transformation - represent positions grid map, show full, half and quarter rid map, describe positions in relation to see represent movement and pathways on the patterns and collections.	Number and place value — count in sequences beyond 1000, represent, combine and partition 4-digit numbers flexibly, represent multiplication as arrays and repeated addition, recall multiplication number facts, identify related division number facts, make models and use number sentences that represent problem situations, recall addition and subtraction facts, identify and describe the relationship between addition and subtraction, choose appropriate mental and written strategies to add and subtract.  Money and financial mathematics — represent money amounts in different ways, count collections of coins and notes accurately and efficiently, calculate change and simple totals, choose appropriate mental strategies to add and subtract  Fractions and decimals — represent and compare unit fractions of shapes and collections, represent unit fractions symbolically, solve simple problems involving, halves, thirds, quarters and eighths  Patterns and algebra — connect number representations with number patterns, use number properties to continue number patterns, identify pattern rules to find missing elements in patterns  Location and transformation — identify examples of symmetry in the environment, classify shapes as symmetrical and non-symmetrical  Units of measurement — use familiar metric units to order and compare objects, explain measurement choices, represent time to the minute on digital and analogue clocks, transfer knowledge of time to real-life contexts.	Number and place value — recall addition and related subtraction number facts, use 'part-part-whole' thinking to interpret and solve addition and subtraction word problems, add and subtract using a written place value strategy, recall multiplication and related division facts, multiply 2-digit numbers by single-digit multipliers, interpret and solve multiplication and division word problems Fractions and decimals — identify, represent and compare familiar unit fractions and their multiples (shapes, objects and collections), describe the fractional relationship between parts and the whole, record fractions symbolically, recognise key equivalent fractions, solve simple problems involving fractions  Money and financial mathematics - represent money values in multiple ways, count the change required for simple transactions to the nearest five cents.  Location and transformation — represent symmetry, interpret simple maps and plans Data representation and interpretation — Chance — explore the language of chance, make predictions based on data displays. Geometric reasoning - identify angles as measures of turn, compare angle sizes in everyday situations. Shape - make models of three-dimensional objects, sort and describe three-dimensional objects with curved surfaces.  Using units of measurement - measure, order and compare objects using familiar metric units of length, mass and capacity, tell time to the minute, investigate the relationship between units of time.

ASSESSMENT SEMESTER 1 SEMESTER 2											
	Term 1		Term 2		Ter	rm 3			Term 4		
	Summative Assessment Task 1	Summative Assessment Task 2	Summative Assessment Task 3	Summative Assessment Task 1	Summative Assessment Task 1	Summative Assessment Task 2	Summative Assessment Task 3	Summative Assessment Task 4	Summative Assessment Task 1	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 3
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions  Description	(Unit 1) Adding and Subtracting Numbers Students perform addition and subtraction problems using a range of strategies.	Conduct a chance experiment Students collect and interpret data from simple chance experiments.	Conduct a data investigation Students conduct a simple data investigation, compare and interpret data displays.	Adding, subtracting and partitioning numbers Students recall addition and subtraction facts and apply place value understanding to partition, rearrange and regroup numbers.	Patterning and connecting addition and subtraction Students classify numbers as either odd or even, continue number patterns involving addition and subtraction, recall addition facts for single-digit numbers and recognise the connection between addition and subtraction.	(Unit 3) Money (e assessment) Students will represent money values in various ways and correctly count out change from financial transactions.	(Unit 3)  Measuring length, mass and capacity using metric units  Students use metric units for length, mass and capacity.	(Unit 4) Telling Time Students tell time to the nearest minute and solve problems involving time.	Using unit fractions and multiplication Students recall multiplication facts for single-digit numbers, solve problems using efficient strategies for multiplication, and model and represent unit fractions.	Interpreting grid maps, and identifying symmetry, three dimensional objects and angles  Students match positions on maps with given information, and identify symmetry in the environment. To make a model of a three-dimensional object and recognise angles in real situations. Students draw two-dimensional shapes, recognise the features of three-dimensional objects and explain the effects of one-step transformations.	Counting Collections Counting to and from 10 000
Mode	Short answer questions	Experiment	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Computer Quiz	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Seesaw application
Aspects of the achievement standard											
recognise the connection between addition and subtraction											
solve problems using efficient strategies for multiplication											
model and represent unit fractions											
represent money values in various ways											
identify symmetry in the environment											
match positions on maps with given information											
recognise angles in real situations											
interpret and compare data displays.											
count to and from 10 000											
classify numbers as either odd or even											
recall addition and multiplication facts for single-digit numbers											
correctly count out change from financial transactions											
continue number patterns involving addition and subtraction											
use metric units for length, mass and capacity											
tell time to the nearest minute											
make models of three-dimensional objects											
conduct chance experiments and list possible outcomes											
conduct simple data investigations for categorical variables											



### Australian Curriculum: Science - Year 3: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 3, students use their understanding of the movement of Earth, materials and the behaviour of heat to suggest explanations for everyday observations. They group living things based on observable features and distinguish them from non-living things. They describe how they can use science investigations to respond to questions.

Students use their experiences to identify questions and make predictions about scientific investigations. They follow procedures to collect and record observations and suggest possible reasons for their findings, based on patterns in their data. They describe how safety and fairness were considered and they use diagrams and other representations to communicate their ideas.

CURRICULUM	SEME	STER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Unit 4	Unit 3	Unit 1	Unit 2	
Unit name	What's the matter?	Hot stuff	Is it living?	Spinning Earth	
Unit description	In this unit, students will understand how a change of state between solid and liquid can be caused by adding or removing heat. They will explore the properties of liquids and solids and understand how to identify an object as a solid or a liquid.	In this unit, students will investigate how heat energy is produced and the behaviour of heat when it transfers from one object or area to another. They will explore how heat can be observed by touch and that formal measurements of the amount of heat (temperature) can be taken using a thermometer.	In this unit, students learn about grouping living things based on observable features and that living things can be distinguished from non-living things. They justify sorting living things into common animal and plant groups based on observable features.	In this unit, students will use their understanding of the movement of Earth to suggest explanations for everyday observations such as day and night, sunrise and sunset and shadows. They will identify the observable and non-observable features of Earth and compare its size with the sun and moon.	

ASSESSMENT		SEME	STER 1	SEME	STER 2	
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 2	Summative assessment task 3	Summative assessment task 4	
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Description	Investigating solids and liquids  Students conduct an investigation about liquids and solids changing state when heat is added or taken away. Students make a prediction, record observations and suggest reasons for findings. Students describe how safety and fairness were considered.	Understanding heat Students conduct an investigation into the behaviour of heat to explain everyday observations. Students describe how science investigations can be used to respond to questions. Students describe how safety and fairness were considered and use diagrams and other representations to communicate ideas.	Investigating living things Students group living things based on observable features and distinguish them from non- living things.	Investigating the sun, Earth and us  Students explain the cause of everyday observations on Earth, including night and day, sunrise and sunset, and shadows, and use diagrams and other representations to communicate ideas.	
	Mode	Supervised assessment	Experimental investigation	Supervised assessment	Poster/multi-modal presentation	
	Conditions	Open Conditions  • Assessment questions are answered independently  • Undertaken in class time  • Held under test conditions  • To be completed in three sessions	Open Conditions  • Undertaken in class time  • Three lessons are allocated for completion	Open Conditions  • Undertaken in class time  • Undertaken individually	Open Conditions Undertaken individually Undertaken in class time Can be completed over four sessions	
Aspects of the achiever	ment standard					
use their understanding of the movem	nent of Earth, materials					
and the behaviour of heat to suggest	explanations for					
everyday observations						
group living things based on observat	ole features and					
distinguish them from non-living thing	S					
describe how they can use science in	vestigations to respond					
to questions						
use their superior see to identify	tions and male					
use their experiences to identify ques						
predictions about scientific investigation						
Tollow procedures to collect and recol	follow procedures to collect and record observations					
suggest possible reasons for their find	dings, based on					
patterns in their data						
describe how safety and fairness were	e considered					
use diagrams and other representation their ideas	ons to communicate					





### Australian Curriculum: Humanities and Social Sciences – Year 3: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 3, students identify individuals, events and aspects of the past that have significance in the present. They identify and describe aspects of their community that have changed and remained the same over time. They describe the diverse characteristics of different places at the local scale and identify and describe similarities and differences between the characteristics of these places. They identify connections between people and the characteristics of places. Students explain the role of rules in their community and the importance of making decisions democratically. They identify the importance of different celebrations and commemorations for different groups. They explain how and why people participate in and contribute to their communities.

Students pose questions and locate and collect information from sources, including observations, to answer these questions. They examine information to identify a point of view and interpret data to identify and describe simple distributions. They draw simple conclusions and share their views on an issue. They sequence information about events and the lives of individuals in chronological order. They record and represent data in different formats, including labelled maps using basic cartographic conventions. They reflect on their learning to suggest individual action in response to an issue or challenge. Students communicate their ideas, findings and conclusions in oral, visual and written forms using simple discipline-specific terms.

CURRICULUM	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 2		
Unit name	Our Unique Communities	Exploring places near and far		
Unit description	In this unit students:	In this unit students will explore the following inquiry question:		
	<ul> <li>identify individuals, events and aspects of the past that have significance in the present</li> </ul>	How and why are places similar and different?  In this unit. students:		
	<ul> <li>identify and describe aspects of their community that have changed and remained the same over time</li> </ul>	identify connections between people and the characteristics of places		
	explain how and why people participate in and contribute to their communities	describe the diverse characteristics of different places at the local scale and explain the similarities and differences between the characteristics of these places		
	<ul> <li>identify a point of view about the importance of different celebrations and commemorations to different groups</li> </ul>	interpret data to identify and describe simple distributions and draw simple conclusions		
	<ul> <li>pose questions and locate and collect information from sources, including observations to answer questions and draw simple conclusions</li> </ul>	record and represent data in different formats, including labelled maps using basic cartographic conventions		
	<ul> <li>sequence information about events and the lives of individuals in chronological order</li> </ul>	describe the importance of making decisions democratically and propose individual action in response to a democratic issue		
	<ul> <li>communicate their ideas, findings and conclusions in visual and written forms using simple discipline-specific terms</li> </ul>	explain the role of rules in their community and share their views on an issue related to rule-making		
		<ul> <li>communicate their ideas, findings and conclusions in oral, visual and written forms using simple discipline-specific terms.</li> </ul>		

ASSESSMENT		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 2
Range and balance of summative	Mode	Research	Collection of Work
assessment conventions	Conditions	Our Unique Communities Students conduct an inquiry to answer the following inquiry question: How and why are Anzac Day commemorations significant for different groups?  Part A: Posing questions Students will pose questions about the significance of Anzac Day.  Part B: Locating information Students will:  locate and collect information from sources to answer questions identify individuals, events and aspects of the past that have significance in the present identify the importance of different celebrations and commemorations for different groups.  Part C: Sequencing and point of view Students will:  sequence information about events and the lives of individuals in chronological order examine information to identify a point of view identify and describe aspects of the community that have changed and remained the same over time explain how and why people participate in and contribute to their communities communicate conclusions in written forms using simple discipline-specific terms.	Exploring places near and far (Yr 03)  Students identify, describe and interpret data about Australian places and explain the importance of making decisions democratically, the role of rules in the community and action in response to an issue.  Part A: Representing places  Students will:  record and represent data in different formats, including labelled maps using basic cartographic conventions  locate and collect information from observations  Part B: Identifying similarities and differences  Students will:  interpret data to identify and describe simple distributions  communicate their ideas, findings and conclusions in oral, visual and written forms using simple discipline-specific terms  describe the diverse characteristics of differences between the characteristics of places  identify and describe the similarities and differences between the characteristics of places  identify connections between people and the characteristics of places  araw simple conclusions about the characteristics of places  Tark Making decisions  Students will:  describe the importance of making decisions democratically  explain the role of rules in their community  suggest individual action in response to an issue or challenge
Aspects of the achievement standard	d		
Identify individuals, events and aspects of the past that present.			
Identify and describe aspects of their community that has same over time.	ive changed and remained the		
Describe the diverse characteristics of different places a	at the local scale and identify.		
Describe similarities and differences between the characteristics	cteristics of these places.		
Identify connections between people and the characterist	stics of places.		
Explain the role of rules in their community and the impodemocratically.	ortance of making decisions		
Identify the importance of different celebrations and comgroups.	nmemorations for different		
Explain how and why people participate in and contribut	te to their communities.		
Pose questions and locate and collect information from observations, to answer these questions.	sources, including		
Examine information to identify a point of view.			
Interpret data to identify and describe simple distribution	ns.		
Draw simple conclusions and share their views on an iss	sue.		
Sequence information about events and the lives of indi-	viduals in chronological order.		
Record and represent data in different formats, including cartographic conventions.	g labelled maps using basic		
Reflect on their learning to suggest individual action in rechallenge.	esponse to an issue or		
Communicate their ideas, findings and conclusions in or using simple discipline-specific terms.	ral, visual and written forms		



**SEMESTER 2** 

YEAR 4

**SEMESTER 1** 

### Australian Curriculum: Health - Year 3 to 4: Year Level Band Plan

YEAR 3

**SEMESTER 1** 

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 4, students recognise strategies for managing change. They identify influences that strengthen identities. They investigate how emotional responses vary and understand how to interact positively with others in a variety of situations. Students interpret health messages and discuss the influences on healthy and safe choices. They understand the benefits of being healthy and physically active. They describe the connections they have to their community and identify local resources to support their health, wellbeing, safety and physical activity.

Students apply strategies for working cooperatively and apply rules fairly. They use decision-making and problem-solving skills to select and demonstrate strategies that help them stay safe, healthy and active. They refine fundamental movement skills and apply movement concepts and strategies in a variety of physical activities and to solve movement challenges. They create and perform movement sequences using fundamental movement skills and the elements of movement.

**SEMESTER 2** 

Indicates Physical Education

**CURRICULUM** 

		Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 2	Unit 4
Unit name		Good Friends	Feeling Safe	Culture in Australia: Positive interactions	Netiquette and online protocols
Unit description		In this unit, students investigate how emotional responses vary and understand how being a good friend helps them to interact positively with others in a variety of situations. They recognise strategies for managing change and identify how meeting challenges strengthens identity.	In this unit, students investigate how emotional responses vary and understand how to interact positively with others. They use decision-making and problem-solving skills to select and demonstrate strategies that help them stay safe. They explore risk-taking behaviours, their rights and responsibilities and explore bullying behaviours and strategies to reduce it and identify people who can help them make good decisions and stay safe.	In this unit, students participate in partner and group activities to explore the communication skills of respect and empathy and how they support positive interactions. They investigate how heritage and culture contribute to identity.	In this unit, students examine and interpret health information about cyber safety, cyberbullying and online protocols. They describe and apply strategies that can be used in online situations that make them feel uncomfortable or unsafe. They explore the importance of demonstrating respect and empathy in online relationships. They reflect on young people's use of digital technologies and online communities, and identify resources to support their safety.
ASSESSMENT	г	YE	AR 3	YE	AR 4
		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
		Good Friends	Feeling Safe	Culture in Australia	Netiquette and online protocols
Range and balance of summative assessment	Description	Students recognise strategies for managing change and identify influences that strengthen identity. They investigate how emotional responses vary and understand how to interact positively with others.	Students investigate how emotional responses vary and understand how to interact positively with others. They use decision-making and problem-solving skills to select and demonstrate strategies that help them stay safe.	Positive interactions Students identify how heritage and culture influence identity by completing a 'Me card'. They demonstrate communication skills and strategies for working cooperatively during games from the 'Be positive' collection, and observe varying emotional responses.	Students interpret health messages related to cyber safety and discuss the influences on safe online choices. They describe the connections and benefits students have within an online community and identify resources available to support their online safety.
conventions	Mode	Assignment/project	Short answer questions	Collection of Work	Collection of Work
	Conditions	Open Conditions  undertaken individually	Open Conditions • undertaken individually	Open Conditions  undertaken individually  undertaken in class and home time	Open Conditions  undertaken individually  Offer reading support where required
Aspects of the acstandard	chievement				
recognise strategies for r	nanaging change				
identify influences that str	engthen identities				
investigate how emotiona	al responses vary				
understand how to interact others in a variety of situation					
interpret health messages influences on healthy and					
understand the benefits o physically active	f being healthy and				
describe the connections they have to their community and identify local resourcesto support their health, wellbeing, safety and physical activity					
apply strategies for workin	ng cooperatively and				
use decision-making and skills to select and demor help them stay safe, healt	strate strategies that				
refine fundamental mover movement concepts and of physical activities and challenges	strategies in a variety				
create and perform mover using fundamental moven elements of movement					

Shaded cells indicate opportunities that summative assessments provide for students to demonstrate evidence against all aspects of the achievement standard

Indicates Physical Educatio



# Australian Curriculum: Design and Technologies - Year 3 & 4 Band Plan

CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard					
	By the end of Year 4, students explain how products, services and environments are designed to best meet needs of communities and their environments. They describe contributions of people in design and technologies occupations. Students describe how the features of technologies can be used to produce designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts.					
	Students create designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts. They explain needs or opportunities and evaluate ideas and designed solutions against identified criteria for success, including environmental sustainability considerations. They develop and expand design ideas and communicate these using models and drawings including annotations and symbols. Students plan and sequence major steps in design and production. They identify appropriate technologies and techniques and demonstrate safe work practices when producing designed solutions.					
	Year 3 Year 3/4 Year 4					
	Semester One Semester One Semester On					
	Unit 2 Unit 3 Unit 1					
Unit name	What's for Lunch?	Pinball Paradise	Repurpose It!			
Unit description	In this unit, students investigate food and fibre production and food technologies used in modern and traditional societies. They design and make a lunch item that includes modern and traditional technologies.  They will explore how people in different times developed food and fibre technologies to meet human needs.  Students will apply these processes and production skills:  investigating by:  exploring traditional food and fibre production and food technologies  identifying contemporary and emerging technologies for growing food and fibre and preparing foods  generating, developing, and communicating design ideas for:  a food product  producing by working safely with tools and materials to create a food product  evaluating design ideas and processes for the product  collaborating as well as working individually throughout the design and production  managing by sequencing production steps.	In this unit students will investigate how forces and the properties of materials affect the behaviour of a product or system, make a pinball machine, and design a games environment in which it can be used.  They will explore the role of people in engineering technology occupations and how they address factors that meet client needs.  Students will apply these processes and production skills to:  • investigating materials, technologies for shaping and joining, and how designs meet people's needs  • generating and refining design ideas for a pinball machine and a games environment  • producing a pinball machine that meets the design brief  • evaluating their design and production processes  • collaborating and managing by working with others and developing sequenced steps.  We are modifying this unit so it fits with Primary Connections unit – Magnetic Moves (Physical Science: Yr4) Students will produce a maze or a racetrack game using magnetics.	In this unit, students will investigate the suitability of materials, systems, components, tools and equipment for specific purposes. They will repurpose a clothing item with other recycled materials to create a useful item. They will explore the role of people in Design and Technologies occupations as well as factors, including sustainability that impact on designs that meet community needs.  Students will apply the following processes and production skills:  • Investigating by:  • communicating with clients and critiquing needs or opportunities for designs  • testing materials including fabrics and exploring techniques for shaping and joining them  • identifying examples of recycling, upcycling and reusing.  • Generating design ideas for a useful item and communicating them with annotated design drawings.  • Producing a useful item by selecting relevant tools and resources, and using them safely.  • Evaluating design ideas, processes and solutions.  • Collaborating as well as working individually throughout the process.  • Managing by sequencing production steps.			

ASSESSMENT		Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 1	
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	
	Description	What's For Lunch? Students design and make a lunch item that includes modern and traditional technologies.	Design a Magnetic Game:  Students make a maze or racetrack game and design a games environment for its use.	Repurpose It!:  Students apply understanding of the properties of materials and components to repurpose an item of clothing into another useful item.	
	Mode	Portfolio	Portfolio	Portfolio	
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	Assessment of the unit is a portfolio which will include:  • the project journal (this may be an exercise book in which responses are written and drawn; a digital folio including multimedia responses such as typed notes, photographs, video recordings, drawings and mind maps; or an alternative format)  • observational records of production skills  • the lunch item produced.	Assessment of the unit is a project portfolio that will include:  • the project journal. This may be an exercise book in which responses are written and drawn; a digital folio including multimedia responses such as typed notes, photographs, video recordings, drawings and mind-maps; or an alternative format  • observational records of production skills  Assessment checkpoints are provided throughout the topic outlines, identifying appropriate times to conduct assessment activities and record evidence of learning.	Students may work in groups provided their project folios are completed independently.  The choice of materials, tools and techniques will depend on teacher decisions and what is available in the school.  Assist students with reading and writing of tasks where necessary.  Teacher checkpoints have been provided in the assessment.  The project folio documents student work including the pages of the assessment task. It also includes some or all of these elements:  notes and sketches samples of materials including results of shaping or joining trials prototypes and finished product.	
Aspects of the achievement stand	lard				
meet needs of communities and their environ describe contributions of people in design and occupations  describe how the features of technologies car	explain how products, services and environments are designed to best meet needs of communities and their environments  describe contributions of people in design and technologies occupations  describe how the features of technologies can be used to produce designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts				
create designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts  explain needs or opportunities and evaluate ideas and designed solutions against identified criteria for success, including environmental sustainability considerations  develop and expand design ideas and communicate these using models and drawings including annotations and symbols plan and sequence major steps in design and production identify appropriate technologies and techniques and demonstrate safe work practices when producing designed solutions					



## Australian Curriculum: Digital Technologies Year 3-4 *Band level plan*

CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard	
	By the end of Year 4, students describe how a range of digital systems (hardward They explain how the same data sets can be represented in different ways.	e and software) and their peripheral devices can be used for different purposes.
	Students define simple problems, design and implement digital solutions using all solutions meet their purposes. They collect and manipulate different data when constructions systems for identified needs using agreed protocols and describe how information	reating information and digital solutions. They safely use and manage information
	Unit 1 - Year 3	Unit 2 - Year 4
Unit name	Unit 1: What digital systems do you use?	Unit 2: What's your waste footprint?
Unit description	Students explore and use a range of digital systems including peripheral devices and create a digital solution (an interactive guessing game) using a visual programming language. They:	Students explore and manipulate different types of data and transform data into information. They create a digital solution that presents data as meaningful information to address a school or community issue (such as how lunch waste can be reduced). They:
	<ul> <li>identify and explore a range of digital systems and their use to meet needs at home, in school and in the local community, and use a range of peripheral devices to transmit data</li> </ul>	recognise different types of data and represent the same data in different ways
	define simple problems and identify needs	<ul> <li>collect, access and present data as information using simple software (such as spreadsheets)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>develop technical skills in using a visual programming language to create a digital solution</li> </ul>	explore and describe how a range of common information systems present data as information to meet personal, school and community needs
	<ul> <li>describe, follow and apply a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) in non-digital contexts and when using a visual programming language</li> </ul>	develop skills in computational and systems thinking when solving problems
	implement a simple digital solution that involves branching algorithms and user input when creating a simple guessing game	<ul><li>and creating solutions</li><li>plan, create and communicate ideas and information independently and with</li></ul>
	explain how their solutions and existing information systems, such as learning software, meet personal, school and community needs	<ul> <li>others, applying agreed ethical and social protocols</li> <li>explain how existing information systems meet personal, school and</li> </ul>
	develop skills in computational and systems thinking when solving simple problems and creating solutions	community needs.
Required Time Allocation	1 hour per week	1 hour per week
Suggested Partner Units	Year 3 – All Science units 1, 2, 3 or 4	Geography HASS Unit 2 Version 8, Mathematics – Year 4 Unit 4
Suggested Semester of Delivery	Semester 1 Term 2 Technology to match with Science Unit	Year 4 Semester 2 Term 4
Required Resources	Internet connection, all students need a computer or tablet, visual programming software such as Scratch	Spreadsheet software eg Excel, Internet connection, all students need a computer or tablet
Alternative Resource Suggestions		
Required Teacher Capability	Upskill in Scratch program	Upskill in Excel program
Teachers will naturally need to gain familiarity and some level of competency in the use of the software that will be used by the students. For most of the commonly used applications numerous tutorials are available online. Microsoft IT Academy has online tutorials on a range of software and is available to DET teachers. Consider also the experience you have to lead your teams through a workshop in-service.		

ASSESSMENT		Unit 1 - Coding	Unit 2 - Data
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Technique		
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Type of text		
	Mode		
	Conditions	Various checkpoints and assess as you go	
Aspects of the achievement standard	l e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		
describe how a range of digital systems (hardw can be used for different purposes.	are and software) and their peripheral devices		
explain how the same data sets can be represe	nted in different ways.		
define simple problems, design and implement decision-making and user input.	digital solutions using algorithms that involve		
explain how the solutions meet their purposes.			
collect and manipulate different data when crea			
safely use and manage information systems for	identified needs using agreed protocols		
describe how information systems are used			





## Australian Curriculum: Drama — Years 3 to 4 Band Plan

2019 CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard	
	By the end of Year 4, students describe and discuss si perform and view. They discuss how they and others of Students use relationships, tension, time and place and devised and scripted drama. They collaborate to plan,	organise the elements of drama in their drama.  d narrative structure when improvising and performing
	YEAR 3	YEAR 4 & 3/4
	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
	Unit 1	Unit 3
Unit name	Dramatic Traditions	Exploring Issues through Drama
Unit description	In this unit, students make and respond to drama by exploring dramatic traditions and practices in stories of Australia (including Aboriginal drama and Torres Strait Islander drama) and Australia's neighbouring countries as stimulus.  Students will:  • explore ideas and narrative structures of stories from Australia and neighbouring countries through roles and situations and use empathy in their own improvisations and devised drama  • use voice, body, movement and language to sustain role and relationships and create dramatic action with a sense of time and place  • shape and perform dramatic action using narrative structures and tension in devised and scripted drama  • identify intended purposes and meaning of drama using the elements of drama to make comparisons.	In this unit, students will make and respond to drama by investigating ways that issues and ideas about the world can be explored and expressed through drama. Students will:  • explore ideas and narrative structures through roles and situations and use empathy in their own improvisations and devised drama around an issue  • use voice, body, movement and language to sustain role and relationships and create dramatic action with a sense of time and place in an issues-based drama  • shape and perform dramatic action around an issue using narrative structures and tension in devised and scripted drama, including exploration of Aboriginal drama and Torres Strait Islander drama  • identify intended purposes and meaning of drama, starting with Australian drama, including drama of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples, using the elements of drama to make comparisons.

ASSESSMENT		YEAR 3 SEMESTER 1	YEAR 4 & 3/4 SEMESTER 2		
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1		
	Description	Students devise, perform and respond to a drama based on storytelling.	Students devise, respond to and perform drama about an issue.		
	Mode	Collection of work	Collection of work		
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	<ul> <li>Undertaken in groups</li> <li>Individual contributions assessed in collaborative tasks</li> <li>Length:         <ul> <li>Making — Devising: 15–30 seconds per student</li> <li>Responding: 30–200 words</li> <li>Making — Performing: 1–2 minutes</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Undertaken in small groups</li> <li>Stimulus and a framework provided by the teacher</li> <li>Length:         <ul> <li>Making — Devising: 15–30 seconds per person</li> <li>Responding: 30–200 words</li> <li>Making — Performing: 1–2 minutes</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Aspects of the achievement standar	·d				
Describe and discuss similarities and differences be they make, perform and view.	etween drama				
Discuss how they and others organise the elements of drama in their drama.					
Use relationships, tension, time, place and narrative improvising devised and scripted drama.					
Collaborate to plan, make and perform drama that of ideas.	communicates				



## Australian Curriculum: Visual Arts — Years 3 to 4 Band Plan

2019 CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard  By the end of Year 4, students describe and discuss similarities and differences between artworks they make, present and view. They discuss how they and others use visual conventions in artworks.				
	Students collaborate to plan and make artworks that an visual conventions, techniques and processes to comm				
	YEAR 3	YEAR 4 & 3/4			
	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1			
	Unit 2	Unit 1			
Unit name	Tiny worlds	Meaning in found objects			
Unit description	In this unit, students explore through the manipulation of visual language to represent human connections to imagined environments inspired by real places.	In this unit, students will explore the communication of cultural meaning through found objects and surface manipulation. They will make, display and discuss their own and others' artworks.			
	Students will:	Students will:			
	explore and identify purpose and meaning of visual language and symbolism in artworks by artists from different cultures who communicate relationships to	explore visual conventions (plaster-cast relief sculpture, mixed media, mould making, found objects, surface manipulation)			
	<ul><li>environments and places</li><li>experiment with visual conventions and visual</li></ul>	<ul> <li>represent ideas (display / art conversations / reflections)</li> </ul>			
	language to depict personal responses and qualities of imaginary environments inspired by real places (mixed-media techniques, colour relationships -	compare artworks and use art terminology to communicate meaning			
	warm/cool; application of materials - harsh/gentle)	explore artworks from Aboriginal artists and Torres     Strait legander artists which represent the legal through			
	collaborate, plan and create an artwork to depict an imaginary tiny world	Strait Islander artists which represent the land through symbolic pattern			
	compare contemporary artworks of artists that communicate personal experience with environments and natural landforms and use art terminology to communicate meaning.				

ASSESSMENT		YEAR 3	YEAR 4 & 3/4	
		SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1	
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	
	Description	Students explore human connections to real and imagined places as inspiration for constructing mixed-media artworks.	Students explore how found objects can communicate meaning in three-dimensional artworks.	
	Mode	Collection of work	Collection of work	
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions		<ul> <li>Undertaken individually and in groups.</li> </ul>	•Undertaken individually and in groups	
assessment conventions		•To be completed in a number of supervised	•Undertaken in class time	
	Conditions	sessions.  • Length of written responses 30–200 words.	<ul> <li>Students able to seek assistance from their teacher regarding comprehension and interpretation of</li> </ul>	
		Individual contributions assessed in collaborative	sources	
		tasks.	◆Length — written responses 30–200 words	
Aspects of the achievement standar	d			
Describe and discuss similarities and difference artworks they make, present and view.	es between			
Discuss how they and others use visual conventions in artworks.				
Collaborate to plan and make artworks that are artworks they experience.	e inspired by			
Use visual conventions, techniques and proces communicate their ideas.	sses to			



## Year 4

#### Year Level and Band Plans



The year and/or band plans captures:

- an overview of the curriculum for each learning area and/or subject in each year and/or band;
- an overview of the range and balance of summative assessment correlates to the students' assessment folio in each learning area and/or subject;
- common assessment to support the whole school approach to moderation





## Australian Curriculum: English — Year 4: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

Receptive modes (listening, reading and viewing)

By the end of Year 4, students understand that texts have different text structures depending on purpose and context. They explain how language features, images and vocabulary are used to engage the interest of audiences. They describe literal and implied meaning connecting ideas in different texts

They fluently read texts that include varied sentence structures, unfamiliar vocabulary including multisyllabic words. They express preferences for particular types of texts, and respond to others' viewpoints. They listen for and share key points in discussions.

Productive modes (speaking, writing and creating)

Students use language features to create coherence and add detail to their texts. They understand how to express an opinion based on information in a text. They create texts that show understanding of how images and detail can be used to extend key ideas.

Students create structured texts to explain ideas for different audiences. They make presentations and contribute actively to class and group discussions, varying language according to context. They demonstrate understanding of grammar, select vocabulary from a range of resources and use accurate spelling and punctuation, re-reading and editing their work to improve meaning.

CURRICULUM		SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER 2		
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6
Unit name	Investigating author's language in a familiar narrative (4 weeks)	Examining humour in poetry (4 weeks)	Examining traditional stories (8 weeks)	Exploring recounts set in the past (4 weeks)	Exploring a quest novel (4 weeks)	Examining persuasion in advertisements and product packaging (8 weeks)
Unit description	Students read a narrative and examine and analyse the language features and techniques used by the author. They create a new chapter for the narrative for an audience of their peers.	Students read and listen to a range of humorous poems by different authors. They identify structural features and poetic language devices in humorous poetry. They use this knowledge to innovate on poems and evaluate the poems by expressing a personal viewpoint using evidence from the poem.	Students read and analyse traditional stories from Asia and from Aborginal peoples' and Torres Strait Islander peoples' histories and cultures. They demonstrate understanding of the stories by identifying structural and language features, finding literal and inferred meaning and explaining the message or moral. Students plan, create and present a traditional story which includes a moral for a younger audience.	Students listen to, read and explore a variety of historical texts including historical and literary recounts written from different people's perspectives. There are two assessment tasks: a reading comprehension and a spoken presentation. In the reading comprehension task, students answer questions about different historical texts. In the spoken presentation, students present an account of events in the role of a person who was present at the arrival of the First Fleet.	Students read and analyse a quest novel. Throughout the unit, students are monitored as they post comments and respond to others' comments in a discussion board to demonstrate understanding of the quest novel. Students also write a short response explaining how the author represents the main character in an important event in the quest novel.	Students recognise and analyse characteristic ideas and persuasive techniques including language features and devices, audio effects and visual composition in advertisements and their impact on the target audience. Students use appropriate metalanguage to describe the effects of persuasive techniques used on a breakfast cereal package and report these to peers. Students use word processing software tools to manipulate text and images to create an effective composition for a breakfast cereal. They write and present a persuasive speech to promote their cereal.

									their cere	eal.
ASSESS	SMENT			SEME	STER 1			SEMEST	ΓER 2	
		Term 1  Summative Summative Assessment Task Assessment		Term 2  Summative Summative Assessment Assessment Task		Term 3  Summative Summative Summative Assessment Task Assessment Assessment		Term 4 Summative Assessment		
			1 (Unit 1)	Task 2 (Unit 2)	Task 1 (unit 3)	2 (unit 3)	1 (Unit 4)	Task 2 (Unit 4)	Task 3 (unit 5)	Task 1 (Unit 6)
Range an		Technique	Composing Text	Responding to text	Composing text	Responding to text	Responding to text	Composing text	Composing text	Responding to text
balance c		Type of text	Imaginative text	Informative text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	Imaginative text	Informative text	Persuasive text
summativ assessm		Mode	Written	Reading Comprehension	Written & Oral	Reading	Reading Comprehension	Written & Oral	Written	Reading/Viewing Comprehension
conventio			A new chapter	Interpret and evaluate	Create and present a	Guided Reading	Comprehending	Spoken presentation	Written response	Reading & Viewin
		Conditions	Open conditions:  • Length: 200–300 words  • Undertaken individually  • Prior notice of the assessment  • Access to resources (e.g. dictionary, familiar novel) allowed  • Drafting in lesson time with access to peer conferencing and teacher feedback	a humorous poem  Supervised conditions:  Undertaken individually Unseen assessment  Stimulus materials provided with assessment  Completed under test conditions Completed over two supervised sessions  Length: two lessons	traditional story  Supervised conditions:  Undertaken individually  Prior notice of the assessment  Access to resources (dictionary, thesaurus, word walls) allowed  Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing	Checklist  Supervised conditions:  Undertaken individually  Completed during guided reading activities  Initiated by class teacher  Students read a traditional Asian story	historical accounts  Supervised conditions:  • Undertaken individually  • Completed under test/exam conditions	Open conditions:  Undertaken individually Prior notice of the assessment Stimulus material provided with assessment Access to resources (e.g. dictionary, research materials) allowed Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing Presented in class to audience of peers Length: Two minutes	Open conditions:  Undertaken individually Prior notice of the assessment Access to resources allowed Planning and drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing Length: 200–300 words	Comprehension  Supervised conditions:  Undertaken individually  Unseen assessment  Stimulus materia provided with assessment  Completed under test/exam conditions  Blow up the stimulus picture (Harrison's Sunn Honey Crispies) A3 and wrap around a cereal box.  Provide a few life size boxes for groups of childret to access.  Collect 2 or 3 samples of anoth cereal for the comparison task (This could be pictures of the fro back and sides o cereal package).
Aspects achieve	ement st	andard								
and		ending on purpose and								
	Explain how la	nguage features, images								
rode Jing (	interest of audi									
Receptive mo (listening, readii viewing)		as in different texts.								
g, r		exts that include varied								
Receptive stening, rea viewir	vocabulary incl	tures, unfamiliar luding multisyllabic words.								
Rester	of texts, and re	ences for particular types spond to others'								
≝		share key points in								
		features to create								
	Understand ho	l add detail to their texts. w to express an opinion								
" bu	Create texts th	at show understanding of								
g g		nd detail can be used to								
Productive modes peaking, writing and creating)	•						1			
v kr	for different au									
oductive m aking, writi creating)	actively to class	tions and contribute s and group discussions,								
kir du		ge according to context. nderstanding of grammar								
Pro		ary from a range of								
Pre (spe	resources	spelling and punctuation								
}		d editing their work to								
	improve meani									



### Australian Curriculum: Mathematics — Year 4: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 4, students choose appropriate strategies for calculations involving multiplication and division. They recognise common equivalent fractions in familiar contexts and make connections between fraction and decimal notations up to two decimal places. Students solve simple purchasing problems. They identify and explain strategies for finding unknown quantities in number sentences. They describe number patterns resulting from multiplication. Students compare areas of regular and irregular shapes using informal units. They solve problems involving time duration. They interpret information contained in maps. Students identify dependent and independent events. They describe different methods for data collection and representation, and evaluate their effectiveness.

Students use the properties of odd and even numbers. They recall multiplication facts to 10 x 10 and related division facts. Students locate familiar fractions on a number line. They continue number sequences involving multiples of single digit numbers. Students use scaled instruments to measure temperatures, lengths, shapes and objects. They convert between units of time. Students create symmetrical shapes and patterns. They classify angles in relation to a right angle. Students list the probabilities of everyday events. They construct data displays from given or collected data

CURRICULUM	SEMESTER 1			SEMESTER 2		
	Term 1	Term 2		Term 3	Term 4	
Unit name	Unit 1 (8 weeks)	Unit 2 (8 wee	eks)	Unit 3 (8 weeks)	Unit 4 (8 weeks)	
Unit description	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	Students hav	ve opportunities to develop understandings	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	
	Number and place value - make connections between representations of numbers; partition and combine numbers flexibly, recall multiplication facts; formulate, model and record authentic situations involving operations; compare large numbers; generalise from number properties and results of calculations; and derive strategies for unfamiliar multiplication and division tasks      Fractions and decimals - communicate sequences of simple fractions      Using units of measurement (Time) - use appropriate language to communicate times, compare time durations and use instruments to accurately measure lengths, use am and pm notation, solve simple time problems.  Patterns and algebra - using properties of numbers to continue patterns.  Chance - comparing dependent and independent events; describing probabilities of everyday events.  Data representation and Interpretation - collecting and recording data; communicating information using graphical displays and evaluating the appropriateness of different displays.	digit number numbers, pa place value p of five-digit r identify odd : properties of about adding even numbe solve multipl recording m mental and v and subtract problems, c strategies to Patterns an patterns.  Fractions at the proportio family and th number lines fraction prob Shape - ider shapes with shapes using - Location and and plans, ic turns and ev of a compas purpose of s explore map explore appr - Geometric r angles, iden mark angles  Money and aclaculate che fide mark angles  Money and calculate che did not place to the subset of the	I transformation - investigate the features on maps lentify the need for legends, find locations using ryday directional language, identify cardinal points s, investigate compass directions on maps, the cale, apply and calculate scale on maps and plans, ping conventions, plan and plot routes on maps, opriate units of measurement easoning - identify angles, construct and label right tify and construct angles not equal to a right angle, not equal to a right angle. financial mathematics - explore strategies to ange, solve problems involving purchases and the f change, explore Asian currency and calculate	Money and financial mathematics - represent, calculate and round amounts of money required for purchases and change.     Number and place value - sequence number values; apply number concepts and place value understanding to the calculation of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division.     Fractions and decimals - partition to create fraction families; identify, model and represent equivalent fractions; count by fractions; solve simple calculations involving fractions with like denominators, model and represent tenths and hundredths, make links between fractions and decimals, count by decimals, compare and sequence decimals.  Location and transformation - investigate different types of symmetry, analyse and create symmetrical designs.  Using units of measurement - use scaled instruments to measure and compare length, mass, capacity and temperature, measure areas using informal units and investigate standard units of measurement  Shape - compare the areas of regular and irregular shapes using informal units of area measurement  Patterns and algebra - use equivalent addition and subtraction number sentences to find unknown quantities.	Practions and decimals - count and identify equivalent fractions, locate fractions on a number line, read and write decimals, identify fractions and corresponding decimals, compare and order decimals (to hundredths)  Chance - describe the likelihood of everyday chance events, order events on a continuum  Data representation and interpretation - write questions to collect data, collect and record data, display and interpret data  Patterns and algebra — investigate and describe number patterns, solve word problems and use equivalent multiplication and division number sentences to find unknown quantities.  Number and place value - calculate using a range of mental and written strategies with 2 and 3 digit numbers, recall multiplication and related division facts, calculate multiplication and division using a range of mental and written strategies, solve problems involving the four operations.  Money and financial mathematics - calculate change to the nearest five cents, solve problems involving purchases  Shape - measure area of shapes, compare the areas of regular and irregular shapes by informal means  Using units of measurement - measure and compare volume,	

ASSESSMENT				SEME	STER 1					SEME	STER 2		
			Term 1			Term 2			Term 3			Term 4	
		Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 4)
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Description	Solving multiplication and division problems Students recall multiplication and division facts and solve problems.	Identifying and explaining chance events Students identify dependent and independent events and explain the chance of everyday events occurring.	Investigating time Students solve problems involving the duration of time and convert between units of time.	Number Patterns Students continue and describe number patterns resulting from multiplication.	Using the properties of odd and even numbers Students use the relationships between the four operations and odd and even numbers.	Recalling multiplication and division facts, interpreting simple maps and classifying angles Students recall multiplication and division facts, interpret information contained in simple maps and classify angles in relation to a right angle.	Recognising and locating fractions Students locate familiar fractions on a number line and recognise common equivalent fractions in familiar contexts.	Comparing areas and using measurements  Students compare areas of regular and irregular shapes using informal units. To use scaled instruments to measure temperature, mass, capacity and length. To recall multiplication and division facts.	Sizzling symmetry  Students identify and create symmetrical patterns	Connecting decimals and fractions  Students demonstrate and explain the connections between fractions and decimals to hundredths.	Solving purchasing problems  Students solve simple purchasing problems including the calculation of change.	Analysing data  Students define the different methods for data collection and representation, and evaluate their effectiveness. To construct data displays from given or collected data.
	Mode	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Investigation	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Investigation	Short answer questions	Investigation	Short answer questions
Aspects of the ac	chievement												
choose appropriate calculations involvir division	estrategies for ng multiplication and												
recognise common in familiar contexts	equivalent fractions												
make connections to decimal notations uplaces	between fraction and p to two decimal												
solve simple purcha	asing problems												
identify and explain finding unknown qu sentences													
describe number pa from multiplication	atterns resulting												
compare areas of re shapes using inform													
solve problems invo	olving time duration												
	n contained in maps												
identify dependent events	and independent												
describe different m collection and repr evaluate their effec	esentation, and												
use the properties on numbers	of odd and even												
recall multiplication related division fact	facts to 10 x 10 and ts												
locate familiar fract line	ions on a number												
continue number se multiples of single-o	digit numbers												
use scaled instrume temperatures, lengt objects													
convert between ur	nits of time												
create symmetrical patterns	shapes and												
classify angles in reangle list the probabilities	of everyday events												
construct data displ	lays from given or												



### Australian Curriculum: Science - Year 4: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 4, students apply the observable properties of materials to explain how objects and materials can be used. They describe how contact and non-contact forces affect interactions between objects. They discuss how natural processes and human activity cause changes to Earth's surface. They describe relationships that assist the survival of living things and sequence key stages in the life cycle of a plant or animal. They identify when science is used to understand the effect of their actions.

Students follow instructions to identify investigable questions about familiar contexts and make predictions based on prior knowledge. They describe ways to conduct investigations and safely use equipment to make and record observations with accuracy. They use provided tables and column graphs to organise data and identify patterns. Students suggest explanations for observations and compare their findings with their predictions. They suggest reasons why a test was fair or not. They use formal and informal ways to communicate their observations and findings.

CURRICULUM	SEME	STER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Unit 1	Unit 3	Unit 2	Unit 4	
Unit name	Here today, gone tomorrow	Material use	Ready, set, grow!	Fast forces!	
Unit description	In this unit, students will explore natural processes and human activity that cause weathering and erosion of Earth's surface. Students relate this to their local area, make observations and predict consequences of future occurrences and human activity.	In this unit, students will investigate physical properties of materials and consider how these properties influence the selection of materials for particular purposes. Students will consider how science involves making predictions and how science knowledge helps people to understand the effect of their actions.	In this unit, students will investigate life cycles and sequence key stages in the life cycles of plants and animals. They will examine relationships between living things and their dependence on each other and on the environment.	In this unit, students will use games to investigate and demonstrate the direction of forces and the effect of contact and non-contact forces on objects. They will use their knowledge of forces to make predictions about games and complete games safely to collect data.	

ASSESSMENT		SEME	STER 1	SEMESTER 2		
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 2	Summative assessment task 3	Summative assessment task 4	
Range and balance of	Description	Summative Assessment Task - Investigating soil erosion  Students describe the natural processes and human activity that cause changes to Earth's surface. Students plan, conduct and report on an investigation of the erosion process. Students apply science understandings to formulate control strategies in real-life situations.	Investigating suitable materials to make folding craft planes based on their properties.  To plan, conduct, evaluate and report on a scientific investigation in order to explore the effects of the properties of materials in a real-life situation.	Mapping life cycles and relationships  Students understand how relationships of living things impact on their life cycle.  Students describe situations when science is used to understand the effect of actions, and organise and communicate findings.	Investigating contact and non-contact forces  Students conduct an investigation about how contact and non-contact forces are exerted on an object. Students design and investigate their own forces game, make a prediction, collect data and identify patterns. Students identify when science is used to understand the effect of their actions.	
summative assessment conventions	Mode	Assignment/Project	Experimental investigation	Research	Experimental investigation	
conventions	Conditions	Open Conditions Undertaken both individually and in groups through different parts of the assessment task. Undertaken in class time. Individual written responses held under test conditions. To be completed in a number of supervised sessions at teacher discretion	Open Conditions Undertaken in class time Three lessons are allocated for completion Some components are group work	Open Conditions  • Undertaken individually  • Undertaken in class time  • To be completed in four sessions	Part A (1 session)  Work with a partner to play the games and collect data  Work individually to answer the questions  Write answers in the spaces provided  Complete in class time.  Part B and Part C (3 sessions)  Work individually to complete  Write their answers in the spaces provided  Use their own paper to design their game Part B: Game Design  Have the game design approved and signed by the teacher, prior to making and testing  Complete in class time.	
Aspects of the achieve	ement standard					
apply the observable properties of materia and materials can be used	als to explain how objects					
describe how contact and non-contact for between objects	ces affect interactions					
discuss how natural processes and huma Earth's surface	n activity cause changes to					
describe relationships that assist the survi sequence key stages in the life cycle of a						
identify when science is used to understan	nd the effect of their actions					
follow instructions to identify investigable contexts	questions about familiar					
make predictions based on prior knowledge						
describe ways to conduct investigations						
safely use equipment to make and record observations with accuracy						
provided tables and column graphs to organise data and identify patterns						
suggest explanations for observations and compare their findings with their predictions						
use formal and informal ways to communifindings	icate their observations and					
suggest explanations for observations and compare their findings with their predictions suggest reasons why a test was fair or not use formal and informal ways to communicate their observations and						



### Australian Curriculum: Humanities and Social Sciences - Year 4: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 4, students recognise the significance of events in bringing about change and the importance of the environment. They explain how and why life changed in the past and identify aspects of the past that have remained the same. They describe the experiences of an individual or group in the past. They describe and compare the diverse characteristics of different places at local to national scales. Students identify the interconnections between components of the environment and between people and the environment. They identify structures that support their local community and recognise the importance of laws in society. They describe factors that shape a person's identity and sense of belonging. They identify different views on how to respond to an issue or challenge.

Students develop questions to investigate. They locate and collect information and data from different sources, including observations to answer these questions. When examining information, they distinguish between facts and opinions and detect points of view. They interpret data and information to identify and describe distributions and simple patterns and draw conclusions. They share their points of view, respecting the views of others. Students sequence information about events and the lives of individuals in chronological order with reference to key dates. They sort, record and represent data in different formats, including large-scale maps using basic cartographic conventions. They reflect on their learning to propose action in response to an issue or challenge, and identify the possible effects of their proposed action. Students present ideas, findings and conclusions using discipline-specific terms in a range of communication forms.

CURRICULUM	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	
	Summative Assessment Task 1	Summative Assessment Task 2	
Unit name	Australia before, during and after European settlement	Using places sustainably	
Unit description	In this unit, students:	In this unit, students:	
	<ul> <li>draw conclusions about how the identities and sense of belonging for</li> </ul>	o explore the concept of 'place' with a focus on Africa and South America	
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples in the past and present were and continue to be affected by British	o describe the relative location of places at a national scale	
	colonisation and the enactment of terra nullius	o identify how places are characterised by their environments	
	analyse the experiences of contact between Australia's First Peoples and others, and the effects these interactions had on people and the	<ul> <li>describe the characteristics of places, including the types of natural vegetation and native animals</li> </ul>	
	environment     make connections between world history events between the 1400s and	<ul> <li>examine the interconnections between people and environment and the importance of environments to animals and people</li> </ul>	
	the 1800s, and the history of Australia, including the reasons for the colonisation of Australia	<ul> <li>identify the purpose of structures in the local community, such as local government, and the services these structures provide for people and places</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>investigate the experiences of European explorers, convicts, settlers and Australia's First Peoples, and the impact colonisation had on the lives of different groups of people</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>investigate how people use, and are influenced by, environments and how sustainability is perceived in different ways by different groups and involves careful use of resources and management of waste</li> </ul>	
	examine the purpose of laws and distinguish between rules and laws	o recognise the knowledge and practices of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait	
	<ul> <li>explore the diversity of different groups in their local community</li> </ul>	Islander peoples in regards to places and environments	
	<ul> <li>consider how personal identity is shaped by aspects of culture, and by the groups to which they belong</li> </ul>	propose actions for caring for the environment and meeting the needs of people	

ASSESSMENT		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
		Summative assessment task 1 Portfolio	Summative assessment task 2 Research
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	Australia before, during and after European settlement Students explain aspects of life in Australia, before, during and after European settlement.  Part A: James Cook's first journey Students will:  • locate information from different sources to answer questions  • recognise the significance of events in bringing about change  • describe the experiences of an individual in the past  • sequence information about the lives of individuals in chronological order with reference to key dates  • present ideas, findings and conclusions using discipline-specific terms in a range of communication forms  Part B: How and why life changed for convicts on the First Fleet Students will:  • describe the experiences of an individual or group in the past  • explain how and why life changed in the past and identify aspects of the past that have remained the same  • sequence information about events and the lives of individuals in chronological order with reference to key dates  • distinguish between facts and opinions and detect points of view  • present ideas, findings and conclusions using discipline-specific terms in a range of communication forms	Using places sustainably Students conduct an inquiry to answer the following question: How can people use environments more sustainably?  Part A: Compare locations Students will: • sort, record and represent data in different formats, including large-scale maps using basic cartographic conventions • describe and compare the diverse characteristics of Africa and South America • recognise the importance of the environment and identify the interconnections between the environment, animals and people • identify and describe distributions and simple patterns.  Part B: Collect and represent data Students will: • identify roles of local government • develop questions to investigate waste management issues in their community • locate and collect information and data from different sources, including observations.  Part C: Analyse and interpret data Students will: • interpret data and information • identify different views on how to respond to a sustainability issue • draw conclusions.  Part D: Propose a solution Students will: • reflect on learning to propose action in response to a waste management issue • identify the possible effects of a proposed action.
Aspects of the achievement standard	d		and the parameters of the para
recognise the significance of events in bringing about ch the environment			
explain how and why life changed in the past and identify have remained the same.	y aspects of the past that		
describe the experiences of an individual or group in the	past		
describe and compare the diverse characteristics of diffenational scales	erent places at local to		
identify the interconnections between components of the people and the environment	e environment and between		
identify structures that support their local community and laws in society	d recognise the importance of		
describe factors that shape a person's identity and sense	e of belonging.		
identify different views on how to respond to an issue or	challenge		
develop questions to investigate			
locate and collect information and data from different sout to answer these questions.	urces, including observations		
distinguish between facts and opinions and detect points	s of view		
interpret data and information to identify and describe dispatterns and draw conclusions.	stributions and simple		
share their points of view, respecting the views of others	5		
sequence information about events and the lives of individuals in chronological order with reference to key dates			
sort, record and represent data in different formats, inclu basic cartographic conventions.	uding large-scale maps using		
reflect on their learning to propose action in response to identify the possible effects of their proposed action	an issue or challenge and		
present ideas, findings and conclusions using discipline-communication forms	-specific terms in a range of		



**SEMESTER 2** 

YEAR 4

**SEMESTER 1** 

### Australian Curriculum: Health - Year 3 to 4: Year Level Band Plan

YEAR 3

**SEMESTER 1** 

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 4, students recognise strategies for managing change. They identify influences that strengthen identities. They investigate how emotional responses vary and understand how to interact positively with others in a variety of situations. Students interpret health messages and discuss the influences on healthy and safe choices. They understand the benefits of being healthy and physically active. They describe the connections they have to their community and identify local resources to support their health, wellbeing, safety and physical activity.

Students apply strategies for working cooperatively and apply rules fairly. They use decision-making and problem-solving skills to select and demonstrate strategies that help them stay safe, healthy and active. They refine fundamental movement skills and apply movement concepts and strategies in a variety of physical activities and to solve movement challenges. They create and perform movement sequences using fundamental movement skills and the elements of movement.

**SEMESTER 2** 

Indicates Physical Education

**CURRICULUM** 

		Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 2	Unit 4
Unit name		Good Friends	Feeling Safe	Culture in Australia: Positive interactions	Netiquette and online protocols
Unit description		In this unit, students investigate how emotional responses vary and understand how being a good friend helps them to interact positively with others in a variety of situations. They recognise strategies for managing change and identify how meeting challenges strengthens identity.	In this unit, students investigate how emotional responses vary and understand how to interact positively with others. They use decision-making and problem-solving skills to select and demonstrate strategies that help them stay safe. They explore risk-taking behaviours, their rights and responsibilities and explore bullying behaviours and strategies to reduce it and identify people who can help them make good decisions and stay safe.	In this unit, students participate in partner and group activities to explore the communication skills of respect and empathy and how they support positive interactions. They investigate how heritage and culture contribute to identity.	In this unit, students examine and interpret health information about cyber safety, cyberbullying and online protocols. They describe and apply strategies that can be used in online situations that make them feel uncomfortable or unsafe. They explore the importance of demonstrating respect and empathy in online relationships. They reflect on young people's use of digital technologies and online communities, and identify resources to support their safety.
ASSESSMENT	Г	YE	AR 3	YE	AR 4
		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
Range and balance of summative assessment	Description	Good Friends  Students recognise strategies for managing change and identify influences that strengthen identity. They investigate how emotional responses vary and understand how to interact positively with others.	Feeling Safe  Students investigate how emotional responses vary and understand how to interact positively with others. They use decision-making and problem-solving skills to select and demonstrate strategies that help them stay safe.	Culture in Australia  Positive interactions Students identify how heritage and culture influence identity by completing a 'Me card'. They demonstrate communication skills and strategies for working cooperatively during games from the 'Be positive' collection, and observe varying emotional responses.	Netiquette and online protocols  Students interpret health messages related to cyber safety and discuss the influences on safe online choices. They describe the connections and benefits students have within an online community and identify resources available to support their online safety.
conventions	Mode	Assignment/project	Short answer questions	Collection of Work	Collection of Work
	Conditions	Open Conditions • undertaken individually	Open Conditions • undertaken individually	Open Conditions  undertaken individually undertaken in class and home time	Open Conditions  undertaken individually  Offer reading support where required
Aspects of the a	chievement				оположения в положения в полож
recognise strategies for r	managing change				
identify influences that st	rengthen identities				
investigate how emotiona	al responses vary				
understand how to interact others in a variety of situation					
interpret health messages influences on healthy and					
understand the benefits o physically active	f being healthy and				
describe the connections community and identify Ic support their health, welll physical activity	ocal resourcesto				
apply strategies for working	ng cooperatively and				
use decision-making and problem-solving skills to select and demonstrate strategies that help them stay safe, healthy and active					
refine fundamental mover movement concepts and of physical activities and challenges	strategies in a variety				
create and perform move using fundamental mover elements of movement					

Shaded cells indicate opportunities that summative assessments provide for students to demonstrate evidence against all aspects of the achievement standard

Indicates Physical Educatio



### Australian Curriculum: Design and Technologies - Year 3 & 4 Band Plan

#### CURRICULUM **Achievement Standard** By the end of Year 4, students explain how products, services and environments are designed to best meet needs of communities and their environments. They describe contributions of people in design and technologies occupations. Students describe how the features of technologies can be used to produce designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts. Students create designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts. They explain needs or opportunities and evaluate ideas and designed solutions against identified criteria for success, including environmental sustainability considerations. They develop and expand design ideas and communicate these using models and drawings including annotations and symbols. Students plan and sequence major steps in design and production. They identify appropriate technologies and techniques and demonstrate safe work practices when producing designed solutions. Year 3 Year 3/4 Year 4 **Semester One Semester One Semester One** Unit 2 Unit 3 Unit 1 Pinball Paradise Unit name What's for Lunch? Repurpose It! In this unit, students investigate food and fibre In this unit students will investigate how In this unit, students will investigate the **Unit description** production and food technologies used in forces and the properties of materials suitability of materials, systems, modern and traditional societies. They design affect the behaviour of a product or components, tools and equipment for and make a lunch item that includes modern and system, make a pinball machine, and specific purposes. They will repurpose a traditional technologies. design a games environment in which it clothing item with other recycled They will explore how people in different times materials to create a useful item. can be used. developed food and fibre technologies to meet They will explore the role of people in They will explore the role of people in human needs. engineering technology occupations and Design and Technologies occupations Students will apply these processes and how they address factors that meet client as well as factors, including production skills: needs. sustainability that impact on designs that Students will apply these processes and · investigating by: meet community needs. exploring traditional food and fibre production production skills to: Students will apply the following and food technologies investigating materials, technologies for processes and production skills: shaping and joining, and how designs identifying contemporary and emerging Investigating by: technologies for growing food and fibre and meet people's needs · communicating with clients and · generating and refining design ideas for preparing foods critiquing needs or opportunities for · generating, developing, and communicating a pinball machine and a games designs design ideas for: environment · testing materials including fabrics and • producing a pinball machine that meets exploring techniques for shaping and a food product • producing by working safely with tools and joining them the design brief materials to create a food product · evaluating their design and production · identifying examples of recycling, up-· evaluating design ideas and processes for the processes cycling and reusing. Generating design ideas for a useful · collaborating and managing by working product collaborating as well as working individually with others and developing sequenced item and communicating them with annotated design drawings. throughout the design and production · managing by sequencing production steps. Producing a useful item by selecting We are modifying this unit so it fits with relevant tools and resources, and using Primary Connections unit - Magnetic them safely. Moves (Physical Science: Yr4) • Evaluating design ideas, processes and solutions. Students will produce a maze or a racetrack game using magnetics. · Collaborating as well as working individually throughout the process. Managing by sequencing production steps.

ASSESSMENT		Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 1	
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	
	Description	What's For Lunch? Students design and make a lunch item that includes modern and traditional technologies.	Design a Magnetic Game:  Students make a maze or racetrack game and design a games environment for its use.	Repurpose It!:  Students apply understanding of the properties of materials and components to repurpose an item of clothing into another useful item.	
	Mode	Portfolio	Portfolio	Portfolio	
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	Assessment of the unit is a portfolio which will include:  • the project journal (this may be an exercise book in which responses are written and drawn; a digital folio including multimedia responses such as typed notes, photographs, video recordings, drawings and mind maps; or an alternative format)  • observational records of production skills  • the lunch item produced.	Assessment of the unit is a project portfolio that will include:  • the project journal. This may be an exercise book in which responses are written and drawn; a digital folio including multimedia responses such as typed notes, photographs, video recordings, drawings and mind-maps; or an alternative format  • observational records of production skills  Assessment checkpoints are provided throughout the topic outlines, identifying appropriate times to conduct assessment activities and record evidence of learning.	Students may work in groups provided their project folios are completed independently.  The choice of materials, tools and techniques will depend on teacher decisions and what is available in the school.  Assist students with reading and writing of tasks where necessary.  Teacher checkpoints have been provided in the assessment.  The project folio documents student work including the pages of the assessment task. It also includes some or all of these elements:  notes and sketches  samples of materials including results of shaping or joining trials prototypes and finished product.	
Aspects of the achievement stand	ard				
explain how products, services and environme meet needs of communities and their environr describe contributions of people in design and	ments				
occupations describe how the features of technologies can be used to produce designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts					
create designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts  explain needs or opportunities and evaluate ideas and designed solutions against identified criteria for success, including environmental sustainability considerations develop and expand design ideas and communicate these using models and drawings including annotations and symbols plan and sequence major steps in design and production identify appropriate technologies and techniques and demonstrate safe work practices when producing designed solutions					



## Australian Curriculum: Digital Technologies Year 3-4 *Band level plan*

CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard				
	By the end of Year 4, students describe how a range of digital systems (hardware and software) and their peripheral devices can be used for different purposes. They explain how the same data sets can be represented in different ways.				
	Students define simple problems, design and implement digital solutions using algorithms that involve decision-making and user input. They explain how the solutions meet their purposes. They collect and manipulate different data when creating information and digital solutions. They safely use and manage information systems for identified needs using agreed protocols and describe how information systems are used.				
	Unit 1 - Year 3	Unit 2 - Year 4			
Unit name	Unit 1: What digital systems do you use?	Unit 2: What's your waste footprint?			
Unit description	Students explore and use a range of digital systems including peripheral devices and create a digital solution (an interactive guessing game) using a visual programming language. They:	Students explore and manipulate different types of data and transform data into information. They create a digital solution that presents data as meaningful information to address a school or community issue (such as how lunch waste can be reduced). They:			
	<ul> <li>identify and explore a range of digital systems and their use to meet needs at home, in school and in the local community, and use a range of peripheral devices to transmit data</li> </ul>	recognise different types of data and represent the same data in different ways			
	define simple problems and identify needs	collect, access and present data as information using simple software (such as spreadsheets)			
	<ul> <li>develop technical skills in using a visual programming language to create a digital solution</li> </ul>	explore and describe how a range of common information systems present data as information to meet personal, school and community needs			
	<ul> <li>describe, follow and apply a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) in non-digital contexts and when using a visual programming language</li> </ul>	develop skills in computational and systems thinking when solving problems and creating solutions			
	implement a simple digital solution that involves branching algorithms and user input when creating a simple guessing game	plan, create and communicate ideas and information independently and with			
	explain how their solutions and existing information systems, such as learning software, meet personal, school and community needs	<ul><li>others, applying agreed ethical and social protocols</li><li>explain how existing information systems meet personal, school and</li></ul>			
	develop skills in computational and systems thinking when solving simple problems and creating solutions	community needs.			
Required Time Allocation	1 hour per week	1 hour per week			
Suggested Partner Units	Year 3 – All Science units 1, 2, 3 or 4	Geography HASS Unit 2 Version 8, Mathematics – Year 4 Unit 4			
Suggested Semester of Delivery	Semester 1 Term 2 Technology to match with Science Unit	Year 4 Semester 2 Term 4			
Required Resources	Internet connection, all students need a computer or tablet, visual programming software such as Scratch	Spreadsheet software eg Excel, Internet connection, all students need a computer or tablet			
Alternative Resource Suggestions					
Required Teacher Capability	Upskill in Scratch program	Upskill in Excel program			
Teachers will naturally need to gain familiarity and some level of competency in the use of the software that will be used by the students. For most of the commonly used applications numerous tutorials are available online. Microsoft IT Academy has online tutorials on a range of software and is available to DET teachers. Consider also the experience you have to lead your teams through a workshop in-service.					

ASSESSMENT		Unit 1 - Coding	Unit 2 - Data
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Technique		
Range and balance of summative	Type of text		
assessment conventions	Mode		
	Conditions	Various checkpoints and assess as you go	
Aspects of the achievement standard			
describe how a range of digital systems (hardw can be used for different purposes.	are and software) and their peripheral devices		
explain how the same data sets can be represe	nted in different ways.		
define simple problems, design and implement decision-making and user input.	digital solutions using algorithms that involve		
explain how the solutions meet their purposes.			
collect and manipulate different data when crea			
safely use and manage information systems for	identified needs using agreed protocols		
describe how information systems are used			





## Australian Curriculum: Visual Arts — Years 3 to 4 Band Plan

2019 CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard  By the end of Year 4, students describe and discuss similarities and differences between artworks they make, present and view. They discuss how they and others use visual conventions in artworks.  Students collaborate to plan and make artworks that are inspired by artworks they experience. They use visual conventions, techniques and processes to communicate their ideas.			
	YEAR 3	YEAR 4 & 3/4		
	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1		
	Unit 2	Unit 1		
Unit name	Tiny worlds	Meaning in found objects		
Unit description	In this unit, students explore through the manipulation of visual language to represent human connections to imagined environments inspired by real places.	In this unit, students will explore the communication of cultural meaning through found objects and surface manipulation. They will make, display and discuss their own and others' artworks.		
	Students will:	Students will:		
	explore and identify purpose and meaning of visual language and symbolism in artworks by artists from different cultures who communicate relationships to	explore visual conventions (plaster-cast relief sculpture, mixed media, mould making, found objects, surface manipulation)		
	<ul><li>environments and places</li><li>experiment with visual conventions and visual</li></ul>	• represent ideas (display / art conversations / reflections)		
	language to depict personal responses and qualities of imaginary environments inspired by real places (mixed-media techniques, colour relationships -	compare artworks and use art terminology to communicate meaning		
	warm/cool; application of materials - harsh/gentle)	• explore artworks from Aboriginal artists and Torres Strait Islander artists which represent the land through		
	collaborate, plan and create an artwork to depict an imaginary tiny world	symbolic pattern		
	compare contemporary artworks of artists that communicate personal experience with environments and natural landforms and use art terminology to communicate meaning.			

ASSESSMENT		YEAR 3	YEAR 4 & 3/4
		SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Description	Students explore human connections to real and imagined places as inspiration for constructing mixed-media artworks.	Students explore how found objects can communicate meaning in three-dimensional artworks.
	Mode	Collection of work	Collection of work
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	<ul> <li>Undertaken individually and in groups.</li> <li>To be completed in a number of supervised sessions.</li> <li>Length of written responses 30–200 words.</li> <li>Individual contributions assessed in collaborative tasks.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Undertaken individually and in groups</li> <li>Undertaken in class time</li> <li>Students able to seek assistance from their teacher regarding comprehension and interpretation of sources</li> <li>Length — written responses 30–200 words</li> </ul>
Aspects of the achievement standar	rd		
Describe and discuss similarities and different artworks they make, present and view.	Describe and discuss similarities and differences between artworks they make, present and view.		
Discuss how they and others use visual conventions in artworks.			
Collaborate to plan and make artworks that are inspired by artworks they experience.			
Use visual conventions, techniques and proce communicate their ideas.	sses to		



## Australian Curriculum: Drama — Years 3 to 4 Band Plan

2019 CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard			
	By the end of Year 4, students describe and discuss si perform and view. They discuss how they and others of			
	Students use relationships, tension, time and place and narrative structure when improvising and performing devised and scripted drama. They collaborate to plan, make and perform drama that communicates ideas.			
	YEAR 3	YEAR 4 & 3/4		
	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Unit 1	Unit 3		
Unit name	Dramatic Traditions	Exploring Issues through Drama		
Unit description	In this unit, students make and respond to drama by exploring dramatic traditions and practices in stories of Australia (including Aboriginal drama and Torres Strait Islander drama) and Australia's neighbouring countries as stimulus.	In this unit, students will make and respond to drama by investigating ways that issues and ideas about the world can be explored and expressed through drama.  Students will:		
	Students will:	<ul> <li>explore ideas and narrative structures through roles and situations and use empathy in their own improvisations and devised drama around an issue</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>explore ideas and narrative structures of stories from Australia and neighbouring countries through roles and situations and use empathy in their own improvisations and devised drama</li> </ul>	• use voice, body, movement and language to sustain role and relationships and create dramatic action with a sense of time and place in an issues-based drama		
	<ul> <li>use voice, body, movement and language to sustain role and relationships and create dramatic action with a sense of time and place</li> <li>shape and perform dramatic action using narrative</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>shape and perform dramatic action around an issue using narrative structures and tension in devised and scripted drama, including exploration of Aboriginal drama and Torres Strait Islander drama</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>structures and tension in devised and scripted drama</li> <li>identify intended purposes and meaning of drama using the elements of drama to make comparisons.</li> </ul>	• identify intended purposes and meaning of drama, starting with Australian drama, including drama of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples, using the elements of drama to make comparisons.		

ASSESSMENT		YEAR 3	YEAR 4 & 3/4
		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Description	Students devise, perform and respond to a drama based on storytelling.	Students devise, respond to and perform drama about an issue.
	Mode	Collection of work	Collection of work
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	<ul> <li>Undertaken in groups</li> <li>Individual contributions assessed in collaborative tasks</li> <li>Length:         <ul> <li>Making — Devising: 15–30 seconds per student</li> <li>Responding: 30–200 words</li> <li>Making — Performing: 1–2 minutes</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Undertaken in small groups</li> <li>Stimulus and a framework provided by the teacher</li> <li>Length:         <ul> <li>Making — Devising: 15–30 seconds per person</li> <li>Responding: 30–200 words</li> <li>Making — Performing: 1–2 minutes</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Aspects of the achievement standar	d		
Describe and discuss similarities and differences be they make, perform and view.	etween drama		
Discuss how they and others organise the elements of drama in their drama.			
Use relationships, tension, time, place and narrative improvising devised and scripted drama.	Use relationships, tension, time, place and narrative structure when improvising devised and scripted drama.		
Collaborate to plan, make and perform drama that cideas.	communicates		



## Year 5

#### Year Level and Band Plans



The year and/or band plans captures:

- an overview of the curriculum for each learning area and/or subject in each year and/or band;
- an overview of the range and balance of summative assessment correlates to the students' assessment folio in each learning area and/or subject;
- common assessment to support the whole school approach to moderation





## Australian Curriculum: English — Year 5: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

Receptive modes (listening, reading and viewing)

By the end of Year 5, students explain how text structures assist in understanding the text. They understand how language features, images and vocabulary influence interpretations of characters, settings and events.

When reading, they encounter and decode unfamiliar words using phonic, grammatical, semantic and contextual knowledge. They analyse and explain literal and implied information from a variety of texts. They describe how events, characters and settings in texts are depicted and explain their own responses to them. They listen and ask questions to clarify content.

Productive modes (speaking, writing and creating)

Students use language features to show how ideas can be extended. They develop and explain a point of view about a text, selecting information, ideas and images from a range of resources.

Students create imaginative, informative and persuasive texts for different purposes and audiences. They make presentations which include multimodal elements for defined purposes. They contribute actively to class and group discussions, taking into account other perspectives. When writing, they demonstrate understanding of grammar using a variety of sentence types. They select specific vocabulary and use accurate spelling and punctuation. They edit their work for cohesive structure and meaning.

CURRICULUM		SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER 2		
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6
Unit name	Examining and creating fantasy texts (8 weeks)	Examining media texts (4 weeks)	Examining characters in animated film (4 weeks)	Appreciating poetry (4 weeks)	Responding to poetry (4 weeks)	Exploring narrative through novels and film (8 weeks)
Unit description	Students listen to, read and interpret a novel from the fantasy genre showing understanding of character development in relation to plot and setting. They demonstrate the ability to analyse the development of a main character through a written response. They create the first chapter of a fantasy novel, depicting contrasting fantasy characters in relation to setting and plot.	Students listen to, read, view and interpret a range of news articles and reports from journals and newspapers to respond to viewpoints portrayed in media texts. Students apply comprehension strategies, focusing on particular viewpoints portrayed in a range of media texts. They create a digital, multimodal feature article, including written and visual elements, from a particular viewpoint.	Students listen to, read, view and interpret a range of multimodal texts including comics, cartoons and animations. They produce a digital multimodal short story exploring a character's behaviour when faced with an ethical dilemma.	Students listen to, read and view a range of poetry, including, anthems, odes and other lyric poems from different contexts. They will interpret and evaluate poems, analysing how text structures and language features have been constructed by the poet, for specific purposes and effects.	Students listen to, read and view a range of poetry, including narrative poems, to create a transformation of narrative poem to a digital multimodal narrative.	Students listen to, read and view films and novels with a range of characters and involving flashbacks or shifts in time. They demonstrate understanding of the depiction of characters, setting and events in a chosen film. They create and discuss comparison of a novel and the film adaptation.

ASSES	SSMEN	Γ			SEMESTER 1	l			SEMES	TER 2	
			Ter	m 1		Term 2		Terr	n 3	Term 4	
			Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 5)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 6)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 6)
Range a		Technique	Composing text	Composing text	Responding to text	Composing text	Composing text	Responding to text	Composing text	Composing text	Responding to text
balance summat		Type of text	Informative text Written	Imaginative text Written	Persuasive text  Reading	Persuasive text Written	Imaginative text Written	Informative text Written	Imaginative text Written	Informative text Written & Oral	Imaginative text Reading
assessr convent		Mode	Character analysis	Imaginative	Comprehend a	Multimodal feature	Comic strip short	Poetry analysis	Digital multimodal	Group discussion:	Guided reading
		Conditions	Open conditions:  Undertaken individually  Access to resources (e.g. novel and dictionary) allowed  Prior notice of the assessment  Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing  Length: 250–300 words	response  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually  Prior notice of the assessment  Analysis of model response  Access to resources allowed  Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing  Length: 300 words	feature article  Supervised conditions:  Undertaken individually  Seen assessment with notice  Stimulus materials provided with assessment  Completed under test conditions  Perusal time: 5 minutes  Completed in one uninterrupted supervised session	article  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually  Prior notice of the assessment  Stimulus material provided with assessment  Access to resources allowed  Length: 300 words	story  Open Conditions  Undertaken individually Stimulus material provided with assessment Access to resources (e.g. digital editing software) Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing Submitted as an audio-visual recording or a comic strip Multimodal short story length: 8 to 16 frames and approximately 30 to 60 seconds of running time OR Comic strip short story length: 5 to 10 frames	Open conditions:  Undertaken individually Prior notice of the assessment Poem to be either selected by, or in consultation with, the teacher Access to resources allowed Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing Length: 300–500 words	Open conditions:  Undertaken individually Prior notice of the assessment Stimulus material provided with assessment Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback Length: 400 words (approx.) At least one image for each part of a plot profile (beginning/orientat ion, crisis/complication, climax and resolution) should be included as part of the presentation.	comparison of novel and film  Open conditions:  Notes prepared individually  Discussion undertaken in small groups  Access to resources allowed  Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing  Length: TBA  Notes to be submitted for marking  Tape group discussion for marking	checklist  Supervised conditions:  Undertaken individually  Completed during guided reading activities  Initiated by class teacher  Students read an extract of Storm Boy
	ts of the	e standard									
		ext structures assist in									
ve modes reading and wing)	Understand h images and v	ow language features, ocabulary influence s of characters, settings									
eptive mong, readi	decode unfan phonic, gramm contextual kn										
Receptive (listening, rea viewir	implied inform texts.	explain literal and nation from a variety of events, characters and									
Hist Hist	settings in tex explain their o	ts are depicted and own responses to them.  k questions to clarify									
	content.	features to show how									
les creating)	about a text,	extended. explain a point of view selecting information, tiges from a range of									
mod and	persuasive te purposes and Make present	ations which include									
Productive ing, writing	purposes. Contribute ac	ements for defined tively to class and group aking into account other									
Prod	perspectives. Demonstrate	understanding of g a variety of sentence									
Productive (speaking, writing	types. Select specific accurate spel	c vocabulary and use ling and punctuation. c for cohesive structure									





### Australian Curriculum: Mathematics — Year 5: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 5, students solve simple problems involving the four operations using a range of strategies. They check the reasonableness of answers using estimation and rounding. Students identify and describe factors and multiples. They identify and explain strategies for finding unknown quantities in number sentences involving the four operations. They explain plans for simple budgets. Students connect three-dimensional objects with their two-dimensional representations. They describe transformations of two-dimensional shapes and identify line and rotational symmetry. Students interpret different data sets.

Students order decimals and unit fractions and locate them on number lines. They add and subtract fractions with the same denominator. Students continue patterns by adding and subtracting fractions and decimals. They use appropriate units of measurement for length, area, volume, capacity and mass, and calculate perimeter and area of rectangles. They convert between 12- and 24-hour time. Students use a grid reference system to locate landmarks. They measure and construct different angles. Students list outcomes of chance experiments with equally likely outcomes and assign probabilities between 0 and 1. Students pose questions to gather data, and construct data displays appropriate for the data.

CURRICULUM	SEMES	STER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	
Unit name	Unit 1 (8 weeks)	Unit 2 (8 weeks)	Unit 3 (8 weeks)	Unit 4 (8 weeks)	
Unit description	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	
	Number and place value - make connections between factors and multiples, identify numbers that have 2, 3, 5 or 10 as factors, use rounding and estimating of whole numbers, represent multiplication using the split and compensate strategy, choose appropriate procedures to represent the split and compensate strategy of multiplication, use a written strategy for addition and subtraction. Round and estimate to check the reasonableness of answers, explore mental computation strategies for division, solve problems using mental computation strategies and informal recording methods, compare and evaluate strategies that are appropriate to different problems, make generalisations.  Fractions and decimals - use models to represent fractions, count on and count back using unit fractions, identify and compare unit fractions using a range of representations and solve problems using unit fractions. Add and subtract simple fractions with the same denominator.  Data representation and interpretation - build an understanding of data, develop the skill of defining numerical and categorical data, generate sample questions, explain why data is either numerical or categorical, develop an understanding of why data is collected, choose appropriate methods to record data, interpret data, generalise by composing summary statements about data  Chance - identify and describe possible outcomes, describe equally likely outcomes, represent probabilities of outcomes using fractions, conduct a chance experiment and apply understandings of probability and data collection to investigate the fairness of a game.  Using units of measurement - investigate time concepts and the measurement of time, read and represent 24-hour time, measure dimensions, estimate and measure the perimeters of rectangles, investigate metric units of area measurement, estimate and calculate area of rectangles.	Number and place value - round and estimate to check the reasonableness of answers, explore and apply mental computation strategies for multiplication and division, solve multiplication and division, problems with no remainders, solve problems using mental computation strategies and informal recording methods, compare and evaluate strategies that are appropriate to different problems and explore and identify factors and multiples.  Fractions and decimals - make connections between fractional numbers and the place value system, and represent, compare and order decimals  Location and transformation - investigate and create reflection, translation and rotation symmetry, describe and create transformation susing symmetry, transform shapes through enlargement and describe the feature of transformed shapes.  Shape - apply the properties of 3D objects to make connections with a variety of two-dimensional representations of 3D objects, represent 3D objects with 2D representations.  Geometric reasoning - identify the components of angles, compare and estimate the size of angles to establish benchmarks, construct and measure angles.  Patterns and algebra - create and continue patterns involving whole numbers, fractions and decimals, explore strategies to find unknown quantities.  Data representation and interpretation - explore methods of data representations to construct and interpret data displays, reason with data.	Number and place value - round and estimate to check an answer is reasonable, use written strategies to add and subtract, use an array to multiply one-digit and two-digit numbers, use divisibility rules to divide, solve problems involving computation and apply computation to money problems, add and subtract using mental and written strategies including the right-to-left strategy, multiply whole numbers and divide by a one-digit whole number with and without remainders.  Fractions and decimals - make connections between fractions and decimals - make connections between fractions and decimals, compare and order decimals.  Money and financial mathematics - investigate income and expenditure, calculate costs, investigate savings and spending plans, develop and explain simple financial plans.  Patterns and algebra - create, continue and identify the rule for patterns involving the addition and subtraction of fractions; use number sentences to find unknown quantities involving multiplication and division.  Using units of measurement - choose appropriate units for length, area, capacity and mass; problem-solve and reason when applying measurement to answer a question.  Location and transformation - explore mapping conventions, interpret simple maps, use alphanumeric grids to locate landmarks and plot points, describe symmetry, create symmetrical designs and enlarge shapes.	Number and place value - apply mental and written strateg to solve addition, subtraction, multiplication and division problems; identify and use factors and multiples; apply computation skills; use estimation and rounding to check reasonableness; solve problems involving addition, subtract multiplication and division; use efficient mental and written strategies to solve problems.  Fractions and decimals - apply decimal skills, recognise the place value system can be extended beyond hundredths compare order and represent decimals, locate decimals on number line, extend the number system to thousandths and beyond.  Money and financial mathematics - create simple budgets calculate with money, identify the GST component of involce and receipts, and make financial decisions.  Using units of measurement - read and represent 24-hour time, convert between 12-hour and 24-hour time.  Location and transformation - explore maps and grids, us grid to locate and describe locations, and describe positions using landmarks and directional language.  Geometric reasoning - estimate and measure angles, construct angles using a protractor.  Chance - list possible outcomes of chance experiments, describe and order chance events, express probability on a numerical continuum, compare predictions with actual data, apply probability to games of chance, make predictions in chance experiments.  Data representation and interpretation - explore types of data, investigate an issue (design data-collection questions tools, collect data, represent as a column graph or dot plot, interpret and describe data to draw a conclusion).	

ASSESSMENT		SEMESTER 1				SEMESTER 2					
			Term 1		Teri	m 2		Term 3		Ter	m 4
		Summative Assessment Task	Summative Assessment Task	Summative Assessment	Summative Assessment Task 1	Summative Assessment Task	Summative Assessment Task	Summative Assessment Task	Summative Assessment Task	Summative Assessment Task	Summative Assessment Task
		1 (Unit 1)	2 (Unit 1)	Task 3 (Unit 1)	(Unit 2)	2 (Unit 2)	1 (Unit 3)	2 (Unit 3)	3 (Unit 3)	1 (Unit 4)	2 (Unit 4)
Range and palance of summative assessment conventions	Description	Applying fraction concepts Students locate, represent, compare and order fractions and add and subtract fractions with the same denominator.	Interpreting data and posing questions to collect data Students classify and interpret data and pose questions to gather data.	Solving multiplication and division problems Students solve multiplication and division problems by efficiently and accurately applying a range of strategies, checking the reasonableness of answers using estimation and rounding.	Applying shape, angle and transformation concepts  Students measure and construct angles, make connections between three-dimensional objects and their two-dimensional representations. To describe the symmetry and transformation of two-dimensional shapes, and identify line and rotational symmetry.	Ordering and locating decimals on number lines Students order and locate a range of decimal fractions on number lines.	Continuing patterns, calculating with money and numbers Students continue patterns by adding and subtracting fractions and decimals, and identify and explain strategies for finding unknown quantities in number sentences involving the four operations. To apply a range of computation strategies to solve problems and to plan and calculate simple budgets.	Calculating measurements  Students choose appropriate units of measurement for length, area, volume, capacity and mass. To calculate perimeter and area of rectangles.	Locating landmarks Students use a grid reference system to locate landmarks.	Calculating time and identifying factors and multiples  Students convert between 12-hour and 24-hour time. To identify and describe factors and multiples of whole numbers.	Describing chance and probability  Students describe chance experiments involving equally likely outcomes and to represent those outcomes.
	Mode	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions
Aspects of the achiestandard	evement										
solve simple problem											
check the reasonabler estimation and rounding	ness ofanswers using										
identify and describe f											
identify and explain st unknown quantities in involving the four oper	number sentences										
explain plans for simp	le budgets										
connect three-dimensi two-dimensional repre	ional objects with their esentations										
describe transformation	ons of two-dimensional										
identify line and rotation	onal symmetry										
interpret different data	sets										
order decimals and ur	nit fractions										
locates decimals and number line	unit fractions on a										
add and subtract fract denominator	ions with the same										
continue patterns by a fractions and decimals	adding and subtracting										
use appropriate units of length, area, volume, of											
calculate perimeteran	d area of rectangles										
convert between 12-a	and 24-hour time										
use a grid reference sy landmarks	ystem to locate										
measure and construc	ct different angles										
list outcomes ofchance equally likely outcome probabilities between	esand assign										
construct data display data											
pose questions to gath	her data										



### Australian Curriculum: Science - Year 5: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 5, students classify substances according to their observable properties and behaviours. They explain everyday phenomena associated with the transfer of light. They describe the key features of our solar system. They analyse how the form of living things enables them to function in their environments. Students discuss how scientific developments have affected people's lives, help us solve problems and how science knowledge develops from many people's contributions.

Students follow instructions to pose questions for investigation and predict the effect of changing variables when planning an investigation. They use equipment in ways that are safe and improve the accuracy of their observations. Students construct tables and graphs to organise data and identify patterns in the data. They compare patterns in their data with predictions when suggesting explanations. They describe ways to improve the fairness of their investigations, and communicate their ideas and findings using multimodal texts.

CURRICULUM	SEME	STER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	
Unit name	Survival in the environment	Our place in the solar system	Now you see it	Matter matters	
Unit description	In this unit, students analyse the structural features and behavioural adaptations that assist living things to survive in their environment. They understand that science involves using evidence and comparing data to develop explanations.	In this unit, students will describe the key features of our solar system including planets and stars. They will discuss scientific developments that have affected people's lives and describe details of contributions to our knowledge of the solar system from a range of people.	In this unit, students will investigate the properties of light and the formation of shadows. They will investigate reflection angles, how refraction affects our perceptions of an object's location, how filters absorb light and affect how we perceive the colour of objects, and the relationship between light source distance and shadow height.	In this unit, students will broaden their classification of matter to include gases and begin to see how matter structures the world around them. They will understand that solids, liquids and gases have some shared and some distinct observable properties and can behave in different ways.	

ASSESSMENT	SEME	STER 1	SEME	STER 2
	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 2	Summative assessment task 3	Summative assessment task 4
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Creating a creature  Students analyse how the form of living things enables them to function in their environments. Students use environmental data when suggesting explanations for difference in structural features of creatures. Students communicate ideas using multimodal texts.	Exploring the solar system  Students describe key features of the solar system. Students describe how science knowledge develops from many people's contributions and explain how scientific developments have affected people's lives and solved problems. Students communicate ideas using multimodal texts.	Exploring the transfer of light Students plan, predict and conduct a fair investigation to explain everyday phenomena associated with the transfer of light. Students describe how scientific developments have affected people's lives and help us solve problems. Students describe ways to improve the fairness of their investigation and communicate ideas and findings.	Investigating evaporation and explaining solids, liquids and gases  Students plan, conduct and evaluate an investigation into a variable that affects evaporation and describe and apply knowledge of the physical properties of solids, liquids and gases. Students communicate ideas and findings using multimodal texts.
Mode	Poster/multi-modal presentation	Poster/multi-modal presentation	Experimental investigation	Experimental investigation
Conditions	Open Conditions	Open Conditions  • Undertaken in class time  • Three lessons are allocated for completion	Open Conditions  Undertaken individually  Undertaken in class time  Held under test conditions  To be completed in three sessions	Supervised Conditions Investigations may be conducted in groups of up to three.  Assessment questions to be answered independently.  Undertaken in class time.  To be completed in four sessions.
Aspects of the achievement standard				
students classify substances according to their observable properties and behaviours				
explain everyday phenomena associated with the transfer o light				
describe the key features of our solar system				
analyse how the form of living things enables them to function in their environments				
discuss how scientific developments have affected people's lives; help us solve problems and how science knowledge develops from many people's contributions				
follow instructions to pose questions for investigation				
predict the effect of changing variables when planning an investigation				
use equipment in ways that are safe				
improve the accuracy of their observations				
construct tables and graphs to organise data and identify patterns in the data				
compare patterns in their data with predictions when suggesting explanations				
describe ways to improve the fairness of their investigations				
communicate their ideas and findings using multimodal texts				



### Australian Curriculum: Health - Year 5 to 6: Year Level Band Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

omposing and performing movement sequences.

By the end of Year 6, students investigate developmental changes and transitions. They explain the influence of people and places on identities. They recognise the influence of emotions on behaviours and discuss factors that influence how people interact. They describe their own and others' contributions to health, physical activity, safety and wellbeing. They describe the key features of health-related fitness and the significance of physical activity participation to health and wellbeing. They examine how physical activity, celebrating diversity and connecting to the environment support community wellbeing and cultural understanding.

Students demonstrate fair play and skills to work collaboratively. They access and interpret health information and apply decision-making and problem-solving skills to enhance their own and others' health, safety and wellbeing. They

perform specialised movement skills and sequences and propose and combine movement concepts and strategies to achieve movement outcomes and solve movement challenges. They apply the elements of movement when

dicates Physical Education

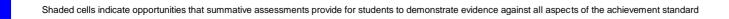
CURRICULUM	YEA	AR 5	YEAR 6		
	SEMESTER 1 SEMESTER 2		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 2	Unit 4	
Unit name	Emotional interactions	Healthy habits	Let's all be active	Transitioning	
Unit description	In this unit, students recognise that emotions and behaviours influence how people interact. They understand that relationships are established and maintained by applying skills. Students will identify practices that keep themselves and others safe and well.	In this unit, students explore the concepts of health and wellbeing and the importance of healthy habits as a preventative measure. They identify good habits and how they contribute to overall health and wellbeing.	In this unit, students investigate how physical activity creates opportunities for different groups to work together. Students identify how physical activity contributes to individual and community wellbeing. Students collect information on physical activity participation in their school setting and explore how technology can support participation in physical activity.	In this unit, students explore the feelings, challenges and issues associated with making the transition to secondary school. They devise strategies to assist them in making a smooth transition.	

				pnysical activity.	
ASSESSME	NT	YE	AR 5	YE	AR 6
		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
Range and	Description	Emotional interactions  Students recognise the influence of emotions on behaviours and discuss factors that influence how people interact. They describe their own and others' contributions to health, safety and wellbeing, and demonstrate skills to work collaboratively.	Healthy Habits  Students describe their own and others' contributions to health and wellbeing. Students access and interpret health information, and apply problem-solving skills to enhance their own and others' health and wellbeing.	Let's all be active  Students describe the significance of physical activity to health and wellbeing, to describe their own and others' contributions to safety and wellbeing. Students examine how physical activity, celebrating diversity and connecting to	Transitioning  Students investigate developmental changes and transitions, and explain the influence of people and places on identities as they transition to secondary school. Students recognise the influence of emotions and discuss factors that influence how
balance of summative	Mode	Assignment/project	Informative response	the environment support community wellbeing and cultural understanding.  Assignment/Project Health	people interact in new situations.  Research and role play
assessment conventions	Conditions	Open Conditions      complete the written activities individually     perform a role-play in a group     consult with the students should they choose to devise their own scenario     allocate three sessions to complete the assessment and perform the role-play in front of other groups     have a whole-class discussion with the students regarding the task and possible answers	Open Conditions  undertaken individually  choose one healthy habit provided and write an informative response  three written paragraphs or could be presented as an oral presentation (negotiated task)	Open Conditions  undertaken individually  follow guidelines for game development on assessment task  must use minimal equipment that is readily available  developed game must include all students safety elements must be considered	Open Conditions  • part A: undertaken individually  • two part assessment – research and role-play
Aspects of the standard	achievement				
investigate developmen transitions	ital changes and				
explain the influence of identities	people and places on				
recognise the influence behaviours and discuss how people interact					
describe their own and to health, physical activ wellbeing					
describe the key feature fitness and the significa participation to health a	nce of physical activity				
examine how physical a diversity and connecting support community well understanding	g to the environment				
demonstrate fair play as collaboratively	nd skills to work				
access and interpret health information and apply decision-making and problem- solving skills to enhance their own and others' health, safety and wellbeing					
perform specialised movement skills and sequences and propose and combine movement concepts and strategies to achieve movement outcomes and solve movement challenges					
apply the elements of m composing and perform sequences					



## Australian Curriculum: Digital Technologies: Year 5-6 Band level plan

Curriculum		Achievement Standard				
		connected to form networks. They explain how digital systems use whol Students define problems in terms of data and functional requirements a incorporate decision-making, repetition and user interface design into th	and design solutions by developing algorithms to address the problems. They eir designs and implement their digital solutions, including a visual program. They nsider sustainability. Students manage the creation and communication of ideas			
		Year 5	Year 6			
		Semester One	Semester Two			
		Unit 2	Unit 1			
	Unit name	Data changing our world	A-maze-ing digital designs			
Unit description		In this unit, students will explain how information systems meet local and community needs, represent a variety of data types in digital systems and design and create an interactive spreadsheet and share information ethically.  Students will apply a range of skills and processes when creating digital solutions. They will:  • explore information systems, including systems that deliver community information and explain how they meet needs  • collect, manage and analyse data using a range of software (such as spreadsheets)  • interpret and visualise data to create information  • define problems by considering what the need is, what data is required, who the audience is and how they will interact with the solution, and what features need to be included  • implement a digital solution that automates the processing of user input and presentation of information to solve a defined problem  • apply technical protocols such as devising meaningful file naming conventions and determining safe storage locations to protect data and information.	In this unit students engage in a number of activities, including:  • investigating the functions and interactions of digital components and data transmission in simple networks, as they solve problems relating to digital systems  • following, modifying and designing algorithms that include branching and repetition  • developing skills in using a visual programming language within a maze game context  • working collaboratively to create a new maze game.  Students will apply a range of skills and processes when creating digital solutions. They will:  • define problems by identifying appropriate data and functional requirements • design a user interface, considering design principles  • follow, modify and design algorithms using simple statements, relating particular programming language statements (steps and decisions) to actions the game  • implement their game using visual programming  • evaluate how well their solutions meet needs  Plan, create and communicate ideas within a collaborative project, and apply agreed protocols when negotiating, providing feedback, developing plans and sharing online.			
Assessment		Unit 2	Unit 1			
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1			
	Description	Students explain how information systems meet needs. Students represent a variety of data types in digital systems. Students design and create an interactive spreadsheet and share information ethically.	Students describe digital systems and their components and explain how digital systems connect together to form a network. Students create a maze game using the skills of defining, designing, implementing using visual programming, managing and evaluating.			
	Mode	Portfolio	Portfolio			
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	<ul> <li>There are three parts to the assessment task:         <ul> <li>Part A: Explain how information systems meet local and community needs.</li> <li>Part B: Represent a variety of data types in digital systems.</li> <li>Part C: Design and create an interactive spreadsheet and share information ethically.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Assessment of the unit will take the form of a portfolio that will include:         <ul> <li>written responses to questions in the assessment task</li> <li>a spreadsheet file that contains data validation tools and includes interactive features such as drop-downs to assist users to enter data for a read-a-thon</li> <li>an infographic that shares information about a lifetime of reading</li> <li>observation checklists or other evidence collected by the teacher</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The assessment is divided into two parts:         <ul> <li>Part A: Digital systems</li> <li>Part B: Create a maze game</li> <li>Both parts involve individual and collaborative elements.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The assessment can be completed at the end of the unit when the learning topics have been completed. Alternatively, assessment can be completed progressively throughout the unit. Suggested checkpoints for completing the assessment appear in the topic outlines. Teachers may choose to provide formative feedback and give students the opportunity to refine their work before moving to the next stage.</li> </ul> <li>The assessment task A-maze-ing digital designs: Portfolio has been provided for students to present evidence that aligns with the Years 5–6 Band for Digital Technologies. The Guide to making judgments assists teachers to consider quality of the student response against the achievement standard.</li> <li>The model response includes assessment task A-maze-ing digital designs: Creating a-maze-ing digital designs — Model response (video) of a completed sample visual programming maze game and assessment task A-maze-ing digital designs: Portfolio — Model response showing teacher generated answers to the questions in the assessment task.</li> <li>The assessment task A-maze-ing digital designs: Portfolio — Suggested marking guide for maze game solution contains further advice to assist teachers to evaluate the game.</li>			
Aspects of the achieven explain the fundamentals of digital sys						
(hardware, software and networks) and are connected to form networks						
explain how digital systems use whole for representing a variety of data types						
define problems in terms of data and functional requirements and design solutions by developing algorithms to address the problems incorporate decision-making, repetition and user interface design into their designs and implement their digital solutions, including a visual program explain how information systems and their solutions meet needs and consider sustainability manage the creation and communication of ideas and information in collaborative digital projects using validated data and agreed protocols						





## Australian Curriculum: Design and Technologies - Year 5 & 6 Band level plan

Achievement Standard

CURRICULUM

	technologies impact on designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts.				
	Students create designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts suitable for identified needs or opportunities. They su criteria for success, including sustainability considerations, and use these to evaluate their ideas and designed solutions. They combine dideas and communicate these to audiences using graphical representation techniques and technical terms. Students record project plans including production processes. They select and use appropriate technologies and techniques correctly and safely to produce designed solutions.				
	Year 5	Year 6			
	Semester Two	Semester One			
	Unit 1	Unit 2			
Unit name	Harvesting Good Health	Hands Off!			
Unit description	In this unit students will explore how competing factors and technologies influence the design of a sustainable service which provides a plant for the preparation of a healthy food product	In this unit students will investigate how electrical energy can control movement, sound or light in a designed product or system. They will design a solution to an environment's security need and make a prototype electrical device that is part of the solution.			
ASSESSMENT	Unit 1	Unit 2			

By the end of Year 6, students describe competing considerations in the design of products, services and environments, taking into account sustainability. They describe how design and technologies contribute to meeting present and future needs. Students explain how the features of

ASSESSMENT		Unit 1	Unit 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Description Mode	Students will design a service that provides an edible plant that can be used to create a healthy food product.  The service will involve the design of the plant's:  • packaging  • fact sheet  Portfolio	Students will design a solution to an environment's security need and make an electrical device that is part of the solution.  Portfolio
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	<ul> <li>Assessment should be implemented progressively through the unit, with each activity completed close to the relevant learning</li> <li>Topic outlines include assessment checkpoints that suggest appropriate times to complete each part of the assessment.</li> <li>Teachers can decide whether students work individually or cooperatively in groups.</li> <li>Although the assessment focuses on the provision of a service, teachers may decide to provide students with the opportunity to participate in the preparation of their healthy food product.</li> <li>The portfolio may include: <ul> <li>notes and sketches</li> <li>checklists</li> <li>observational records</li> <li>photos</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The assessment task for this unit is organised into three parts:         <ul> <li>Part A: Analyse electrical design</li> <li>Part B: Design a secure environment</li> <li>Part C: Make an electrical device</li> </ul> </li> <li>Assessment of the unit is a portfolio which will include:         <ul> <li>a project journal (this may be an exercise book in which responses are written and drawn; a digital folio including multimedia responses; or an alternative format)</li> <li>a constructed prototype electrical device</li> <li>observation records of production skills</li> </ul> </li> <li>The portfolio may also contain other items which may be used for monitoring or additional assessment of student progress such as:         <ul> <li>notes from student consultations</li> <li>activities and sheets completed throughout the unit</li> <li>photos of students at work</li> </ul> </li> <li>The activities and questions in the assessment task Hands off!     Portfolio are provided as activity page headings that may be cut and pasted into the students' project journals     </li> <li>Assessment should be implemented progressively through the unit, with each activity completed close to the relevant learning. Topic outlines include assessment checkpoints that suggest appropriate times to complete each part of the assessment</li> </ul>
Aspects of the achievement standard			
students describe competing considerations in the desi services and environments, taking into account sustain: describe how design and technologies contribute to me future needs  explain how the features of technologies impact on des for each of the prescribed technologies contexts	ability. eting present and		
create designed solutions for each of the prescribed teccontexts suitable for identified needs or opportunities suggest criteria for success, including sustainability conuse these to evaluate their ideas and designed solution combine design ideas and communicate these to audie graphical representation techniques and technical terms record project plans including production processes select and use appropriate technologies and techniques safely to produce designed solutions	siderations, and s nces using		



## Australian Curriculum: Drama — Years 5 to 6 Band Plan

2019 CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard						
	By the end of Year 6, students explain how dramatic action and meaning is communicated in drama they make, perform and view. They explain how drama from different cultures, times and places influences their own drama making.						
	Students work collaboratively as they use the elements of drama to shape character, voice and movel improvisation, playbuilding and performances of devised and scripted drama for audiences.						
	YEAR 5	YEAR 6					
	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 1					
	Unit 2	Unit 1					
Unit name	My Hero	Natural Disasters					
Unit description	In this unit, students make and respond to drama by exploring drama from different cultures, time and places in Europe and North America as stimulus.	In this unit, students make and respond to drama, exploring the impact of natural disasters on communities including stories and accounts as stimulus.					
	Students will:	Students will:					
	explore dramatic action, empathy and space in improvisations, playbuilding and scripted drama around ideas related to the interconnections between people and the environment to develop characters and situations	explore dramatic action, empathy and space in improvisations, play-building and scripted drama to develop characters and situations in response to stimulus of earthquakes, volcanoes, cyclones and floods					
	develop skills and techniques of voice and movement to create character, mood and atmosphere, and focus dramatic action	develop skills and techniques of voice and movement to create character, mood and atmosphere, and focus dramatic action					
	• rehearse and perform devised and scripted drama that develops narrative, drives dramatic tension, and uses dramatic symbol, performance styles and design elements to share community and cultural stories (including those of Europe and North America) and engage an audience	<ul> <li>rehearse and perform devised and scripted drama that develops narrative, drives dramatic tension, and uses dramatic symbol, performance styles and design elements to share community and cultural stories about the impact of natural disasters and engage an audience</li> </ul>					
	explain how the elements of drama and production elements communicate meaning by comparing drama from different social, cultural and historical contexts.	explain and compare how the elements of drama and production elements communicate meaning in drama about the impact of events (including natural disasters) in different communities.					

ASSESSMENT		YEAR 5	YEAR 6
		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Description	Students devise, perform and respond to drama based on the style of melodrama.	Students devise, perform and respond to a documentary drama.  Partner Unit – Year Six Science – Unit 3
	Mode	Collection of work	Collection of work
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	<ul> <li>Undertaken in groups</li> <li>Length:</li> <li>Making — Devising: 15–30 seconds</li> <li>Responding: 50–300 words</li> <li>Making — Performing: 1–2 minutes</li> </ul>	Undertaken individually and in groups     Individual contributions assessed in collaborative tasks     Stimulus material provided prior to assessment     Making — Devising: devised group scene — approximately two minutes     Making — Performing: performance of devised drama — approximately two minutes     Responding: written — approximately 300 words
Aspects of the achievement standa	rd		
Explain how dramatic action and meaning is or drama they make, perform and view.	communicated in		
Explain how drama from different cultures, times and places influences their own drama making.			
Work collaboratively as they use the elements of drama to shape character, voice and movement in improvisation, playbuilding and performances of devised and scripted drama for audiences.			



### Australian Curriculum: Visual Arts — Years 5 to 6 Band Plan

2019 CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard					
	By the end of Year 6, students explain how ideas are represented in artworks they make and view. They describe the influences of artworks and practices from different cultures, times and places on their art making.  Students use visual conventions and visual arts practices to express a personal view in their artworks. They demonstrate different techniques and processes in planning and making artworks. They describe how the display of artworks enhances meaning for an audience.					
	YEAR 5 YEAR 6					
	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1				
	Unit 1	Unit 1				
Unit name	The animal within	The animal within				
Unit description	In this unit, students will focus on representation of animals as companion, metaphor, totem and predator.  In this unit, students will focus on representation of animals as companion, metaphor, totem and predator.					

ASSESSMENT		YEAR 5	YEAR 6
		SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Description	Students explore artists' use of animal representations and relationship to environment as inspiration for a sculptural artwork.	Students explore artists' use of animal representations and relationship to environment as inspiration for a sculptural artwork.
Range and balance of summative	Mode	Collection of work	Collection of work
assessment conventions		Undertaken individually	Undertaken individually
	Conditions	To be completed in a number of supervised sessions	To be completed in a number of supervised sessions
		• Length of written responses: 50–300 words	Length of written responses: 50–300 words
Aspects of the achievement standa	rd		
Explain how ideas are represented in artworks view.	s they make and		
Describe the influences of artworks and practi different cultures, times and places on their ar			
Use visual conventions and visual arts practices to express a personal view in their artworks.			
Demonstrate different techniques and processes in planning and making artworks.			
Describe how the display of artworks enhance an audience.	es meaning for		





## Year 6

#### Year Level and Band Plans



The year and/or band plans captures:

- an overview of the curriculum for each learning area and/or subject in each year and/or band;
- an overview of the range and balance of summative assessment correlates to the students' assessment folio in each learning area and/or subject;
- common assessment to support the whole school approach to moderation





## Australian Curriculum: English — Year 6: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

Receptive modes (listening, reading and viewing)

By the end of Year 6, students understand how the use of text structures can achieve particular effects. They analyse and explain how language features, images and vocabulary are used by different authors to represent ideas, characters and events.

Students compare and analyse information in different and complex texts, explaining literal and implied meaning. They select and use evidence from a text to explain their response to it. They listen to discussions, clarifying content and challenging others' ideas.

Productive modes (speaking, writing and creating)

Students understand how language features and language patterns can be used for emphasis. They show how specific details can be used to support a point of view. They explain how their choices of language features and images are used.

Students create detailed texts elaborating on key ideas for a range of purposes and audiences. They make presentations and contribute actively to class and group discussions, using a variety of strategies for effect. They demonstrate an understanding of grammar, and make considered vocabulary choices to enhance cohesion and structure in their writing. They use accurate spelling and punctuation for clarity and make and explain editorial choices based on criteria.

CURRICULUM		SEMESTER 1			SEMESTER 2			
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6		
Unit name	Short stories (8 weeks)	Examining advertising in the media (4 weeks)	Exploring news reports in the media (4 weeks)	Interpreting literary texts (4 weeks)	Exploring literary texts by the same author (4 weeks)	Comparing texts (8 weeks)		
Unit description	Students listen to and read short stories by different authors. They investigate the ways authors use text structure, language features and strategies to create humorous effects. Students complete a comprehension task about a particular short story and other short stories they have read. They write a short story about a character that faces a conflict. Students also reflect on the writing process when making and explaining editorial choices.	Students read, view and listen to advertisements in print and digital media. They understand how language and text features can be combined for persuasive effect. They demonstrate their understanding of advertising texts' persuasive features through the creation of their own digital multimodal advertisement and an explanation of creative choices.	Students listen to, read and view a variety of news reports from television, radio and the internet. Students identify and analyse bias in media reports. They evaluate the effectiveness of language devices that represent ideas and events with the intent to influence an audience. They create a written response to a news report.	Students listen to, read and view extracts from literary texts set in earlier times. They demonstrate their understanding of how the events and characters are created within historical contexts. They create a literary text that establishes time and place for the reader and explores personal experiences.	Students listen to and read novels by the same author to identify language choices and author strategies used to influence the reader. They will compare two novels by the same author to identify aspects of author style. Students will prepare a response analysing author style in the novel, and participate in a panel discussion.	Students listen to, read, view and analyse literary and informative texts on the same topic. Students explore and evaluate how topics and messages are conveyed through both literary (imaginative) and informative texts, including digital texts. Students identify the author's purpose and analyse similarities and differences in texts. They compare and analyse the effectiveness of each text in its ability to deliver a message. They write arguments persuading others to a particular point of view using specific structural and language features studied during the unit. Students transform an informative text into a literary text for younger audiences.		

ASSESS	MENT			SEMESTER 1			SEMESTER 2	
			Term 1	Ter	m 2	Ter	Term 4	
			Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 5)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 6)
Range and		Technique	Composing text	Composing text	Composing text	Composing text	Responding to text	Composing text
of summa		Type of text	Imaginative text	Persuasive text	Informative text	Imaginative text	Informative text	Informative text
		Mode	Written	Written & Oral	Written	Written	Written & Oral	Written
conventions		Conditions	Writing a short story  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually Prior notice of the assessment Access to resources allowed (e.g. dictionaries, models of short stories) Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing Length: Part A: 300–400 words (approximately) Part B: 100–200 words (approximately)	Create a multimodal advertisement  Open conditions:  Undertaken individually  Prior notice of the assessment  Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing  Length:  Part A: Presentation of a digital resource including text, headline, images and recorded audio  Part B: Text (100–200 words)	Evaluation of a news report (interview transcript)  Open conditions:  • Undertaken individually • Prior notice of the assessment • Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher conferencing • Length: 300–400 words	A letter to the future  Open conditions:  • Undertaken individually  • Prior notice of the assessment  • Access to resources (e.g. dictionary) allowed  • Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing  • Length: 300 words	Panel discussion  Open Conditions  undertaken individually and in small groups prior notice of the assessment access to resources allowed (e.g. dictionary, novel) drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing presented in class to audience of peers. Length: Two to three minutes per student.	Arguing a point of view  Open conditions:  • Undertaken individually  • Drafting in lesson time with access to teacher feedback and conferencing  • Prior notice of the assessment  • Access to resources allowed  • Length: 300–400 words
Aspects standard	of the ach	nievement						
	Understand how can achieve par	v the use of text structures						
Receptive modes (listening, reading and viewing)	Analyse and exp features, images	olain how language s and vocabulary are used nors to represent ideas,						
ive ie	Compare and a	nalyse information in						
epti anir	different and con	mplex texts, explaining						
ecc ste ar	Select and use	evidence from a text to						
& ≔	explain their res	ponse to it. sions, clarifying content and						
( <b>6</b> 1	challenging other							
atir		ific details can be used to						
modes and creating)	support a point of Explain how the features and image	ir choices of language						
ctive mo		texts elaborating on key e of purposes and						
Productive ing, writing	to class and gro variety of strateg	ions and contribute actively up discussions, using a gies for effect.						
Productive (speaking, writing	grammar, and m choices to enha in their writing.	understanding of nake considered vocabulary nce cohesion and structure pelling and punctuation for						
	clarity.	in editorial choices based						
	on criteria.	in editorial criology based						





### Australian Curriculum: Mathematics — Year 6: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 6, students recognise the properties of prime, composite, square and triangular numbers. They describe the use of integers in everyday contexts. They solve problems involving all four operations with whole numbers. Students connect fractions, decimals and percentages as different representations of the same number. They solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of related fractions. Students make connections between the powers of 10 and the multiplication and division of decimals. They describe rules used in sequences involving whole numbers, fractions and decimals. Students connect decimal representations to the metric system and choose appropriate units of measurement to perform a calculation. They make connections between capacity and volume. They solve problems involving length and area. They interpret timetables. Students describe combinations of transformations. They solve problems using the properties of angles. Students compare observed and expected frequencies. They interpret and compare a variety of data displays including those displays for two categorical variables. They interpret and compare a variety of data displayed in the media.

Students locate fractions and integers on a number line. They calculate a simple fraction of a quantity. They add, subtract and multiply decimals and divide decimals where the result is rational. Students calculate common percentage discounts on sale items. They write correct number sentences using brackets and order of operations. Students locate an ordered pair in any one of the four quadrants on the Cartesian plane. They construct simple prisms and pyramids. Students describe probabilities using simple fractions, decimals and percentages.

CURRICULUM	SEME	STER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	
Unit name	Unit 1 (8 weeks)	Unit 2 (8 weeks)	Unit 3 (8 weeks)	Unit 4 (8 weeks)	
Unit description	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	Students have opportunities to develop understandings of:	
	Number and place value - Identify and describe properties of prime and composite numbers, select and apply efficient mental and written strategies to problems involving all four operations. Fractions and decimals - Order and compare fractions with related denominators, calculate the fraction of a given quantity and solve problems involving the addition and substraction of fractions with the same or related denominators, find a simple fraction of a quantity, and make connections between equivalent fractions, decimals and percentages.  Using units of measurement - solve problems involving the comparison of lengths and areas, and interpret and use timetables.  Money and financial mathematics - investigate and calculate percentage discounts of 10%, 25% and 50% on sale items. Data representation and interpretation - Revise different types of data displays, interpret data displays, investigate the similarities and differences between different data displays, identify the purpose and use of different displays and identify the difference between categorical and numerical data.  Chance - Represent the probability of outcomes as a fraction or decimal and conduct chance experiments.	Patterns and algebra - continue and create sequences involving whole numbers and decimals, describe the rule used to create these sequences and explore the use of order of operations to perform calculations.  Number and place value - select and apply mental and written strategies and Digital Technologies to solve problems involving multiplication and division with whole numbers, and identify, Geometric reasoning - make generalisations about angles on a straight line, angles at a point and vertically opposite angles, and use these generalisations to find unknown angles. Fractions and decimals - apply mental and written strategies to add and subtract decimals, solve problems involving decimals, make generalisations about multiplying whole numbers and decimals by 10, 100 and 1 000, apply mental and written strategies to multiply decimals by one-digit whole numbers, and locate, order and compare fractions with related denominators and locate them on a number line.  Shape - problem solve and reason to create nets and construct models of simple prisms and pyramids.  Using units of measurement - make connections between volume and capacity.	Money and financial mathematics - connect decimals, fractions and percentage, calculate percentages, calculate discounts of 10%, 25% and 50% on sale items     Number and place value - identify and describe properties of prime, composite, square and triangular numbers, multiply and divide using written methods including a standard algorithm, solve problems involving all four operations with whole numbers, compare and order positive and negative integers     Location and transformation - identify the four quadrants on a Cartesian plane, plot and read points in all four quadrants, describe combinations of translations, reflections and rotations.  Fractions and decimals — add and subtract fractions with related denominators, calculate a fraction of a quantity, multiply and divide decimals by powers of ten, add and subtract decimals, divide numbers that result in decimal remainders and solve problems involving fractions and decimals  Using units of measurement — connect decimals to the metric system, convert between units of measure, solve problems involving length and area and connect volume and capacity  Patterns and algebra — continue and create sequences involving whole numbers, fractions and decimals, describe the rule used to create the sequence and apply the order of operations to assist calculations.	Chance – conduct chance experiments, record data in a frequency table, calculate relative frequency, write probability as a fraction, decimal or percent, explore the effect of large trials on results, compare observed and expected frequencies.      Data representation and interpretation – compare primary and secondary data, source secondary data, explore data displays in the media, identify how displays can be misleading      Patterns and algebra and Number and place value – write a rule to describe a pattern, apply the rule to find the value of unknown terms, solve integer problems, plot coordinates in all four quadrants, solve problems using the order of operations, solve multiplication and division problems using a written algorithm.      Fractions and decimals - add, subtract and multiply decimals, divide decimals by whole numbers, calculate a fraction of a quantity and percentage discount, compare and evaluate shopping options      Geometric reasoning - measure angles, apply generalisations about angles on a straight line, angles at a point and vertically opposite angles and apply in real-life contexts      Location and transformation - apply translations, reflections and rotations to create symmetrical shapes.	

ASSESSMENT	Т			SEMESTER '	1		SEMESTER 2			
			Term 1		Ter	m 2	Ter	m 3	Te	rm 4
		Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 3 (Unit 1)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 2)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 3)	Summative Assessment Task 1 (Unit 4)	Summative Assessment Task 2 (Unit 4)
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Description	Island adventures cruise Students interpret and use timetables and cost information to determine a travel schedule.	Interpreting and comparing data displays, investigating and interpreting secondary data Students interpret, compare and analyse data displays to make decisions.	Prism investigation Students construct simple prisms and pyramids, investigating and solving problems involving area.	Applying the order of operations Students write and apply the correct use of brackets and order of operations in number sentences.	Investigating angles Students solve problems using the relationships between angles on a straight line, vertically opposite angles and angles at a point.	Identifying number properties and calculating percentage discounts  Students recognise the properties of prime, composite, square and triangular numbers, solve problems involving division and multiplication, calculate common percentage discounts on sale items and connect fractions, decimals and percentages as different representations of the same number.	Locating integers and describing transformations Students describe the use of integers in everyday contexts, locate integers on a number line, locate an ordered pair in any one of the four quadrants on the Cartesian plane and describe combinations of transformations.	Calculating fractions and decimals  Students locate fractions on a number line, solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of related fractions, calculate a simple fraction of a quantity and describe rules for sequences involving fractions and decimals. To perform calculations on decimals including multiplying and dividing by powers of 10 and make connections between capacity and volume.	Describing probabilities and comparing frequencies  Students compare observed and expected frequencies and write probabilities using simple fractions, decimals and percentages.
	Mode	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Investigation	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Short answer questions	Investigation
Aspects of the achie	vement standard									
recognise the propertie										
square and triangular n	egers in everyday contexts									
solve problems involvin	ng all four operations with									
	mals and percentages as									
different representation										
subtraction of related fr										
make connections betw the multiplication and d	veen the powers of 10 and livision of decimals									
describe rules used in s numbers, fractions and	sequences involving whole decimals									
connect decimal repres	sentations to the metric									
choose appropriate unit	ts of measurement to									
make connections betw	veen capacity and volume									
solve problems involvin	ng length and area									
interpret timetables										
describe combinations	of transformations									
solve problems using th	ne properties of angles									
compare observed and	<u> </u>									
interpret and compare a including those displays variables	a variety of data displays s for two categorical									
interpret secondary dat	a displayed in the media									
locate fractions and inte	egers on a number line									
calculate a simple fracti	ion of a quantity									
add and subtract decim										
multiply decimals and d result is rational	divide decimals where the									
calculate common perc items	centage discounts on sale									
write correct number se	entences using brackets and									
locate an ordered pair i quadrants on the Carte										
construct simple prisms	s and pyramids									
describe probabilities un decimals and percentage										



### Australian Curriculum: Science - Year 6: Year Level Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 6, students compare and classify different types of observable changes to materials. They analyse requirements for the transfer of electricity and describe how energy can be transformed from one form to another when generating electricity. They explain how natural events cause rapid change to Earth's surface. They describe and predict the effect of environmental changes on individual living things. Students explain how scientific knowledge helps us to solve problems and inform decisions and identify historical and cultural contributions.

Students follow procedures to develop investigable questions and design investigations into simple cause-and-effect relationships. They identify variables to be changed and measured and describe potential safety risks when planning methods. They collect, organise and interpret their data, identifying where improvements to their methods or research could improve the data. They describe and analyse relationships in data using appropriate representations and construct multimodal texts to communicate ideas, methods and findings.

CURRICULUM	SEME	STER 1	SEMESTER 2		
	Unit 1 Unit 2		Unit 3	Unit 4	
Unit name	Unit name Making changes		Our changing world	Life on Earth	
Unit description	In this unit, students will investigate changes that can be made to materials and how these changes are classified as reversible or irreversible. They plan investigation methods using fair testing to answer questions.	In this unit, students will investigate electrical circuits as a means of transferring and transforming electricity. They will design and construct electrical circuits to make observations, develop explanations and perform specific tasks, using materials and equipment safely.	In this unit, students explore how sudden geological changes and extreme weather events can affect Earth's surface. They consider the effects of earthquakes and volcanoes on Earth's surface and how communities are affected by these events.	In this unit. students will explore the environmental conditions that affect the growth and survival of living things. They will use simulations to plan and conduct fair tests and analyse the results of these tests.	

ASSESSMENT		SEME	STER 1	SEMESTER 2		
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 2	Summative assessment task 3	Summative assessment task 4	
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Description	Testing change: Reversible or irreversible?  Students plan and conduct an investigation into reversible and irreversible changes, including identifying variables to be changed and measured, describing potential safety risks, identifying improvements to methods and constructing texts to communicate ideas, methods and findings.	Exploring energy and electricity  Students analyse requirements for the transfer of electricity in a circuit and describe how energy can be transformed from one form to another to generate electricity. Students explain how scientific knowledge is used to assess energy sources selected for a specific purpose.	Explaining changes to the surface of Earth  Students explain how natural events cause rapid changes to Earth's surface and identify contributions to the development of science by people from a range of cultures. Students identify how research can improve data.	Investigating mouldy bread Students develop an investigable question and design an investigation into simple cause-and-effect relationships including identifying variables to be changed and measured and potential safety risks. Students collect, organise and interpret data to identify environmental factors that contribute to mould growth in bread and explain how scientific knowledge helps to solve problems.	
	Mode	Experimental investigation	Supervised assessment	Exam/Test	Experimental investigation	
	Conditions	Open Conditions Part A: Questions 1 to 5 undertaken individually (group discussion required for question 5) Part B: Conduct investigation in groups; Questions 6 to 12 undertaken individually Held under supervised conditions To be completed over three sessions	Open Conditions  • Undertaken individually  • Undertaken in class time under test conditions  • To be completed in four sessions	Supervised Conditions  • Undertaken individually  • Undertaken in class time  • Held under test conditions  • To be completed in four sessions	Open Conditions Investigations may be conducted in groups of three or less Assessment questions are answered independently Undertaken in class time Held under test conditions To be completed in four sessions	
Aspects of the achieve	ment standard					
compare and classify different types of ob materials	servable changes to					
analyse requirements for the transfer of el energy can be transformed from one form generating electricity						
explain how natural events cause rapid ch	nange to Earth's surface					
describe and predict the effect of environmental individual living things	nental changes on					
explain how scientific knowledge helps us inform decisions and identify historical and	explain how scientific knowledge helps us to solve problems and inform decisions and identify historical and cultural contributions					
	follow procedures to develop investigable questions and design investigations into simple cause-and-effect relationships					
identify variables to be changed and measured and describe potential safety risks when planning methods						
collect, organise and interpret their data, is improvements to their methods or research						
describe and analyse relationships in data representations and construct multimodal ideas, methods and findings						





### Australian Curriculum: Humanities and Social Sciences: Year 6 Year level plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 6, students explain the significance of an event/development, an individual and/or group. They identify and describe continuities and changes for different groups in the past and present. They describe the causes and effects of change on society. They compare the experiences of different people in the past. Students describe, compare and explain the diverse characteristics of different places in different locations from local to global scales. They describe how people, places, communities and environments are diverse and globally interconnected and identify the effects of these interconnections over time. Students explain the importance of people, institutions and processes to Australia's democracy and legal system. They describe the rights and responsibilities of Australian citizens and the obligations they may have as global citizens. Students recognise why choices about the allocation of resources involve trade-offs. They explain why it is important to be informed when making consumer and financial decisions. They identify the purpose of business and recognise the different ways that businesses choose to provide goods and services. They explain different views on how to respond to an issue or challenge.

Students develop appropriate questions to frame an investigation. They locate and collect useful data and information from primary and secondary sources. They examine sources to determine their origin and purpose and to identify different perspectives in the past and present. They interpret data to identify, describe and compare distributions, patterns and trends, and to infer relationships, and evaluate evidence to draw conclusions. Students sequence information about events, the lives of individuals and selected phenomena in chronological order and represent time by creating timelines. They organise and represent data in a range of formats, including large- and small-scale maps, using appropriate conventions. They collaboratively generate alternative responses to an issue, use criteria to make decisions and identify the advantages and disadvantages of preferring one decision over others. They reflect on their learning to propose action in response to an issue or challenge and describe the probable effects of their proposal. They present ideas, findings, viewpoints and conclusions in a range of communication forms that incorporate source materials, mapping, graphing, communication conventions and discipline-specific terms.

CURRICULUM		STER 1		SEMESTER 2	
Unit name	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4 &	
Unit name	Australia in the past	Australia as global citizens	Australia in a diverse world	Australia's global connections	Making decisions to benefit the community
Unit description	In this unit, students will explore the following inquiry question:  •How have key figures, events and values shaped Australian society, its system of government and citizenship?  Learning opportunities support students to:  •examine the key figures, events and ideas that led to Australia's Federation and constitution  •recognise the contribution of individuals and groups to the development of Australian society since Federation  •investigate the key institutions, people and processes of Australia's democratic and legal system  •locate, collect and interpret information from primary sources  •sequence information about events and the lives of individuals in chronological order  •develop arguments  •use criteria to make decisions and judgments  •work in groups to generate responses to issues and challenges  •propose action in response to issues and challenges.	In this unit, students will explore the following inquiry questions:  •What does it mean to be an Australian citizen?  •How have experiences of democracy and citizenship differed between groups over time and place, including those from and in Asia?  Learning opportunities support students to:  •recognise the responsibilities of citizens in Australia's democracy  •consider the shared values, right and responsibilities of Australian citizenship and obligations that people may have as global citizens  •identify different points of view  •examine continuities and changes in the experiences of Australian democracy and citizenship, including the status and rights of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples, women and children  •investigate stories of groups of people who have migrated to Australia since Federation  •evaluate the contribution of individuals and groups to the development of Australian society since Federation  •evaluate the contribution of individuals and groups to the development of Australian society since Federation  •evaluate the contribution of individuals and groups to the development of Australian society since Federation  •evaluate the contribution of individuals and groups to the development of Australian society since Federation  •evaluate the contribution of individuals and groups to the development of Australian society since Federation  •evaluate the contribution of individuals and groups to the development of Australian society since Federation  •evaluate the contribution of individuals and groups to the development of Australian society since Federation	Inquiry questions:  How do places, people and cultures differ across the world?  In this unit, students:  examine the geographical diversity of the Asia region and the location of its major countries in relation to Australia  investigate differences in the economic, demographic and social characteristics of countries across the world  consider the world's cultural diversity, including that of its indigenous peoples  identify Australia's connections with other countries  organise and represent data in large- and small- scale maps using appropriate conventions  interpret data to identify, describe and compare distributions, patterns and trends in the diverse characteristics of places  present ideas, findings, viewpoints and conclusions in a range of communication forms that incorporate source materials, mapping,	Inquiry questions:  How do Australia's global connections influence my role as a global citizen?  In this unit, students:  identify how Australia's connections with other countries change people and places  recognise the effects that people's connections with, and proximity to, places throughout the world have on shaping their awareness and opinion of those places  develop appropriate questions to frame an investigation  locate and collect useful data and information from primary and secondary sources  organise and represent data in a range of formats, using appropriate conventions  interpret data to identify, patterns and trends, and to infer relationships  identify different points of view and solutions to an issue	Inquiry questions:  How can resources be used to benefit individuals, the community and the environment?  In this unit, students:  investigate a familiar community or regional economics or business issue that may affect the individual or the local community  examine how the concept of opportunity cost involves choices about the alternative use of resources and the need to consider tradeoffs  identify the effect that consumer and financial decisions can have on the individual, the broader community and the environment  recognise the reasons businesses exist and the different ways they provide goods and services  present ideas, findings, viewpoints and conclusions in a range of communication forms that incorporate source materials, communication forms that incorporate source source materials, communication conventions and discipline-specific terms.



ASSESSMENT		SEMES	STER 1		SEMESTER 2
AGGEGGINEIT		Summative assessment task	Summative assessment task	Summative assessment task 3	Summative assessment task 4
	Description	Australia in the past  Students explain the significance of Henry Parkes in the development of the Australian nation.	Global citizens  Students investigate the rights and responsibilities of Australian citizens today and the experiences of Australian democracy and citizenship for different groups in the past.	Australia in a diverse world  Students demonstrate an understanding of the diversity of places by representing, interpreting and describing data and information about the characteristics of places.	Making decisions to benefit the community  Students explain ways that resources can be used to benefit individuals, the community and the environment.  Unit 4 & 5 have been merged into one assessment.
	Mode	Research Poster  • Parts of this task should	Exam/Test  • Students are to complete	Assignment/Project  Students are to complete	Assignment/Project  Complete assessment individually.
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	<ul> <li>Parts of this task should be conducted in groups, using lesson materials</li> <li>The essay must be written independently with</li> <li>Provide lined paper for students or access to laptops</li> <li>Teachers may use lessons to support and guide students.</li> <li>Students are able to seek support from their teacher during group activities.</li> <li>Students may use class materials, books and internet research to develop their poster</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students are to complete assessment tasks in class time.</li> <li>Teachers or helpers can:</li> <li>read questions aloud to students</li> <li>Prompt students' responses by posing additional questions.</li> <li>Visual stimulus provided may be modified to maximise student engagement.</li> <li>Sources should be seen and discussed prior to each checkpoint.</li> <li>Students are able to seek assistance from their teacher prior to the exam regarding comprehension and interpretation of sources.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students are to complete assessment tasks in class time.</li> <li>Teachers or helpers can:</li> <li>read questions aloud to students</li> <li>Prompt students' responses by posing additional questions.</li> <li>Visual stimulus provided may be modified to maximise student engagement.</li> <li>Sources should be seen and discussed prior to each checkpoint.</li> <li>Students are able to seek assistance from their teacher prior to the exam regarding comprehension and interpretation of sources.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Complete assessment individually.</li> <li>Sources provided may be modified to maximise student engagement.</li> <li>Students are able to seek assistance from their teacher regarding comprehension of questions.</li> </ul>
Aspects of the achievem	ent standard				
explain the significance of an event individual and/or group	/development, an				
identify and describe continuities ar groups in the past and present	nd changes for different				
describe the causes and effects of o	change on society				
compare the experiences of differen	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
describe, compare and explain the different places in different locations scales					
describe how people, places, commare diverse and globally interconnections ov	cted and identify the				
explain the importance of people, in to Australia's democracy and legal	system				
describe the rights and responsibilit and the obligations they may have a recognise why choices about the all	as global citizens				
involve trade-offs  explain why it is important to be info					
consumer and financial decisions identify the purpose of business and					
ways that businesses choose to pro- explain different views on how to re	ovide goods and services				
challenge					
develop appropriate questions to fra	ame an investigation				
locate and collect useful data and ir and secondary sources	nformation from primary				
examine sources to determine their identify different perspectives in the	past and present				
interpret data to identify, describe a patterns and trends, and to infer relevidence to draw conclusions					
and selected phenomena in chrono	sequence information about events, the lives of individuals and selected phenomena in chronological order and represent time by creating timelines				
organise and represent data in a ra large- and small-scale maps, using					
collaboratively generate alternative responses to an issue, use criteria to make decisions and identify the advantages and disadvantages of preferring one decision over others					
reflect on their learning to propose a issue or challenge and describe the proposal					
present ideas, findings, viewpoints a range of communication forms that materials, mapping, graphing, command discipline-specific terms	incorporate source				



### Australian Curriculum: Health – Year 5 to 6: Year Level Band Plan

#### **ACHIEVEMENT STANDARD**

By the end of Year 6, students investigate developmental changes and transitions. They explain the influence of people and places on identities. They recognise the influence of emotions on behaviours and discuss factors that influence how people interact. They describe their own and others' contributions to health, physical activity, safety and wellbeing. They describe the key features of health-related fitness and the significance of physical activity participation to health and wellbeing. They examine how physical activity, celebrating diversity and connecting to the environment support community wellbeing and cultural understanding.

Students demonstrate fair play and skills to work collaboratively. They access and interpret health information and apply decision-making and problem-solving skills to enhance their own and others' health, safety and wellbeing. They

perform specialised movement skills and sequences and propose and combine movement concepts and strategies to achieve movement outcomes and solve movement challenges. They apply the elements of movement when omposing and performing movement sequences.

ndicates Physical Education

CURRICULUM	YEAR 5		YEAR 6	
	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 2	Unit 4
Unit name	Emotional interactions	Healthy habits	Let's all be active	Transitioning
Unit description	In this unit, students recognise that emotions and behaviours influence how people interact. They understand that relationships are established and maintained by applying skills. Students will identify practices that keep themselves and others safe and well.	In this unit, students explore the concepts of health and wellbeing and the importance of healthy habits as a preventative measure. They identify good habits and how they contribute to overall health and wellbeing.	In this unit, students investigate how physical activity creates opportunities for different groups to work together. Students identify how physical activity contributes to individual and community wellbeing. Students collect information on physical activity participation in their school setting and explore how technology can support participation in physical activity.	In this unit, students explore the feelings, challenges and issues associated with making the transition to secondary school. They devise strategies to assist them in making a smooth transition.

				pnysical activity.	
ASSESSMENT		YEAR 5 YEAR 6			AR 6
		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
Range and	Description	Emotional interactions  Students recognise the influence of emotions on behaviours and discuss factors that influence how people interact. They describe their own and others' contributions to health, safety and wellbeing, and demonstrate skills to work collaboratively.	Healthy Habits  Students describe their own and others' contributions to health and wellbeing. Students access and interpret health information, and apply problem-solving skills to enhance their own and others' health and wellbeing.	Let's all be active  Students describe the significance of physical activity to health and wellbeing, to describe their own and others' contributions to safety and wellbeing. Students examine how physical activity, celebrating diversity and connecting to the environment support community wellbeing	Transitioning  Students investigate developmental changes and transitions, and explain the influence of people and places on identities as they transition to secondary school. Students recognise the influence of emotions and discuss factors that influence how people interact in new situations.
balance of summative assessment	Mode	Assignment/project	Informative response	and cultural understanding.  Assignment/Project Health	Research and role play
conventions	Conditions	Open Conditions  complete the written activities individually perform a role-play in a group  consult with the students should they choose to devise their own scenario allocate three sessions to complete the assessment and perform the role-play in front of other groups have a whole-class discussion with the students regarding the task and possible answers	Open Conditions  undertaken individually choose one healthy habit provided and write an informative response three written paragraphs or could be presented as an oral presentation (negotiated task)	Open Conditions  undertaken individually follow guidelines for game development on assessment task must use minimal equipment that is readily available developed game must include all students safety elements must be considered	Open Conditions  • part A: undertaken individually  • two part assessment – research and role-play
Aspects of the standard	achievement				
investigate developmen transitions	ntal changes and				
explain the influence of identities	people and places on				
recognise the influence behaviours and discuss how people interact					
describe their own and to health, physical activ wellbeing					
describe the key feature fitness and the significa participation to health a	nce of physical activity				
examine how physical a diversity and connecting support community well understanding	g to the environment				
demonstrate fair play as collaboratively	nd skills to work				
access and interpret he apply decision-making a skills to enhance their o safety and wellbeing	and problem- solving				
perform specialised mo sequences and propose movement concepts an movement outcomes ar challenges	e and combine d strategies to achieve				
apply the elements of m composing and perform sequences					



## Australian Curriculum: Design and Technologies - Year 5 & 6 Band level plan

**Achievement Standard** 

CURRICULUM

	sustainability. They describe how design and technologies contribute to meeting present and future needs. Students explain how the features of technologies impact on designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts.  Students create designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts suitable for identified needs or opportunities. They suggest criteria for success, including sustainability considerations, and use these to evaluate their ideas and designed solutions. They combine design ideas and communicate these to audiences using graphical representation techniques and technical terms. Students record project plans including production processes. They select and use appropriate technologies and techniques correctly and safely to produce designed solutions.	
	Year 5	
	Semester Two	Semester One
	Unit 1	Unit 2
Unit name	Harvesting Good Health	Hands Off!
Unit description	In this unit students will explore how competing factors and technologies influence the design of a sustainable service which provides a plant for the preparation of a healthy food product	In this unit students will investigate how electrical energy can control movement, sound or light in a designed product or system. They will design a solution to an environment's security need and make a prototype electrical device that is part of the solution.

By the end of Year 6, students describe competing considerations in the design of products, services and environments, taking into account

ASSESSMENT		Unit 1	Unit 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Description	Students will design a service that provides an edible plant that can be used to create a healthy food product.  The service will involve the design of the plant's:  • packaging  • fact sheet	Students will design a solution to an environment's security need and make an electrical device that is part of the solution.
	Mode	Portfolio	Portfolio
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	<ul> <li>Assessment should be implemented progressively through the unit, with each activity completed close to the relevant learning</li> <li>Topic outlines include assessment checkpoints that suggest appropriate times to complete each part of the assessment.</li> <li>Teachers can decide whether students work individually or cooperatively in groups.</li> <li>Although the assessment focuses on the provision of a service, teachers may decide to provide students with the opportunity to participate in the preparation of their healthy food product.</li> <li>The portfolio may include: <ul> <li>notes and sketches</li> <li>checklists</li> <li>observational records</li> <li>photos</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The assessment task for this unit is organised into three parts:         <ul> <li>Part A: Analyse electrical design</li> <li>Part B: Design a secure environment</li> <li>Part C: Make an electrical device</li> </ul> </li> <li>Assessment of the unit is a portfolio which will include:         <ul> <li>a project journal (this may be an exercise book in which responses are written and drawn; a digital folio including multimedia responses; or an alternative format)             <ul> <li>a constructed prototype electrical device</li> <li>observation records of production skills</li> </ul> </li> <li>The portfolio may also contain other items which may be used for monitoring or additional assessment of student progress such as:         <ul> <li>notes from student consultations</li> <li>activities and sheets completed throughout the unit</li> <li>photos of students at work</li> </ul> </li> <li>The activities and questions in the assessment task Hands off! Portfolio are provided as activity page headings that may be cut and pasted into the students' project journals</li> <li>Assessment should be implemented progressively through the unit, with each activity completed close to the relevant learning. Topic outlines include assessment checkpoints that suggest appropriate times to complete each part of the assessment</li> </ul></li></ul>
Aspects of the achievement standard			
students describe competing considerations in the design of products, services and environments, taking into account sustainability.  describe how design and technologies contribute to meeting present and future needs  explain how the features of technologies impact on designed solutions for each of the prescribed technologies contexts			
create designed solutions for each of the prescribed te	chnologies		
contexts suitable for identified needs or opportunities suggest criteria for success, including sustainability couse these to evaluate their ideas and designed solution	nsiderations, and		
combine design ideas and communicate these to audiences using graphical representation techniques and technical terms  record project plans including production processes			
select and use appropriate technologies and techniques correctly and safely to produce designed solutions			



## Australian Curriculum: Digital Technologies: Year 5-6 Band level plan

Curriculum		Achievement Standard			
Curriculani		By the end of Year 6, students explain the fundamentals of digital system components (hardware, software and networks) and how digital systems are connected to form networks. They explain how digital systems use whole numbers as a basis for representing a variety of data types.  Students define problems in terms of data and functional requirements and design solutions by developing algorithms to address the problems. They incorporate decision-making, repetition and user interface design into their designs and implement their digital solutions, including a visual program. They explain how information systems and their solutions meet needs and consider sustainability. Students manage the creation and communication of ideas and information in collaborative digital projects using validated data and agreed protocols.			
		Year 5	Year 6		
		Semester One	Semester Two		
		Unit 2	Unit 1		
	Unit name	Data changing our world	A-maze-ing digital designs		
Unit description		In this unit, students will explain how information systems meet local and community needs, represent a variety of data types in digital systems and design and create an interactive spreadsheet and share information ethically.  Students will apply a range of skills and processes when creating digital solutions. They will:  • explore information systems, including systems that deliver community information and explain how they meet needs  • collect, manage and analyse data using a range of software (such as spreadsheets)  • interpret and visualise data to create information  • define problems by considering what the need is, what data is required, who the audience is and how they will interact with the solution, and what features need to be included  • implement a digital solution that automates the processing of user input and presentation of information to solve a defined problem  • apply technical protocols such as devising meaningful file naming conventions and determining safe storage locations to protect data and information.	In this unit students engage in a number of activities, including:  • investigating the functions and interactions of digital components and data transmission in simple networks, as they solve problems relating to digital systems  • following, modifying and designing algorithms that include branching and repetition  • developing skills in using a visual programming language within a maze game context  • working collaboratively to create a new maze game.  Students will apply a range of skills and processes when creating digital solutions. They will:  • define problems by identifying appropriate data and functional requirements  • design a user interface, considering design principles  • follow, modify and design algorithms using simple statements, relating particular programming language statements (steps and decisions) to actions in the game  • implement their game using visual programming  • evaluate how well their solutions meet needs  Plan, create and communicate ideas within a collaborative project, and apply agreed protocols when negotiating, providing feedback, developing plans and sharing online.		
Assessment		Unit 2	Unit 1		
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1		
	Description	Students explain how information systems meet needs. Students represent a variety of data types in digital systems. Students design and create an interactive spreadsheet and share information ethically.	Students describe digital systems and their components and explain how digital systems connect together to form a network. Students create a maze game using the skills of defining, designing, implementing using visual programming, managing and evaluating.		
	Mode	Portfolio	Portfolio		
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions  Conditions		There are three parts to the assessment task:  Part A: Explain how information systems meet local and community needs.  Part B: Represent a variety of data types in digital systems.  Part C: Design and create an interactive spreadsheet and share information ethically.  Assessment of the unit will take the form of a portfolio that will include:  written responses to questions in the assessment task  a spreadsheet file that contains data validation tools and includes interactive features such as drop-downs to assist users to enter data for a read-a-thon  an infographic that shares information about a lifetime of reading  observation checklists or other evidence collected by the teacher	<ul> <li>The assessment is divided into two parts:         <ul> <li>Part A: Digital systems</li> <li>Part B: Create a maze game</li> <li>Both parts involve individual and collaborative elements.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The assessment can be completed at the end of the unit when the learning topics have been completed. Alternatively, assessment can be completed progressively throughout the unit. Suggested checkpoints for completing the assessment appear in the topic outlines. Teachers may choose to provide formative feedback and give students the opportunity to refine their work before moving to the next stage.</li> </ul> <li>The assessment task A-maze-ing digital designs: Portfolio has been provided for students to present evidence that aligns with the Years 5–6 Band for Digital Technologies. The Guide to making judgments assists teachers to consider quality of the student response against the achievement standard.</li> <li>The model response includes assessment task A-maze-ing digital designs: Creating a-maze-ing digital designs — Model response (video) of a completed sample visual programming maze game and assessment task A-maze-ing digital designs: Portfolio — Model response showing teacher generated answers to the questions in the assessment task.</li> <li>The assessment task A-maze-ing digital designs: Portfolio — Suggested marking guide for maze game solution contains further advice to assist teachers to evaluate the game.</li>		
Aspects of the achievement standard explain the fundamentals of digital system components					
(hardware, software and networks) and how digital systems are connected to form networks explain how digital systems use whole numbers as a basis for representing a variety of data types					
define problems in terms of data and functional requirements and design solutions by developing algorithms to address the problems incorporate decision-making, repetition and user interface design into their designs and implement their digital solutions, including a visual program explain how information systems and their solutions meet needs and consider sustainability manage the creation and communication of ideas and information in collaborative digital projects using validated data and agreed protocols					



### Australian Curriculum: Visual Arts — Years 5 to 6 Band Plan

2019 CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard	
	By the end of Year 6, students explain how ideas are a describe the influences of artworks and practices from Students use visual conventions and visual arts practice demonstrate different techniques and processes in pladisplay of artworks enhances meaning for an audience	different cultures, times and places on their art making.  ces to express a personal view in their artworks. They inning and making artworks. They describe how the
	YEAR 5	YEAR 6
	SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1
	Unit 1	Unit 1
Unit name	The animal within	The animal within
Unit description	In this unit, students will focus on representation of animals as companion, metaphor, totem and predator.	In this unit, students will focus on representation of animals as companion, metaphor, totem and predator.

ASSESSMENT		YEAR 5	YEAR 6
		SEMESTER 2	SEMESTER 1
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Description	Students explore artists' use of animal representations and relationship to environment as inspiration for a sculptural artwork.	Students explore artists' use of animal representations and relationship to environment as inspiration for a sculptural artwork.
Range and balance of summative	Mode	Collection of work	Collection of work
assessment conventions		Undertaken individually	Undertaken individually
	Conditions	To be completed in a number of supervised sessions	To be completed in a number of supervised sessions
		Length of written responses: 50–300 words	Length of written responses: 50–300 words
Aspects of the achievement standard			
Explain how ideas are represented in artworks they make and view.			
Describe the influences of artworks and practices from different cultures, times and places on their art making.			
Use visual conventions and visual arts practices to express a personal view in their artworks.			
Demonstrate different techniques and processes in planning and making artworks.			
Describe how the display of artworks enhances meaning for an audience.			





## Australian Curriculum: Drama — Years 5 to 6 Band Plan

2019 CURRICULUM	Achievement Standard		
	By the end of Year 6, students explain how dramatic acmake, perform and view. They explain how drama from own drama making.		
	Students work collaboratively as they use the elements of drama to shape character, voice and movement in improvisation, playbuilding and performances of devised and scripted drama for audiences.		
	YEAR 5 YEAR 6		
	SEMESTER 1 SEMESTER 1		
	Unit 2	Unit 1	
Unit name	My Hero	Natural Disasters	
Unit description	In this unit, students make and respond to drama by exploring drama from different cultures, time and places in Europe and North America as stimulus.	In this unit, students make and respond to drama, exploring the impact of natural disasters on communities including stories and accounts as stimulus.	
	Students will:	Students will:	
	explore dramatic action, empathy and space in improvisations, playbuilding and scripted drama around ideas related to the interconnections between people and the environment to develop characters and situations	explore dramatic action, empathy and space in improvisations, play-building and scripted drama to develop characters and situations in response to stimulus of earthquakes, volcanoes, cyclones and floods	
	develop skills and techniques of voice and movement to create character, mood and atmosphere, and focus dramatic action	develop skills and techniques of voice and movement to create character, mood and atmosphere, and focus dramatic action	
	rehearse and perform devised and scripted drama that develops narrative, drives dramatic tension, and uses dramatic symbol, performance styles and design elements to share community and cultural stories (including those of Europe and North America) and engage an audience	rehearse and perform devised and scripted drama that develops narrative, drives dramatic tension, and uses dramatic symbol, performance styles and design elements to share community and cultural stories about the impact of natural disasters and engage an audience	
	explain how the elements of drama and production elements communicate meaning by comparing drama from different social, cultural and historical contexts.	explain and compare how the elements of drama and production elements communicate meaning in drama about the impact of events (including natural disasters) in different communities.	

ASSESSMENT		YEAR 5	YEAR 6
		SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
		Summative assessment task 1	Summative assessment task 1
	Description	Students devise, perform and respond to drama based on the style of melodrama.	Students devise, perform and respond to a documentary drama.  Partner Unit – Year Six Science – Unit 3
			Partner Unit – Year Six Science – Unit 3
	Mode	Collection of work	Collection of work
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Conditions	<ul> <li>Undertaken in groups</li> <li>Length:</li> <li>Making — Devising: 15–30 seconds</li> <li>Responding: 50–300 words</li> <li>Making — Performing: 1–2 minutes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Undertaken individually and in groups</li> <li>Individual contributions assessed in collaborative tasks</li> <li>Stimulus material provided prior to assessment</li> <li>Making — Devising: devised group scene — approximately two minutes</li> <li>Making — Performing: performance of devised drama — approximately two minutes</li> <li>Responding: written — approximately 300 words</li> </ul>
Aspects of the achievement standard			
Explain how dramatic action and meaning is communicated in drama they make, perform and view.			
Explain how drama from different cultures, times and places influences their own drama making.			
Work collaboratively as they use the elements of drama to shape character, voice and movement in improvisation, playbuilding and performances of devised and scripted drama for audiences.			

